THE MONETARY AGITATION.

Bankers Who Desire More Currency-

How the Manufacturing In-

terests Are Affected.

Affairs of the Union Trust Company-Explana-

tion from Mr. Wesley, the Receiver-A List

of Inaccuracies-Correspondence Be-

tween the President and Vice Pres-

ident-Bank of New York.

There are curious changes from day to day in

local financial prospects. Yesterday the outlook

was quite cheerful. There is calmness in the com-

mercial situation, while the most that can be said

of the Stock Exchange is that the values repre-

the distress of stock values, which now, in the

absence of any power in the street left them,

simply rest upon their comparative value as

dividend-producing securities, or, in other words,

earning investments. In regard to the recurring

reports of difficulties in manufacturing districts

the writer called on Howes & Macy, well known

as largely applied to for the negotiation of paper

from such sources, to get their views upon the

recent suspensions. He was politely received by

Mr. Howes, when the following conversation en-

REPORTER-Mr. Howes, I have come to inquire if

recent suspensions in manufacturing

you are willing to give your views on the subject

centres. I understand that you deal largely in

their commercial paper, and, consequently, can

I have not had time to examine carefully into

general principles with any expectation of my

views going into print. Their present difficulties

Mr. Howes-Well, really, we have been so busy

speak understandingly on this matter?

the currency to meet their daily demands.

existing situation to call for alarm?

into circulation there will be revival.

public to correct the impression :-

had made use of his position to divert securities

placed in his possession to his own personal ad-

vantage, the following correspondence is made

NEW YORK, Oct. 27, 1873.
THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF THE BANK OF NEW

YORK, NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATION:—
GENTLEMEN—Owing to the present excited condition of the public mind upon financial affairs I fear that the

the public mind upon mancial analis I fear that the many false rumors respecting myself may prejudice the interests of your bank arising from my connection with its management as vice president. The position, as you all know, is one in which I have faithfully labored for the past ten years, without compensation of any kind,

and without in any way lenefiting myself, pecuniarily or otherwise, by the connection.

I suppose I need not assure you of the utter falsity of all stories or statements projudicial to my character, or

Imputing to me any improper appropriation or diversion of funds or securides within my control under any circumstances, and I have only at present to say with respect to all such false statements that my complete vin-

dication will soon be made manifest.

But under the circumstances, and in view of the neces-

sity of giving all my attention to my private affairs, you must permit me to resign my position as vice president of the bank, and I accordingly tender my resignation, to take effect forthwith. With sentiments of respect I remain, yours, &c.,

JAMES H. BÄNKER.

to your prejudice.

While they recognize the fact that you have never used your position in the bank for your personal advantage, the board refers with great satisfaction to the valuable services you have so leng and ably rendered it.

Yours, with much respect. C. P. LEVERICH, President.

THE BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE UNION

B. Wesley, on being asked yesterday to explain in

reference to the proceedings in bankruptcy insti-

tuted by William R. Siney, said that he had not read the petition to have the company declared

its allegations as were brought to his attention.

He was not aware that Augustus Schell, the Vice President of the company, was in any way indebted

stocks or bonds had been made to any officer

petition concerning a transfer of

the company for the purpose of defraud-ing its creditors. The statement in the

to the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad

referred, of course, to the \$1,800,000 loan, the character and settlement of which had already been

to the petition would be made at the proper time.

Mr. Wesley said that the bankruptcy proceedings resulted, he supposed, from an investigation made

some time ago by a committee claiming to represent the creditors, to whom he gave every facility

for an examination of the books of the company. He did not know the names of the committee, or

whether Mr. Siney was one of the members. In

regard to the alleged overdrafts on the company,

and a published schedule purporting to be a partial list of them, Mr. Wesley said that the matter had

As to the overdraft of C. H. & W. C. Andrews

for \$17,356 04, the debtors were represented to him

which fully covered both the loan and the over-

drait. The overdrafts of the State of Arkansas for

on another, were amply secured by col-laterals. The allegation that "Daniel Torrance

was incorrect, the apparent debtor in this case being the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, which has \$380,000 on deposit in the institution in another account. J. H. Frothingham, who was

alleged to have overdrawn \$4,953 30, did not owe

the company one shilling. Thomas Reed & Co.

who were reported to have overdrawn \$163,435 86.

have suspended payment. Mr. Wesley said that

they had various loans from the company on mis-

celianeous securities, amounting to \$232,000. In

order to cover these, an individual account had

peen opened for the firm, and the whole amount charged to Thomas Reed & Co. As fast as the

securities are negotiated the amount is credited to

MR. WESLEY'S OVERDRAFT.
The overdraft assigned to Mr. Wesley himself.

amounting to \$157,447 94, consisted, he said, of the

money and accounts received by the company since the suspension and charged to him as re-ceiver, he crediting the same to the company upon

his books. Other overdrafts mentioned were fully

secured by government bonds. Mr. Thompson, a bookkeeper referred to by Mr. Wesley in making these statements, said that after taking from the

list of overdrafts all the large amounts which were

satisfactorily accounted for it was possible that ten

WHAT THE PRESIDENT SAYS.

THE MOTION IN THE SUPREME COURT.

A motion was made in SupremetCourt, Chambers, yesterday, before Judge Barrett, for a writ of man-

damus in behalf of William Cheeney, compelling

the Union Trust Company, as registering agent of the Lake Shore Railroad Company, to transfer on their books \$120,000 worth of stocks from the name of George B. Grinnell & Co. to that of Cheeney. It appeared that Mr. Cheeney purchased the bonds from the Broadway National Bank, with which they

RFFRCT OF THE PANIC.

A CUSTOMS SEIZURE.

yards in each piece. The cases were consigned to order, and were entered on the manifest as button-

hole trimmings, the consignees thus attempting to

defraud the government. The duty on alpacas is

thirty-five per cent, while that on buttonnole trim-

mings is only ten per cent. The goods seized have been appraised at \$12,000.

Mr. Frothingham, the President of the company,

their account.

associates" had overdrawn \$47,694 50

\$25,419 30 on one account, and \$24,771 66

been greatly exaggerated and misrepresented.

TRUST COMPANY.
The receiver of the Union Trust Company, Mr. E.

JAMES H. BANKER, ESQ. :-

NEW YORK, Oct. 28, 1873.

this condition?

flation of the currency.

delaying the crisis?

THE DODGE & CO. BANKRUPTCY CASE

Counsel-Decision Reserved.

The Matter To Be Inquired Into by the Court Upon Denial Filed by the Respondents.

BUSINESS IN THE OTHER COURTS.

The Shanks habeas corpus case was up for examina. aion again yesterday before Judge Funcher, of the Supreme Court and with the usual attendance of opposing counsel and a targe and interested crowd of speciators. Having finished the preliminary skirmishing, an inquiry into the merits of the case was entered moon, but it had progressed but little way when Judge Fancher had to take his seat on the General Term bench The lestimony taken, Mr. Shanks being one of the witnesses, had reference to the order of commitment under which he was arrested. There are, it will be remembured, two documents, one of which is claimed by one aids, and the other by the other sidel of the order of commillinent. The further hearing was adjourned till the 5th of next month. Meantime Mr. Shanks was allowed to go on his own recognizance.

In the United States District Court yesterday seven-Teen cases of books, imported by George A. Leavitt & Co., which had been selzed at the Custom House for alleged undervaluation, were condemned in default.

In the United States Circuit Court yesterday, Judge Woodruff rendered decisions in the cases of Wheeler vs. McCormick and Aultman vs. Bolby & Pitz. They were suits to recover damages for selling the Sprague Mowing Machine. Decisions in both cases for the plaintiffs, with order of reference to ascertain damages. Mr. Harding for plaintiffs; Mr. Baldwin for defendants.

TRIAL OF TAINTOR.

Continuation of the Evidence for the Prosecution-Books and Papers of the Atlantic Bank Produced in Court. The further hearing of the case of Frank L. Taintor, who is indicted for having embezzled over \$400,000, the property of the Atlantic National Bank, was resumed vesterday in the United States Circuit Court, before Judge Benedict and a jury. The District Attorney appeared for the prosecution, and

Mr. A. O. Hall, Mr. J. C. Carter and Mr. John Sherwood

EXAMINATION OF CLARENCE W. BALDWIN. Clarence W. Baldwin was further examined by the District Attorney. He stated that the tickets upon the saith of which entries had been made in the books were preserved in the bank; all such tickets for four or five years past had been preserved. The District Attorney produced to the witness a pile of books which had been comuniti of making those entries:-Thinks the entry in the book under date 17th of April, 1872, is an entry of a payment of \$20,000; it was a special loan to J. W. Bunce which he swere to yesterday; under the date of the lith

he District Afterney was about proving other entries Judge Benedict Interrupted him, asking-"What is District Attorney—They are entered in the book as special leans. They were checks drawn by Taintor.

Judge Senedict—Do you claim that the detendant has mempelled this last \$20,000? Have you proved that he

has taken the money?

District Attorney—Yea, we think we have. I want to connect this with the special loan account.

Judge Benedict—If he took this money and applied it to any improper use that is your case, and what, then, is the use of going through all these books of the bank.

Mr. Hall said he had no objection whatever to the evidware. Judge Benedict-The jury do not want to be taken Mr. Hall-We do not wish to be taxen as wishing to

District Attorney-I want to correct those entries on the book as showing special loans.
Judge Benedlet—This check is drawn to the credit of Grane. You say he got the money? Orane. You say he got the money?

District Attorney—It was given merely for speculation.
The District Attorney then said he would not give any
more of these entries in evidence, but the Court would
understand that he offered in proof the general ledger.

Mr. Hall—Yes, it is in evidence for anything you want
to have proved by it; all that part relating to special

The cross-examination of the witness Baldwin was then taken up by Mr. Hall. Witness said that all the entries which he had been asked about were regular entries; there was nothing out of the way with them; Mr. Southworth, the President of the Bank, had an opportunity of examining the books before Mr. Taintor's saving the bank; credits an the faith of tickets was a common thing in the bank; witness accepted tickets as authority to him to make the entries when such tickets were signed by the president or cashier of the bank.

Mr. Hall offered in evidence checks 973, 977, 1,053, 1,055

Files C. Hay sworn—I am a banker and broker, and was such an April & 1873; I have done stock business for Taintor on his order; I began to do such business for him on April & 1873; before I did so Taintor called on me at my office, and smid that he wanted to open an account with as; he was not satisfied with what other brokers asked for earrying his stocks: I told him that we did not care to open any new accounts; absequently I found that Taintor had opened an account with us while I was in the country, and that stocks had been bought and sold for him; his account continued till he was arrested.

Orces examination—Had some transactions with Taintor in 1868, but no stock transactions that I remember: I then had an account in the Atlantic National Bank; Taintor's account with our firm is closed; it shows a credit on the margin.

William S. Werner deposed that he was a partner in the firm of Hay & Werner: Tanntor deposited with his firm on April 5, 1873, \$25,000 in bank bills as a margin on his account: their books would show what stocks they bought for Taintor.

Cross-examined—I do not think that I knew Taintor as cushior of the Atlantic Bank until a few days after he opened his account with us; he made no secret of doing

L. H. Miles, a banker and stock broker, deposed that he had known Tainter six years; had bought and sold stocks for him on a margin.

The checks referred to in our previous report were shown to witness. He identified them.

Crass-examined—Thinks Tainter was introduced to him by Mr. Southworth, the Fresident of the Atlantic Bank; Mr. Southworth sometimes came to my office with Tainter; he made no concealment of his transactions with me; have taiked to him about them in the Atlantic

Charles E. Strong deposed—Was appointed receiver of the atlantic Bank April 28, 1873; on that day got possession of the bank from Mr. Meigs; found no gold in the bank; I gave a receipt for about \$8,000 worth of gold noise, and I never received any gold from the defendant.

Cross-examined—Took possession of the bank about one o clock, April 28, 1873; the property of the bank was at that time in the hands of Mr. Meigs, who was engaged in removing it.

PARTIMONT OF CHARLES & MEIGH. Charles A. Meigs deposed—On taking possession of the bank I found about \$5.000 in gold and gold notes; there was not \$25,000 in gold and gold notes in the bank when I got possession of it.

Emith Sheldon deposed—I nave been engaged in the publishing business for twenty years; I was a director of the Atlantic Bank; I am acquainted with Taintor, and I received asking him at the Bank, on April 25, 1873, why he had an objection to showing the Presiden: the call losts of the bank; his reply was that he was acting under good advice, that be did not want to show them, but that if the directors assembled he would show his hand; he remarked, "I have ruined the bank, and the Cuaring House Committee will be here in a lew momenta;" to this I replied, "What do you mean, Mr. Tainter? you surprise me beyond measure, and I am at a loss to know what to make of it all;" he observed, "I have acted on my own responsibility in this matter, and the directors had nothing to do with it."

Cross-cammined—I had been Vice President of the hank for about one year.

Counsel for defence here sought to prove the circum-

counsel for defence here sought to prove the circumstance of the bank surroundings of the prisoner during the time covered by the alleged offence.

The District Attorney objected.

Judge Benedict infurmed the jury that as this matter now under discussion was one of law it did not require their attendance, and he would discharge them until

this morning.

The jury were accordingly discharged.

Mr. J. U. Carter, on the part of the defendant, urged that Taintor never intended to commit a fraud upon the hank, but that he had done what he conceived to be for

its best interests.

The Judge reserved his decision, and the Cours adjourned until to-day.

BANKRUPTCY.

Petition Against Dodge & Co .- Answer and Dental-The Matter To Be In.

for \$3,881 26; that the said debtors, being bankers, brokers, merchants and manufacturers, suspended more than fourteen days since the payment of their commer-cial paper—to wit, the notes in question—and have not

The consideration of the notes is charged to be money

The notes so made and endorsed were thereupon passed for value to the Marchanis' National Bank of Newark. N. J., before maturity, and were held by the bank when due, and were by the same bank duly presented for payment and duly professed for non-payment, and were then passed by the bank for value to the petitioner, who now claims to be the owner and holder of the notes.

It is stated in the petition that the defendants were copariners in business and were jointly and severally liable on all of the notes.

partners in business and were jointly and severally itable on all of the notes.

On the filing of this paper the usual order to show cause was served upon the defendants, together with injunctions, directing them to refrain from any asle of their property pending the proceedings. Subsequently an order was issued dissolving the injunction as against Oscar Richards, who sets forth in an affidavit that he resides at Sandy Hill, Washington county, in the Northern district of this State; that he has not carried on business in the city of New York for six months prior to the filing of the petition; that so far as no is concerned, the Court has no jurisdiction, and that he has not been in business with any of the parties named in the petition except S. W. Barnard.

It appears that the name of W. E. Dodge, as a debtor. W. Barnard.

It appears that the name of W. B. Dodre, as a debtor, was inserted erroneously in the petition, and, with the consent of the petitioners' solicitor, it was ordered that the name of W. B. Dodge be stricken therefrom.

The remaining defendants put in answers, denying the acts of bankruptev alleged against them, denying that the petitioner is a creditor of them, or either of them, and they pray that this matter may be inquired of by the Court.

Anson G. P. Dodge also denies the act of bankruptcy charged as to him; denies that Ripley is his creditor, or

Anson G. P. Dodge also denies the act of bankraptcy charged as to him; denies that Ripley is his creditor, or a creditor of the firm of Dodge & Co.; and also denies that they have committed any act of bankraptcy, and prays that the matter may be inquired of by the Court.

The whole of this matter has been, by order of Judge Blatchtord, referred to the Clerk, Mr. George F. Betts, to take testimony and report to the Court.

ANOTHER PETITION AGAINST DODGE AND COMPANY.

A petition has been filed by the Broadway National Bank praying that Anson G. P. Dodge, Dexter B. Chambers and William Jay Hunt be declared bankrupts. The defendants carry on business as manufacturers and

defendants carry on business as manufacturers and raders under the firm name of Dodge & Co., and the indebtedness which the petitioner sets up is a promissory note for \$4,864 34, and was for a valuable consideration. Before the maturity of the note it was received by the petitioner in the regular course of business; it is now claimed to be past due, wholly unpaid and held by The clerk in charge in the bankruptcy department of the Court states that no action has been, to his knowledge, taken on this petition.

BUSINESS IN THE OTHER COURTS.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS-TRIAL TERM-PART 1. Two Sides of a Story and Four-Fifths Reduction of Damages. Before Judge Larremore.

Several days since, while Judge Loew was on the bench, the suit of Robert G, Campbell vs. William Richardson, President of the Dry Dock Railroad Company, was called for trial. There was no response on the part of the defendant, and the result was hearing the story of the prosecutor and his witnesses and giving for Mr. the prosecutor and his witnesses and giving for Mr. Campbell a verdict of \$250 damages. This story, owing to its rather peculiar features, was published in full in the Heralp at the time. Mr. Campbell, who kept a hotel in Essex street, was sweeping snow from the sidewalk in front of his place, when Mr. Richardson came along and told him to shovel the snow off the railroad track in front, claiming that he had thrown it there. This Mr. Campbell refused to do, and thereupon Mr. Richardson called a policeman and had him arrested and taken before Judge Shandley, at the basex Market Police Court, when the latter discharged him and let him go. Mr. Campbell wanted \$5,000 damages for alleged malicious arrest and imprisonment. At the trial yesterday he told substantially the same story as at the previous inquisition, imprisonment. At the trial yesterday he told substantially the same story as at the previous inquisition, except that yesterday he swore there was no snow on the track and said that this was his previous testimony. Mr. Joseph L. Blondell, the official stenographer of the Court, read the previous evidence, in which he istated that there was snow on the track, but that he did not throw it there. The defence was that there was good ground for the arrest. The policeman who made the arrest and Judge Shandley both testified that the understanding was that a compromise of the difficulty had standing was that a compromise of the difficulty had been made and that on this account Mr. Campbell was discharged. Judge Larremore made quite an extended charge. The jury were absent but a few moments when they returned with a verdict of \$50 damages for Mr. Campbell.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS. A False Pretence Case.

Before Recorder Hackett. Yesterday, in this Court, Thomas McLaughlin pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with obtaining a was read, is contained in the following communivalued at \$906 79, on the 13th of September, from Wilmerding, Hoguet & Co. It seems that these goods were pur-chased by Mr. C. B. Rouss, in whose employ McLaughlin had been previous to the commission of this offence. His

John C. Miller, charged with stealing a gold watch worth \$34 from Henry Moore on the 17th inst, pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny. Two years in the State Prison was the sentence.

James McGuire pleaded guilty to assaulting Officer
Jeremiah Hyde on the 13th of August, and was sent to the

Larcquies.

A Violation of the Act Regulating the

William L. Becker, a German druggist, was placed at the bar charged with vending poison contrary to a law in a book the woman's address and the object for which she wanted the poison; yet at the Coroner's inquest the defendant produced a piece of paper giving these particulars which his counsel said he intended to paste in a scrap book. His Honor suspended judgment.

Conviction of a Gambling House Keeper. Walker J. Jewell, whose correct name is Volcot D-Jewell, was tried and convicted of keeping a gambling establishment at No. 702 Broadway. Levi Knowles testified that on the 5th and 12th of February last he was "roped" in there and swindled out of \$AM. A witness for the defence and the accused swore that Knowles was missaken. The detendant admitted that he was security for the payment of his brother's rent, who, he admitted, kept a room for that purpose. He was remanded for sen-

Bail Refused to the Alleged Wall Street Forgers-George Wilkes, an Accused

Party, Discharged. The regular business of the Court was suspended for a few moments to permit ex-Recorder Smith, the counsel indictments have been found for forging railroad bonds,

to ask His Honor at what decision he had arrived in reference to the motion previously made to admit the defendants to bail.

Becorder Hackett replied that he had received assurances from the Assistant District Attorney that the testimony against these parties was conclusive: that \$8.0,000 worth of bonds had been issued, upon which a large amount of money had been received, and that if the names of the witnesses were turnished to the counsel the parties implicated had money enough to tamper with them, and thus frustraire the ends of justice. For the present His Honor denied the motion to admit them to Mr. Smith said that George Wilkes was arrested with Roberts and Gleason, but as there was no evidence against him he moved for his discharge.

The District Attorney did not oppose the motion and the Recorder directed that he be discharged.

worth \$30 from Charles Foster on the 7th of this month. The evidence was insufficient to sustain the allegation,

and as the accused proved a good character a verdict of not guilty was rendered.

John Eyan and Frank Stein (youths) were also declared not guilty of the serious crime of robbery. Bernard O'Rorke, residing at 456 Seventh avenue, claimed that on the 14th of October he was attacked by the prisoners and robbed of a watch and chain valued at 340 while he was walking down Seventh avenue. As witnesses swore to the good character of the boys, and as the complainant was under the Influence of liquor at the time, the jury pronounced them innocent.

COURT CALENGARS-THIS DAY. SUPREME COURT-CIRCUIT-Part 1-Held by Judge

Wounesday, November A.

SUPERME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Held by Judge
Fancher.—Adjourned until Wednesday, November A.

SUPERME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Judge Barrett.—
Nos. 122, 123, 252, 167, 170, 30, 33, 89, 94, 130, 143.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERMS—Parts 1 and 2.—AdJourned tor the norm. OUTNED for the term.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS-TRIAL TREMS-Part I.—Held 3619, 3623, 23:6, 23:8, 23:7, 36:0, 1912, 1609.

COUNT OF COMMON PLRAS — EQUITY TERM — Held by Judge J. T. Daly. — Adjourned until Friday.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS— Held by Recorder Hackett. — The People vs. Daniel Murphy, robbery; Same vs. Patrick Callaghan and Michael Doyle, robbery; Same vs. Timothy Conners, robbery; Same vs. Robert McCulling, islonious assault and battery; Same vs. Benjamin Rymersou, mayhem; Same vs. James Maher, burglarv; Same vs. Thomas Sherwood, larceny; Same vs. Bridget Burns, larceny; Same vs. John J. Boyle, larceny; same vs. Michael H. Nolan, larceny from the persou; Same vs. Frederick S. Beck, false pretences: Same vs. Thomas Sadler, false pretences; fame vs. John C. Wallace, misdemeanor; Same vs. William Dish, assault and battery.

BROOKLYN COURTS.

COURT OF SESSIONS.

The Havana Bank Robbery - The Trouble That a Deaf Juror Caused. Before Judge Moore.

The two Cubans, Antonio Inerez Alvarez and Enrique Caceres, who were arrested on a steamer in the lower bay last April, on a charge of having robbed the Com mercial Bank of Havana, from which place they had escaped, were placed on trial yesterday. Caceres was marking clerk and Alvarez transfer clerk of the bank. The testimony on the trial did not reveal any facts in addition to those published repeatedly in the newspapers. When the prisoners were arrested they had money bonds and draits to the value of about \$100,000 in their possession. Though the robbery was not committed in this country the prisoners were rendered liable to indictment by

maired of by the Court-Reference to Commissioner.

There has been filed in the United States District Court a patience by William A. Ripley, of Newark, Essex county, R. J., praying the Court to declare that O. L. White, S. W. Barnard, Ansen G. P. Dodge, William E. Dodge, W. Jay Hunt, R. A. Loveland and Orson Richards have committed acts of bankruptcy. It is alleged in the petition that the claim of the petitionar is founded upon five promissory notes—one for \$2,567 83, another for \$3,735 62, a third for \$5,734 75, a fourth for \$4,967 83, and the fifth for \$3,381 26; that the said debtors, being bankers,

U. S. SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28, 1873. No. 16. United States vs. Gonssen, executrix—arror to had and received by the debtors and employed by them their business as such bankers, brokers, merchants, the Circuit Court for Louisiana.—In this case the government the notes as the circ of New York and at other places.

tems at New Orleans, on which the defendant's testatrix was a surety. The question was whether copies of the reports of the First Auditor's office, as certified by the Comptroller and Commissioner of Customs upon Barrett's accounts and Barrett's own quarterly returns, could be admitted as evidence against the surety. The Court held that they could not be admitted except against the principal, and they were excluded. This Court reverse that judgment, and hold that, under the acts of Congress, the records offered were evidence against the sureties as well as the principal, and that Barrett's returns should have been received as his ad-missions of the offence charged. Mr. Justice Hunt de-

No. 5. Dendelet vs. William Prescott Smith—Error to the Circuit Court for Maryland. This was an affirmance of an assessment made by the defendant in error, as Internal Revenue Assessor, for a deficiency, the Court holding that "It was not obligatory on the officer to notify the delinquent of the particular month for which the assessment was made, but that he could proceed to assess for a gross sum due from the brewer. The brewer says the Court has tull knowledge whether he makes correct returns or not, and where he fails to do so he cannot embarrass the investigation required to be made by the officer by requiring that each month in which there has been error in returns shall be specified and proved. Mr. Justice Bradley delivered the opinion.

No. 21. Boyce vs. Tabb—Error to the Circuit Court for No. 21. Boyce vs. Tabb-Error to the Circuit Court for Louisiana.—This was an action on a note made before the war whose consideration was the price of slaves. The judgment below was that it was not a legal defence to show that the consideration of the note was the price of slaves, and that the sale of the slaves being lawful at the time, no subscript legislation of the state could render it void by impairing the obligation of the contract. This judgment is affirmed here by authority of tormer decisions. Mr. Justice Davis delivered the Moore et al. vs. Robbins-Error to the Supreme No. 2. Moore et al. vs. Kondins—Brior to the Supreme Court of Illinois.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

No. 389. Basse vs. City of Brownsville.—Motion to dismiss postponed until heard on the merits.

No. 46. Ex parte Desmore.—Motion for mandamus

No. 52, Godwin vs. United States-Appeal from the Court of Claims.-This was an action to recover under a Court of Claims.—This was an action to recover under a charter party, whereby the government were to bear the war risk and the owners the marine risk. The vessel was detained by stress of weather, and the owners claiming that the contract was a demise to the United States, sought to recover damages for the delay equal to the amount agreed to be paid per diem for her use. The Court held that under the contract the owners retained court held that under the contract the owners retained possession of the vessel and control of her movements, and that the government had no concern in the matter; and it is here contended that this ruling was error. J. D. Fuller for claimant; Assistant Attorney General

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Appeal from Memphis-Mayor Havemeyer Recommends that Aid Be Extended to the Stricken City-Proposition To Donate \$50,000-The Loan of \$2,500,000 to the Industrial Exposition Company Passed.

Pursuant to a call this Board met yesterday afternoon at half-past three o'clock, President S. H. B. Vance in the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting were partially read and the further reading dispensed with, in order to receive a message from His Honor the Mayor in regard to ex-

AID TO YELLOW PEVER SUFFERERS: -MAYOR'S OFFICE, NEW YORK, OCL 28, 1873.

To the Honorable the Common Council:—
Gentlemen-I have received the accompanying communication from the citizens of Memphis, Tenn., now almost decimated by the ravages or the yeilow lever, with which they have been visited. This calamity, following the exhaustion consequent upon the war, from which that city had scarcely recuperated, has intensified its sufferings, and it now appeals to sister cities for the people and their present condition may be gathered from the petition. I hope that you will find a contribution the petition. from the petition. I hope that you will find a continuous tion within the scope of your powers, and will give the application your earnest consideration, with a view to such relief as the emergency requires, and which may be most efficatious to accomplish it.

WM. T. HAVEMEYER.

To Hon. W. F. HAVEMEYER, Mayor of the City of New Sin—in behalf of the city of Memphis and the thousands of unfortunate victims of the yellow fever scourge, which has and still continues to desolate their homes, and reduced many to absolute want, we would respectfully appeal to the city of New York, through her Board of Council, for aid and relief. By yellow fever and cholera since last June fully 3,000 citizens have died—nearly one-tweltth of the population—equivalent to a mortality of 80,000 people in the great city of New York for the same period. When the city of Chicago had her unprecedented fire calamity, the Memphis City Council appropriated \$10,00 and her citizens subscribed \$20,000 more, aggregating \$33,000, for the unfortunate sufferers of that city.

JAMES H. BANKER, Esq. :DEAR SIE-In answer to your favor of the 27th inst.
tendering to the President and directors of the Bank of
New York your resignation as Vice President, I am directed by the board to say that in accepting it at your
solicitation they do so with regret that circumstances
should have caused you to feel it necessary, and with
entire confidence in your ability to vindicate yourself
from the calumnious rumors which have been circulated
to your prejudice. Cincinnati, by her City Council, has recently appro-priated \$15,000 for the Memphis sufferers, and other cities have made similar contributions; but the distress and suffering is so great not only among the sick and and suffering is so great, not only among the sick and dying, but the widows and orphans also, that the necessity for additional aid is pressing beyond expression. We come therefore, in the name or suffering humanity, realizing our unenviable and humiliating position, but conscious of being in the discharge of duty and relying upon the world wide reputation for benevolence of your great city and her citizens, would respectfully but most earnestly plead for such assistance as may be in your power to render.

We feel confident there is not a man, woman or child in this great city who would not chearfully respond to

in this great city who would not chearfully respond to the necessities of any single individual in this or any toreign land whose claims to humanity should appeal so forcibly as does this object to Christian sympathy and national brotherhood.
In 1867 yellow lever did not disappear from Memphis until the 25th of November, and its ravages now threaten to be prolonged with undiminished mortality, followed by the hopeless infliction of orphanage, destitution and want, scarcely less severe than the dread pestilence itself. Respectfully submitted. Your obedient servants, WM. C. FORD, DAVID P. HADDEN, H. D. BARKLEY.

To this communication was attached clippings from Memphis papers stating the ravages of the disease and asking for aid. The following resolution was then offered for adoption by Alderman Morais:—

Resolved. That the communication from His Honor the Mayor be received and printed in the minutes: that the message and accompanying appeal of the people of Memphis, Tenn., be transmitted to His Honor the Mayor, as President of the Board of Apportionment, with the request endorsed thereon that he immediately convene the said Board of Apportionment, and on behalf of the people of the city of New York appropriate as a donation to the stricken people of Memphis the sum of \$50,000. It was unanimously adopted and greatly ap-plauded by those outside of the railings.

THE INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION PEOPLE IN CLOVER. authorizing the city to loan to the Industrial Exposition Company \$2,500,000, the same to be secured by bond and mortgage on the ground owned that two members of the Board were absent, and the Board took a recess for twenty minutes. On its reassembling all the members were present, when a few unimportant measures were acted

Order No. 227%, which provides for the above appropriation. On cailing the yeas and nays the resident voted "no." Aldermen Billings, Kehr, Clausen, Fianagan, Lysaght, McCafferty, Van Schaick, Cooper, Ottendorfer, Reilly and Monheimer voted in favor of the resolution. Aldermen CLAUSEN and MCCAPPERTY spoke at length on this subject. The former based his approval of the measure on the fact that it would greatly enhance the value of real estate, and, urthermore, that it will give employment to hundreds and thousands of laborers. Alderman OTTENDORFER likewise spoke on the

resolution, and wished to be excused from voting. The request was refused, and he voted aye. The vote was announced and stood 12 in the affirmative and 3 in the negative—the latter being Aldermen After transacting some other unimportant business the Board adjourned, to meet on Thursday,

A CASE OF NEGLECTED MERIT.

of every cause that commends itself to the wisdom and the virtue of our people, I am sure I can ask

I am a warm admirer of Thomas Nast. Since the papers in the bankruptcy proceedings Monday days of Hogarth we have had no such satirist. He night. The petition in the case, he asserted, was by birth, he breathes the true American spirit and the company with the object of defrauding its shows what the German character will evolve when | creditors, and no attempt had been made to conservices to the cause of liberty-how he made war certain. No meeting of the trustees was held upon Andrew Johnson and stood by Grant? Re- yesterday. member his fight on Tammany, at a time when he had only to say the word and William M. Tweed would have paid him \$100,000 to leave the country. Remember also his services in the last canvassthe strength he showed against Greeley-and you will unite with me in saying he is a man who deserves well of his adopted country.

Yet, sir, this wonderful man is only another evi-

were pledged by Grinnell & Co. before going into bankruptcy, and that the transfer of the stocks was refused owing to the doubtfulness of a purchaser's title under the circumstances. The dedence of neglected genius! Although refusing Tweed's bribes, he received no increased pay from the Harpers. That firm, rich as it is, and having cision of the Court was reserved. in Nast a man who founded their fortunes, ground A prominent banker said yesterday that the late him down to the dust. The republican party, panic swept away almost every unsound concern on the street; that not a house but lost from fifty which could make a Collector out of Mr. Murphy and a Minister out of Mr. Kramer, could do nothto two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and that the feeling of confidence is not yet restored, nor will it be for some time. ing for this noble soul. After the election was over some republicans who knew Nast's value proposed to give him a solid token of reward. The President was anxious to have it done. But no-Deputy Surveyor Brainerd Howell and Inspector the money could not be raised. The orange was George Klink yesterday morning seized from on squeezed. The artist had done his work, and this board the steamship Scotia, of the Cunard line, poor young man of genius is now compelled to five large cases of valuable goods. When taken to wander over America like a showman and make the Custom House seizure room they were exspeeches and draw pictures on blackboards for a amined by J. R. Dillon, and found to contain, in each case, sixty pieces of black silk alpaca, fifty

living to support his family. lappeal to you, Mr. Editor, whether something cannot be done for this deserving man. I am sure his countrymen will only want to know his condition to rise up as one man and do him honor.

REAL ESTATE MATTERS.

Near Opening of the Harlem and Portchester Railroad-A New Avenue to Westchester County-Schedule of the Road's Influence-Current Transac-

The principal item of interest in connection with real estate movements, which are at present centred in Westchester county, comes now from the Harlem and Portchester Railroad Company, who make the following representation of their ability to help the value of property :-

THE LOWER TERMINUS OF THE ROAD is on the Westchester side of the Harlem River, a short distance south of Harlem bridge, and opposite the Second avenue of this city, where the company has secured a valuable tract of land having a frontage of more than a thousand feet along the river. thousand feet along the river.

On the margin of the river a substantial dock, nine hundred feet long, has been constructed, and upon it a passenger and treight depot, three hundred teet long and the thirty feet wide, has been nearly completed. Passengers will be able to pass through the depot from the trains to the steamers without exposure.

A spacious engine house and car shed have been erected on the premises, and the grounds will soon be covered with tracks for the different passenger and traight trains. eight trains. It is intended to transfer the freight cars from the road to barges or steamers and thence to other railroads with-out breaking bulk, thereby saving time and expense.

The whole length of the new railroad, from Harlem River to its junction with the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, at New Rochelle, is twelve and one-quarter miles, while the distance between the Har-lem liver and New Rochelle, by the present route, by way of Williamsbridge and Mount Vernon, is twelve and quarter miles. tracks for the new road are laid for the entire length, and the only impediment to the immediate open-ing of the line is at the bridge across Pelham Bay. The centre pier will be completed at or before the end of this week, when the draw will be replaced in position, and it is authoritatively announced that the road will certainly nened for public travel by the 15th of next mouth. The road has been built in the most thorough and sub-stantial manner with double track, steel rails and broken

road will have an opportunity of using either route to and from the city at a very slight advance on the present rates. Local fares on the new road will be three cents Negotiations are now in progress with one of the steam-boat lines for the transportation of passengers and freight between the depot of North New York, north side of the Harlem River, and the lower part of the little the Harlem River, and the lower part of the city. THE STATIONS, The first station above the Harlem River dock will be between 135th and 136th streets, and known as Port Morarise wholly from the scarcity of currency. They

ris station, a distance of one and one-fifth of a mile.

The second station will be at the intersection of the have large stocks on hand, but in the meantime railroad with Hunt's Point road, one mile and two-thirds above Port Morris station, and will be known as Hunt's are unable to market them for cash or procure Point station.

The third station east of the Harlem River will be the town of West Chester, opposite the village of West Farms, one mile and a quarter above Hunt's Point, and will be known as West Farms station.

The fourth station will be in the village of West Chester, one mile and one-third east of the West Farms deposit and will be known as West Chester to the West Farms. REPORTER-Have you thought of a remedy for Mr. Howes-The simple remedy is a further in-REPORTER-Do you not think that this is simply depot, and will be known as West Chester station.
The firth station will be in the town of West Chester, two miles east of the village of that name, and will be Mr. Howes-I do, but I thought your question pointed to immediate relief. Time only can bring known as the Baychester station.

The sixth station will be in the town of Pelham, oppoabout a real remedy for the present condition of site Lity Island road, one mile east of Baychester, and will be known as Bartow station.

The seventh station east of Harlem River will also be REPORTER-Do you think there is anything in the The seventh station east of Harlem River will also be in the town of Pelham, one mile and a half above Bartow and two miles below New Rochelle, and will be known as Pelham Manor station.

The new road will be operated by the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, under a lease from the Harlem River and Portchester Railroad Company. It will be known as the Harlem River Branch of the New Haven Railroad. Mr. Howes-No sir, no alarm; there may be distress, temporarily, but with the reflux of currency THE VICE PRESIDENT OF THE BANK OF NEW YORK. Reports having gone' abroad that Mr. James H. Banker, Vice President of the Bank of New York,

The important announcements for the week now remaining are the sale on Wednesday, by James M. Miller, at the Exchange, of 100 lots on Washington Heights, known as the Barney Bowers tract. As a thoughtful investment this is one of the best rings of the season. On Saturday Jere. Johnson, Jr., will hold his closing suburban auction sale at White Plains, when he will offer 200 eligible village lots, finely located on the Tarrytown road, and but five min-

utes walk from the railroad station. There will be a free excursion, collation, music and balloon Yesterday's Sales. attendance at the Exchange salesroom ve terday was moderate, and the legal sales announced were adjourned. The only sale made was by James M. Miller, by order of the executors of the late Margaret Gale, of two lots, 50x100, on the

northwest corner of Ninth avenue and Eighty-ninth street, for \$12,000. NYACK (N. Y.) PROPERTY BY A. J. MATTHEWSON. The auction sale of real estate held by A. J. Mathewson & Son, on the premises, at Nyack, N. Y., on Saturday last, resulted in the sale of the following property:-

Manafield villa, s. c. cor. Piermont and Washington avs. \$17,500
Katrina Cottage and plot on rear of above. 4.800
2 lots in rear, adjoining, 100x125. 3,950
2 lots in. w. cor. Piermont and Washington avs. 6,075 2 lots adjoining, 100x198. lots adjoining, 300x 160..... lot a c. cor. Washington av. and Breadway, 100x

1 lot adjoining, 77x196.
1 lot n. e. corner Chase and Cornelius avs., 25x100...
4 lots adjoining, 1:0x100
2 lots s. s. Mansfield Bailroad depot, 50x45......
1 lot s. w. corner Elizabeth place and Broadway, 180x120.
1 lot n. w. corner Elizabeth place and Broadway, 180x120. 1 lot n. c. corner Cornelius av. and Broadway, 120x 1,575 lor s. e. corner Cornelius av. and Broadway, 120x

COMPTROLLER'S RECEIPTS.

Comptroller Green reports the following amounts paid yesterday into the treasury :- From Receiver of Taxes—Taxes of 1873, \$396,812; taxes of 1872, arrears of personal tax, \$2,319; Croton water arrears, \$183; total \$399,316. Bureau of Arrears-Arrears \$6,227. Bureau of City Revenue-Market rents and fees, house rent and interest on bond and mortgage, \$1,047. Bureau of Collector of Assessmentstreet openings, improvements and interest, \$685. Bureau of Water Registrar-Croton water rents and penalties, \$3,469. Bureau of Water Purveyor— Permits to build vaults, \$1,692. Mayor's Second Marshal—Licenses, \$215. Total, \$412,653.

COMPTROLLER'S PAYMENT. Comptroller Green paid yesterday the laborers on Boulevard and avenues to 18th inst., \$30,504.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

BARCLAY—WRIGHT.—On Tuesday, October 28, by the Rev. Dr. Montgomery, D. D., HENRY A. BARCLAY, of Astoria, L. I., to CLARA.O., daughter EWALD—BERTRAND.—On Wednesday, October 22, at the residence of the bride, by the Rev. F. W. Geissenheimer, Mr. WILLIAM H. EWALD, of Jersey City, to Miss Carrie Berthand, of this city. No

HASKINS-BURT .- On Tuesday, October 28, at Broadway Tabernacle church, by Rev. William M. Taylor, D. D., Rev. R. W. Haskins, of Derry, N. H., to Maria Burt, of this city.

King-McAdam.—On Thursday, October 23, 1873, by Rev. J. M. Pullman, William H. King to Cora

Levison—Smith.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, October 23, at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. Wm. Ives Budington, Chancellor G. Levison to Marie Louise, youngest daughter of the late Aifred C. Smith. No cards. MORRIS-DAVIS,—At the residence of the bride's mother, on Wednesday, October 22, 1873, by Rev. B. Abbott, William H. Morris, of Astoria (Long sland City), to EMMA L. DAVIS, of New Canaan,

TAFF-TAYLOR .- At Christ church, Rye, N. Y., on Thursday, October 23, 1873, by the Rev. William Tattock, of Stamford, Conn., SUMMERFIELD TAFF, of Stamford, Conn., to FLORENCE J. TAYLOR, New York, fourth daughter of the late Adelaide B. and John C. Taylor.

ACKER,—On Monday, October 27, HIRAM SLOTE ACKER, oldest son of Jacob and Jeanett Ann The iuneral will take place this (Wednesday) at half-past ten o'clock, from the dence of his parents, 1,088 Second avenue. The relativesand friends of the family are respectfully nwited to attend BRAYNARD.—At Harlem, on Sunday, October 26, 1873, FRANCES, widow of Thomas L. Braynard,

aged 59 years and 24 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 147 East 121st street, on Wednesday, October 29, at eleven o'clock A. M. Canavan, aged 24 years, 5 months and 11 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of the Sodanty of the Queen of Angels, of St. Francis Xavier's College, are respectfully invited to attend the juneral, from the residence of is parents, 446 Eleventh avenue, this (Wednesday) ternoon, at one o'clock.

Dublin papers please copy. Chabert.—On Monday, October 27, EUGENE F. M. CHABERT, in the 52d year of his age.

Funeral services will take place at his late residence, No. 61 Murray street, this (Wednesday) afternoon, October 29, at two o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend.
Conn.—On Tuesday, October 28, Lorra, only
child of Sol. A. and Fannie Cohn, aged 16 months.
Funeral from her late residence, 135 East Seventy-ninth street, on Thursday morning, at nine

CONNELL.—On Monday, October 27, FRANKLIN EUGENE, eldest son of Nicholas O. and Sarah J. Connell, aged 18 years, 1 month and 27 days.

The friends of the iamily are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, on Wednesday mornng, October 29, at ten o'clock, from the residence of his father, No. 217 Monroe street, from thence to St. Mary's church, corner of Grand and Ridge CRAIN .- OR Tuesday, October 28, MARY ANN.

vited to attend the runeral, at ner late rendence 388 Cherry street, on Thursday, at two o'clock

DENNISON,—At New Brunswick, N. J., on Monday, October 27, 1873, Mrs. Mary A. Dennison (formerly Notice of inneral hereafter. GARVIN.—On Monday, October 27, JOHN S. GAR-

VIN, eldest son of John P. and Ellen E. Garvin, in the 34th year of his age.
Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, October 29, at half past one, from his late residence, \$3 West Washington place.
GILBERT.—On Monday, October 27, Louis C., only son of Henry E. and Roxana M. Gilbert, aged 23 The relatives and friends of the family, members of Washington Lodge, 21; Washington and Union chapters, R. A. M., are invited to attend the funeral.

from his late residence, on Thursday, 30th inst., at HAYNES. -In Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday, October 28, Cornella B., widow of Jesse R. Haynes.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the juneral, from the esidence of her mother, Mrs. Ellen Brown, No. 316 Halsey street, near Tompkins avenue, on Friday, October 31, at two o'clock. Hill.—On Monday, October 27, at his residence, 244 Floyd street, Brooklyn, Daniel Hill, in the 79th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, as above, on Monday, October 29, at two o'clock.

IVES .- On Monday, October 27, FREDERICK GEORGE, son of Howard and S. Anna Ives, aged year and 24 days. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, at the residence of his parents, 16 East 129th street, this day (Wednesday), at halfpast one o'clock P. M. Train leaves Grand Central depot at 1:05 P. M.; returning leaves Harlem at 2:45 P. M. KELLY.—On Monday, October 27, ANNIE KELLY. daughter of Mary and Joseph Kelly, aged I year.

The friends and relatives of her parents are rejuested to attend the funeral. at two o'clock P. M., me ballast, at a cost of nearly \$2,000,000.

t is probable that commuters on the New Haven Ball-Wednesday, October 29, from the residence of her father, No. 356 West Fortleth street. KIERNAN .- On Monday, October 27, FRANCIS KIERNAN, aged 79 years. Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the juneral, from his residence, 135 West Eleventh street. KIERSTED .- At Harlem, on Monday night, October 27. EVERETT WETMORE, son of J. B. and Addie Naasson Kiersted, aged 3 years and 5 months. The juneral ceremonies will take place at eight o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, at the First Baptist church, Harlem, Rev. George W. Samson, D. D. pastor. Relatives and triends will please attend

without further invitation.

noon, at two o'clock.

church, Lincoln street,

Ton, in the 42d year of his age.
The relatives and iriends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, October 29, at one o'clock P. M., from his late residence, 10 Bergen street. Brooklyn. LUSH .- At West New Brighton, S. L. October 27. 1873, after a long and painful illness, Resecca, wife of Joseph Lush, aged 32 years. Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the Church of the Ascen-sion, West New Brighton, on Thursday, October 30. at two P. M. Boat leaves New York, foot of Dey street, at one o'clock P. M.
MARA.—On Tuesday, October 28, MARY MARA. widow of John Mara, aged 80 years, anative of the parish of Portumna, county Galway, Ireland. The friends of the family and those of her sons Daniel, John and Patrick, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her som

LAYTON .- On Sunday, October 26, HENRY S. LAY-

MORRIS.—In New York, on Monday, October 27, Patsey Jeppenson, wife of Gouverneur Morris, Morrisania. The friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral, at St. Ann's church, Morrisania, on Wednesday, October 29, at three P. M. Car-riages will be in attendance at Mott Haven station to meet the 2:30 Harlem train from Grand Central station, at Forty-second street.
MOUNTJOY.—In this city, on Monday, October 27, BARBARA MOUNTJOY, WICOW Of Thomas Mountjoy,

John, 505 East Sixteenth street, on Thursday after-

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the restdence of Mrs. Stringer, No. 198 Railroad avenue, on this (Wednesday) atternoon, at one o'clock.
MINGO.—At Flushing, L. I., on Monday, October 27. JOHN MINGO, in the 53d year of his age. The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday afternoon, October 30, at half-past two o'clock, from Bethel

MULLONE. -On Sunday, October 28, 1873, after a lingering illness, MICHAEL MULLONE, in the 75th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respe fully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 89 Plymouth street, Jersey City, on Wednesday, October 29, at nine o'clock A. M. His remains will be conveyed to St. Peter's church, where solemn high mass of requiem will be offered up for the repose of his soul; thence to St. Peter's Cometers for inversees.

MCCARTHY.—At Bayonne, N. J., on Monday, October 27, Chrissie W. McCarthy, aged 8 years and 6 months. Funeral services will be held at her late residence. on Wednesday, October 29, at half-past twelve o'clock P. M. Train leaves foot of Liberty street at 11:45 A. M., returning at 1:37 P. M. Rela-tives and friends are invited to attend without further notice. McNamara—On Monday, October 27, Masy Catharine beloved daughter of Patrick and Mary

McNamara, aged 4 years. 4 months and 27 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the juneral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, 228 Mulberry street. OSTRANDER.—On Monday, October 27, Maria W., wife of Dr. George A. Ostrander, No. 20 Greene avenue, Brooklyn. The funeral will take place from the Lafayette avenue Presbyterian church (Dr. Cuyler's), on Thursday, October 30, at half-past one o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend without

PARRY .- in this city, on Monday 27th inst., ELLIS PARKY, aged 66 years, and 4 months. The funeral will take place at his late residence, 483 Second avenue, to-day (Wednesday), at one o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend. POLLARD.-A solemn requiem mass will be offered up in St. Peter's church, corner of Hicks and War-ren streets, on Thursday, October 30, at ten A. M., for the month's mind of the deceased, Rev. John H. Pollard.

Clergymen and friends are kindly requested to attend, without further notice. RHODES.—Suddenly, on Saturday evening, October 25, at Montclair, N. J., Julia L., wife of George H. Rhodes, and youngest daughter of the late Austin D. Moore, of Brooklyn, E. D.
Funeral will take place from her late residence.
604 Henry street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, October 29, at half-past one P. M. Preliminary services

will take place at the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. Amasa Lyon, Montciair, N. J., at nine A. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend without further invitation. Train leaves Barciay street lerry at 7:45 A. M.
Providence (R. I.) papers please copy.
RYAN.—At Elizabethport, on Monday, October
27, MARY A. VANFLEET, wife of Patrick Ryan, aged 4 years. Funeral on Wednesday, October 29, at Mechanicsville, Hunterdon county, at two P. M.
SCANLON.—On Monday, October 27, WILLIAM
SCANLON, a native of the parish of Ardcarney, SCALLON, a native of the parish of Ardcarney, county Roscommon, freland, aged 19 years.

The relatives and friends of the family and the members of the Eighteeneh Ward Emerald Guards are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Wednesday, the 29th inst., at one o'clock P. M., from the residence of his parents, 350 East Twen-

tieth street. SLATER.—On Tuesday, October 28, GRORGE W. SLATER, aged 29 years, at his late residence, 350 First avenue. His relatives and friends, &c., and B 176 regi-ment New York Volunteers, are respectfully in-vited to attend the funeral from his late residence, on Thursday, October 30, at one o'clock P. M., without further notice. SMITH .- On Sunday, October 26, of const

SMITH.—On Sunday, October 26, of consumption, Augusta Wademan, widow of Charles W. Smith, in the 45th year of her age.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, October 29, at one o'clock P. M., from her late residence, 340 East Fitty-sixth street.

Siegel.—On Monday, October 27, of typhoid fever, Rachel, beloved wife of William Siegel, and daughter of Fannie and the late Joseph State. daughter of Fannie and the late Joseph Stefel, aged 22 years, 6 months and 3 days.

Relatives and friends of the family, also members of National Lodge, No. 209, F. and A. M., are invised to attend the funeral, from her late residence. No. 10 East Seventy-lourth street, this (Wednesday) morning, October 29, at half-past nine o'clock. HADASSAH LODGE, No. 8, U. O. TREUE SCHWEST ERN.—The members are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of our beloved sister, Rachel W. Siegel, which will take place from her late residence, No. 10 East Seventy-fourth street, between

Madison and Fifth avenues, on Wednesday, the 29th inst., at ten o'clock A. M. KATHRINA EISLER, Secretary. SUGRUE. -On Monusy, October 27, at ten o'clock _ A. M., ANNE SUGRUE, aged 27 years.

Funeral on Wednesday, October 29, at one o'clock A. M., from 128 Union street, Brooklyn. TARLETON.—On Monday, October 27, at Paterson, N. J., Rev. Robert Tarleton, of the New York Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Notice of funeral hereafter. THORNTON .- At her residence, No. 7 Bedford place, Brooklyn, on Sunday, October 26, Mrs. ELIZABETH THORNTON. The funeral will take place from St. Luke's church, Clinton avenue, on Wednesday, October 29, at two o'clock P. M. TEWES .- On Tuesday, October 28, MAGDELENA TEWES, only daughter of E. and B. Tewes, aged 5 years, 8 months and 16 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, corner Fifth and Garden streets, Hoboken, on Thursday, at one o'clock P. Wiff.—On Tuesday, October 28, 1873, CHARLES Wiff, aged 49 years, 9 months and 16 days. The funeral will take place from his late residence, 83 White street, on Thursday, October 30, 1873, at two o'clock P. M.

LIAM WRIGHT, counsellor-at-law, in the 61st year of The relatives and friends of the family are invited CRAIN.—On Tuesday, October 28, Mary Ann, wile of Thomas H. Crain.

The relatives and friends of the family are in-

WRIGHT .- On Monday, October 27, GROBGE WIL-

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

IMPROVEMENT IN STOCKS.

The Financial Status Growing Firmer---Banks Gaining Currency.

THE SUSPENDED MANUFACTURERS

An Explanation of Their Troubles and Their Wants-How Long Will Operatives Have to Wait?

THE SITUATION SUMMED UP.

Covernments Steady-Money Easy-Railroad Bonds Firm--- Highest and Lowest Prices of Stocks.

SILVER BASIS.

WALL STREET. TUESDAY, Oct. 28-5 P. M.

The stock market to-day showed what it would do If left to itself-untrammelled by rumor and released from the dead weight or falsehood. It advanced from % to 3% per cent. There is money to buy shares; there is faith in the situation; there are hundreds waiting to put their capital into the street whenever the "scalpers" are whipped out of the field and legitimate speculation can again proceed. Stocks are low. It is a risk to sell them. Bears are compelled to contend with an improving condition. The financial status is growing stronger every hour. Banks and brokers confess it. The suspension by manufacturers is the result of only an incidental phase of the panic. It occurs not from decrease in demand by the individual, nor from decline in the value of work, but almost entirely from | Bonds

COMPLICATIONS WITH BANKS and jobbers. Long credits have been given. Large stocks have been made. Notes and certified checks had to take the place of currency. Hence there has been no money with which to pay labor. | do. do Yet these very institutions are full of wealth, rep- | pon, i resent in what they possess a certain tangible reality, and practically have done no more in their | do. o estoppal than to imitate the banks of the country. | pon, They are looking to self-protection, and it will not | do., or be many weeks-we might as well say days-before | tered, the same hopeful influences that have forced banks | 1881, to resume payment of currency will compel the 100 % now suspended factories of the country likewise to set in motion the whirr of their machinery, and re-employ the now idle operatives who are won-

THE SITUATION may be summed up in half a dozen words. There | deeme has been an interruption of trade, but without the | was re possibility of pauperism; a check to labor, because | the tot labor is only the representative of currency; a check to currency because of distrust; distrust the values of securities held by banks. The latter, | which therefore, are the corner stone of the situation. The ex and when they begin, as they promise to do, again | year we to pay out currency instead of certified checks, total and to throw money into its usual channels, we \$244,40 shall everywhere see, from the humblest worker to \$194.36 the wealthiest corporation, a return of confidence

* THE SILVER CIRCULATION. The attempt on the part of the government to N. Y. C. introduce silver as a circulating medium is regarded with much interest, because of the singular small sum of \$5. The experiment is already developing its results in an eager demand and a disposition to horde. True, one sees more silver than usual just now, but it is always in men's pockets. They have received it from the barrooms. Barsatisfies the writer that there is little disposition. to part with a substantial value. In fact, silver has begun to take to itself a price, a premium, and | RALES the very scarcity confessed by the Treasury Department has brought it suddenly, and perhaps supply and demand. Much, therefore, as the publie may sympathize with the effort to make silver again a circulating medium, the want of a suffithe same business rules to it that are attached to gold. Paper credit cannot be bolstered by paper promulgations. Somehow and somewhere it must have a solid foundation. Does a promise to pay \$5 in silver to each government creditor make even in silver to each government creditor make even the mortar with which this substructure is to be 700 built? The disbursement of silver at the Treasury Department to-day amounted to \$250, which shows | 200 N Y that fifty creditors each received \$51 If the Bank

The business was so slight as to scarcely deserve 200 comment. We note the following as the latest bids:- | 70 Missouri sixes, 86%; Missouri sixes, Hannibal and St. Joseph 188ue, 85; Tennessee sixes, old, 67%; Virginia sixes, oid, 32; Virginia sixes, new, 35; Virginia sixes, consolidated, 48; Virginia sixes, deferred, 8; Georgia sixes, 55; South Carolina sixes, 24; South Carolina Fund Act, 1866, 12; Louisiana THE UNION TRUST COMPANY.

We have received the following note from Mr.

of England should condescend to announce such a

Daniel Torrance, and have only to add that it is of similar import with other communications made on the same subject. It shows how carelessly the names of parties have been used in order to OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY, NO. 261 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, Oct. 28, 1873.

In the first column of the New York Times of to-day, under the heading, "Partial List of Over-drafts," "Daniel Torrance and associates" are set drafts," "Daniel Torrance and associates" are set down as owing the Union Trust Company \$47,694 52. Regarding the above I have the honor to say that the statement is incorrect. "Daniel Torrance and associates" do not owe, and have never owed, the Union Trust Company one cent.

DANIEL TORRANCE. THE FOREIGN MARKET. Late ocean telegrams report consols steady American securities weak and lower both in Lon-

don and on the Continent, the decline at Amsterdam ranging from 1/2 to 23/2 per cent. At London old '65s declined to 93%, '67s to 96% and new fives to 91. Erie was dull and weak at 30%. The Bank of England rate of discount remains at 7 per cent, but well informed parties assert that it will probably be advanced to-morrow to 7%. The discount rate in the open market for three months' bills is Mentes at Paris are steady at the advance of the morning, to-wit, 57f. 25c. BAILBOAD BONDS. While the market was not active in contrast with

recent conditions, it still exhibits firmness and a good demand on the part of investors who have faith in the future. Every incident of the financial situation points to stronger prices, and it is doubtless only a want of banking facilities that constitates a bar to large transactions. We note the foilowing sales:-

Mich South s f... 101 a — C. C & I C 2d.... 50 a — Un Pac 1st m... 70% a 71 Long Dk bds.bc 30 a — Un Pac 16's inc... 48 a 49 Un Pac 1st m... 71 a — Ot Western 2d m 78 a — Un Pac 7s, 1 g... 65% a — Ohio & M con s I. 85 a — Cen Pac gd bds. 87 a 87% Mil & St P 8's 1st. 165 a — Chi & NW 1st m. 89 a — Tol & Wab 1st... 83 a — Mich So s f bds. 100 a — T. P & W 1st, WD 77% a — Bos, H & E 1st... 20% a 21 T & W 1st, St L D 75 a 76 Am Dk & im 7's 26 a — O. C & I C 1st.bc 75 a 75% L S div bds, bc 3i a — The latest bads were as follows: The latest bids were as follows:-

bank

The

contemptible fact, what a farce it would appear! 300