### 日本の小学校

せんだい しょうがっこう かいがい こ にゅうがく てんじゅうがく へんじゅうがく マール はっこ しゅ かた マール から子どもを入学、転入学、編入学させた保護者の方へで



# Japanese Elementary Schools

For parents who enrolled or transferred their child to a Sendai elementary school from a foreign country





公益財団法人 **仙台観光国際協会** 

### Japanese Elementary Schools

## For parents who enrolled or transferred their child to a Sendai elementary school from a foreign country

This booklet is aimed at explaining how Japanese elementary schools work to parents who have come from abroad to live in Sendai, and have enrolled or transferred their children to Sendai elementary schools. This guide was created using advice from teachers of Sendai public elementary schools that have international classrooms, Miyagi University of Education, Sendai Board of Education, and citizen groups. We created this booklet with an average Sendai public elementary school in mind, so there may be small differences among individual schools. We hope that your child will quickly become accustomed to their new environment and be able to enjoy the Japanese school lifestyle.

#### Sendai Tourism, Convention and International Association

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### Inquiries and Consultations

Sendai Board of Education

Kamisugi Government Building 1-5-12 Kamisugi, Aoba-ku, Sendai TEL 022-214-8897

- Sendai Tourism, Convention and International Association (SenTIA)

  Children with Roots Abroad Support Sendai Consultation Desk TEL 022-268-6260
- Sendai Multicultural Center TEL 022-224-1919

(Can inquire in Japanese, English, Chinese, Korean, Vietnamese, Nepali, Portuguese, Tagalog.)

# 日本の小学校

### ~仙台の小学校に海外から子どもを入学、転入学、編入学させた保護者の方へ~

この冊字は、海外から仙台に来て、字どもを小学校に入学、転入学、編入学させた保護者の方に、日本の小学校生活を紹介するための資料です。国際教室をもつ仙台市の小学校の先生方や、宮城教育大学、仙台市教育委員会、市民団体からのアドバイスをいただいて作りました。仙台市立の一般的な小学校を想定して作成したので、学校によっては少し違う点もあるかと思いますが、字ども達が新しい環境に草く慣れ、日本の学校生活を楽しめるよう顧っています。

公益財団法人仙台観光国際協会

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# 問合せ・相談は

#### ●仙台市教育委員会

(公財)仙台観光国際協会

がこく 外国につながる子どもサポートせんだい相談デスク TEL 022-268-6260

● (前台多文化共生センター TEL 022-224-1919

(日本語、英語、神国語、韓国語、ベトナム語、ネパール語、ポルトガル語、タガログ語で問い合わせできます。)

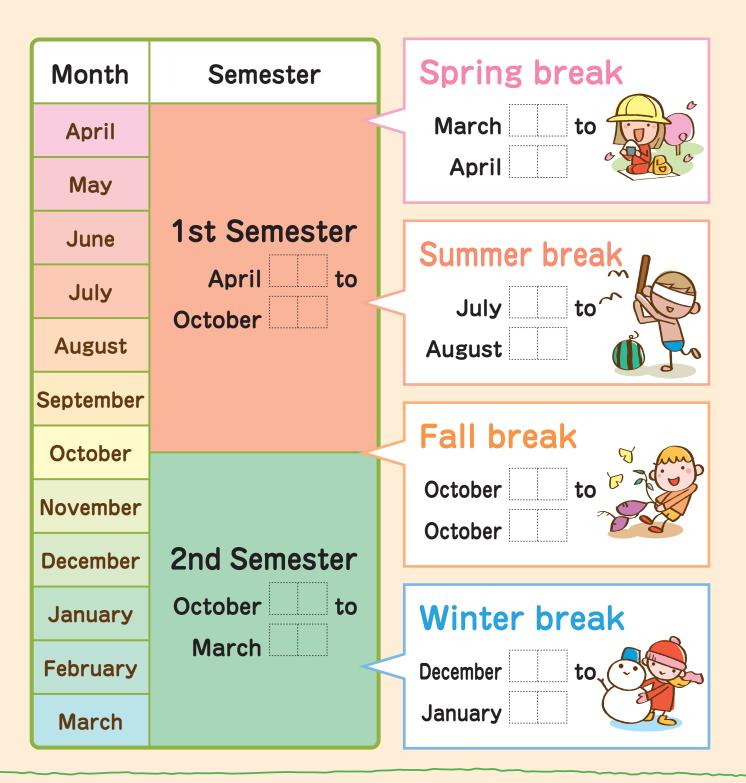
### A Year at School

In Japan, the school year starts in April and ends in March.

Some schools work on a 2 semester system, and some schools have 3 semesters. Sendai public elementary schools operate on a 2 semester a year system.

Long breaks during the year are summer vacation, fall vacation, winter vacation, and spring vacation.

Elementary schools in Japan do not have a system for skipping school years.



# 学校の1年

日本の学校は4月に始まり3月に終わります。

2学期制と3学期制がありますが、仙台市立の小学校は2学期制です。

5ki)を きゅうぎょう なつやす あき やす ふゆやす はる やす 長期休業は夏休み、秋休み、冬休み、春休みです。

日本の小学校には、いわゆる「飛び級」の制度はありません。



10-

11 –

12-

2-

3-

### A Day at School

#### Coming to School

The children come to school by : . . . Children either walk to school alone, or with children from their neighborhood. Please send them to school early enough so they will not be late.

#### Morning Assembly

There will be times when all of the children in the school will assemble and listen to the principal talk about goals in everyday life and other important announcements.

#### Routine at Class

Before class starts the children have a "Morning Meeting" and after class they have an "End of the Day Meeting." At the meetings we talk about the activities planned for that day and tell the children important information. The children also have an opportunity to reflect on their day and will listen to information about the following day.

#### Class

Classes are 45 minutes long with around 5 to 20 minute breaks between classes. Once a child attends school they are not allowed to leave without permission from a teacher. The classes are generally conducted in Japanese. If your child does not understand Japanese a special attendant volunteer may be available to help with Japanese and their classes. Please consult with a teacher at school for further details.

#### Class Jobs

Children are assigned to various roles in class and are responsible for a specific job. Some examples of these roles are helping prepare for class and watering plants. There are different jobs for each class.

#### **International Classrooms**

In several elementary schools in Sendai City are special "International Classrooms" (name may differ by school) which offer Japanese language classes that are for Japanese students who have come back to Japan after living abroad and for foreign children who have come to live in Japan. Supplementary classes are also offered for all other curriculums as well. The day of the week and the time of the classes are decided after consulting with the homeroom teacher and others about what would work best for the child. Please check with the Sendai Board of Education for what schools have international classrooms.

#### School Lunch

At lunch the children will all eat the same food during "school lunch," either in a classroom or in a lunch room. Everyday children bring their own spoons and chopsticks. After the children use these items they take them home daily and wash them. Payment for school lunch is made by automatic withdrawal from your bank account. In a year, there are several times where there will be no school lunch provided. On these days please send your child with a "bento" (Japanese-style lunch in a box). You will be informed ahead of time when there will be no lunch at school. You will be given a menu containing information about meals. If your child has food allergies, or due to religious reasons your child is unable to eat certain foods, please inform the homeroom teacher of these conditions. At Japanese schools, children take turns serving lunch in one week shifts called "touban." After their one week shift is over, the children will take back their "hakui" (a white coat they wear when serving lunch) to be washed. Please bring the "hakui" back to school on the following school day.

#### Cleaning

The children will clean the classroom under the direction of their teacher. Cleaning is seen as a traditional component of Japanese education; through cleaning the children learn many important lessons.

#### After School

After cleaning, the children will go back home. There are some children who play with their friends at the playground until it is time to go home. The time when school ends between April and October is \_\_\_\_\_\_: The time when school ends between November and March is

#### Days Off

School is not held on Saturdays, Sundays, or holidays. There are also instances where the day will be shortened, such as teacher training days. The school will tell you of these days in their monthly newsletter. In some cases school will be cancelled, for example when there are school events or in the case of bad weather. Sometimes there will be school events on the weekend and a day off will be provided at some future date.

# 学校の1日

8- 登校

時 分までに、子どもが一人で、または近所の子どもと一緒に学校に来ます。遅れないように登校させてください。

#### 朝会

ぜんごう こ 全校の子どもが集まります。校長先生のお話のほかに生活目標や連絡などがあります。

がっきゅうかつどう学級での活動

10- じゅぎょう 授業

9 -

11 -

12\_

1 -

3-

4-

授業は45分間です。間に5分間から20分間の体憩があります。一度登校したら、先生の計可なしでは校外に出られません。授業は基本的に日本語で行われます。日本語が理解できない子どもは「指導協力者」というボランティアが日本語指導や各教科のお手伝いをすることがあります。詳しくは学校の先生に相談してください。

かりかつどう

学級では、「係」を決めて子どもがいろいろな仕事をし をいまう。というでは、「保」を決めて子どもがいろいろな仕事をします。仕事の内容は、授業の準備を手伝う係や、花の水 やりをする係など、学級によっていろいろあります。

こくさいきょうしつ

市内のいくつかの小学校には、日本のかい国から来た子どもの日本語学習のために「国際教室(名前は学校によったは、日本の日本語学習のために「国際教室(名前は学校によったは、ますが、まずいます。」があります。日本語学習の他に、各教科の補習学習もしています。曜日や時間はその子どもの様で、担任の先生やときとの相談で決めます。

国際教室がある学校は、教育委員会に確認してください。

給食

お昼には「給食」があり、教室やランチルームでみんな同じものを食べます。はしとスプーンは、毎日、自分で持ってきて、使用後は持ち帰り、家で洗います。給食の費用は銀行から引き落としになります。1年に何回か給食が出ない日があるので、お弁当では事を弁当箱に入れたもの)を作って持たせてください。給食の出ない月日は事前にお知らせします。食事の内容については献立、予定表が配布されます。宗教やアレルギーなどの事情で食べられないものがあったら、担任の先生に相談してください。また、給食配膳(給食を飲えと)は当番りで子どもが行い、当番が終わると白衣を自宅に持ち帰って洗濯し、次の受校日に持ってきます。



2- 掃除

性がしている。 ことできない はいます ことできない ことできない ことで 子どもが教室を持続します。 掃除は日本の 伝統的な教育の一つで、掃除を通して、いろいろなことを学びます。

放課後

休み

とようし、日曜日、いばいはからなが休みです。他にも先生の 世間日、祝日は学校が休みです。他にも先生の 研究会等がある日は短い授業になります。その予定は各 きかっこうだまりでお知らせします。また、学校行事の振替 体業日や、悪天候による臨時休業もあります。

### **Curriculum and Extra-curricular Activities**

#### Curriculum

1st and 2nd grade	Japanese, Math, Life Education, Music, Drawing and Crafts, Physical Education, Special Curriculum on Morality, Class Routine
3rd and 4th grade	Japanese, Social Studies, Math, Science, Music, Drawing and Crafts, Physical Education, Special Curriculum on Morality, Class Routine, General Studies, Foreign Language Activities
5th and 6th grade	Japanese, Social Studies, Math, Science, Music, Drawing and Crafts, Homemaking, Physical Education, Special Curriculum on Morality, Class Routine, General Studies, Foreign Language Activities

#### Homeroom Teachers

In most cases, classes at elementary school are taught by the homeroom teacher.

#### Report Cards

Every semester, the school will write your child's grades and also about how they are doing in the classroom. After you read it, stamp it with an "inkan" (a stamp with your last name on it) or write your signature on it and send it back to school with your child to be handed in on the first day of the following semester. There are also times when you will be asked to write about your child and how they have been doing over the vacation.

#### Club Activities

Children 4th grade and up can participate in club activities. The children can participate with others from different grades and homeroom classes who have the same interests.

#### Committee Activities

All 5th and 6th graders participate in committees that perform work for the school. Some examples of different committees are: broadcasting, library work, promoting health at school, and the school newspaper.

### **School Events**

#### Ceremonial Events

Nyuugakushiki (entrance ceremony): This is a ceremony for 1st graders commemorating their entrance into the school. The children and family both attend.

Sotsugyoushiki (graduation ceremony): This is a ceremony for 6th graders commemorating their graduation from elementary school. The children and family both attend.

Shigyoushiki (start of semester ceremony): This is a ceremony that marks the beginning of the 1st and 2nd semesters. All of the children attend.

Shuugyoushiki (end of semester ceremony): This is a ceremony that occurs on the last day of the semester which all children attend. Report cards are passed out on this day.

Shuuryoushiki (end of school year ceremony): This is a ceremony that occurs on the last day of the school year. All of the children attend.

#### Physical Education-related Events

All schools have an "undoukai" (sports festival) which involves running and jumping physical activities and dancing. The content of the event varies depending on the school year. 6th year students will compete in events such as the Sendai City Track and Field Competition. There is also a physical fitness examination that is used to gauge the physical fitness of individual children.

#### Field Trip-related Events

On field trips the children will learn in a different environment than their everyday class room. 5th and 6th graders go on over-night trips.

#### Other Events

**Emergency Training** In preparation for the occurrence of a fire or an earthquake, the children practice how to safely evacuate. There is also training for the parents which teaches the proper way to come to the school and retrieve their child in the event of an emergency.

Gardening Activities The children make flower beds, water flowers and plants, as well as weed gardens.

Student Government Activities Includes festivals for welcoming 1st year students and for sending off 6th year students, as well as the Student Government festival.

School Art-related Events There will be routines including musical and theatrical routines performed on stage.

Other Events Events such as class visits, social gatherings, and cleaning events will be held. In addition, there will be events held for families and people who live close to schools.

#### Summer Pool Opening

During summer vacation the school pool will be opened. There is a lifeguard on duty and parents are assigned days and take turns watching the children.

# 教科と特別活動

### ●教科

1・2年生	こく こ まんすう せいか めがく ず が こうまく たいいく とくべつ きゅう どうとく かっきゅうかどう 国語・算数・生活・音楽・図画工作・体育・特別の教科道徳・学級活動
3・4年生	こく こ しゃがい きんすう り か おんがく ず が こうさく たいいく とくべつ きょうか どうとく がっきゅうかつどう そうごうてき がく 国語・社会・算数・理科・音楽・図画工作・体育・特別の教科道徳・学級活動・総合的な学 しゅう しょかん がいこく こ かつどう 習の時間・外国語活動
5・6年生	国語・社会・算数・理科・音楽・図画工作・家庭・体育・特別の教科道徳・学級活動・総合的 な学習の時間・外国語

#### 担任

小学校では主に学級担任の先生が教科を教えます。

#### ●通信表

が、 学期ごとに子どもの学習や生活の様子をこの通信表でお知らせします。読んだら、印を押すか、サインをして、次の学 期の初めの日に子どもに持たせて学校に返してください。休み中の子どもの様子を書くこともあります。

#### ●クラブ活動

クラブ活動では、4年生以上の子どもが学年や学級の枠をこえて、同じ興味を持つ人同士で集まり、活動します。

### ●委員会活動

5、6年生の子どもが、全員どこかの委員会に所属して、 かっこう しごと としょ ほけん しんぶんとう いいん 学校の仕事をします。放送、図書、保健、新聞等の委員 会があります。

# 学校行事

### ●儀式的な行事

| 交換 | 6年生が卒業するときの式です。6年生とその保 (選者等が出席します。

| かまります。| 1ヶ月 | 1ヶ月 |

しゅうりょうしき 修了式 学年の終わりの日に全校の子どもが集まります。

#### ●体育に関する行事

全会がしています。 という はいます。 からいっというないます。 が、ないます。 かいとう いっという はいまく かいまく トン・ストがあります。

### ●旅行に関する行事

えんそく しゃかいけんがくとう にちじょう がっこうせいかっ ちが かんきょう 遠足、社会見学等では、日常の学校生活とは違った環境で がくじゅう かとう かっとう 学習します。5、6年生は宿泊する活動があります。

### ●その他の行事

で放うれた。 かまや地震などの災害に備えて、避難の仕方 を訓練します。学校に保護者が子どもを迎えに来る「引き渡し訓練」もあります。

### ●夏休みのプール開放

### **School Life**

#### School Rules

School is a place where lots of different children get together and interact. It is necessary for everyone to get along and cooperate together. Because of this, schools have rules. For example:

- 1. Do not come to school by bike. Please walk to school.
- 2. Children are not allowed to enter special classrooms, the gymnasium, or go out onto the veranda unless it is for cleaning or is part of a class-related activity.
- 3. Use the designated routes to and from school.
- 4. Please wear indoor shoes while inside school.
- 5. Please wear a name tag. Some schools require your child to wear their name tag while walking to and from school. However, some schools will not require this.
- 6. Please do not allow your child to bring nonessential money, food, toys, or accessories to school with them.

#### Absences, Tardiness, Early Dismissal, and Permission to Sit Out During Physical Education Class

In case your child will not attend school, will be late, needs early dismissal, or cannot participate during physical education class due to illness or family matters, please inform the school in the morning. The ways you can contact the school are as follows: telephone, or "renrakucho" (a contact booklet). In case you decide to use the "renrakucho," please ask someone who goes to the same school that lives in the neighborhood to take it to school and give it to the homeroom teacher. Especially in the case of absences it is important to in some way get in contact with the homeroom teacher. The school telephone number is

#### Emergency Contact

Due to disasters or bad weather, there are times when school will close. In these instances, the school will inform you of these closings through a method such as email. To receive these notices it is necessary for you to have your email address on file at school.

#### Medical Examinations

Various examinations are performed at the school: an internal medicine exam, ear nose and throat exam, dental exam, and eye exam. In addition to these examinations, there are X-rays taken, an EKG test, a urinalysis test, etc. One to two times a year, the schools perform a developmental examination which is used to gauge your child's growth.

#### Special Education

There are special support classes with specialized teachers that work with children who have special needs. If you want to know more about special education services, please consult with a teacher at school.

#### Education Fee

Tuition and text books are free at Japanese public elementary schools. Text books will be passed out. so there is no need to buy them at a store. Money will be collected monthly, or as needed. The money required to be paid each month will be announced through means such as the "Gakunendayori" (a monthly newsletter from the school). Some examples of fees are money for supplementary books that will be used in class, or bus fares incurred during field trips. Also, depending on the school year of the child, some of the materials (tools for learning kanji, harmonicas, recorders, etc.) will be purchased by the school after collecting money. There are also some cases where money for school materials will be automatically withdrawn from your bank account, so please be sure that there is enough money in your bank account prior to withdrawal by the school.

#### Collection of School Dues and PTA Fees

Money will be collected for necessary materials and school activities.

#### Insurance

You can purchase insurance for your child through the school. This insurance covers medical fees in the event that your child is injured both inside and outside of school. As a general rule, you are strongly encouraged to purchase this insurance. Please consult with a teacher at school for details.

#### Financial Support

Financial support is available depending on the legal guardian's income, so please consult with a teacher at school for details.

# 学校生活

#### ●学校のきまり

がっこう 学校はいろいろな子どもたちが集まって生活する場所です。仲良く協力して生活する必要があります。そのために、学校には きまりがあります。例えば、

- 1. 学校には自転車で来られません。紫いて登校しましょう。
- 2. 特別教室、体育館、ベランダへは、学習や掃除以外の目的では入れません。
- 3. 登下校は決められた通学路を通りましょう。
- 4. 学校の中では上靴をはきましょう。
- 5. 名札をつけましょう。学校によっては、登下校のときは名札をつけない場合もあります。
- 6. 必要のないお金や食べもの、おもちゃやアクセサリーは持ってきてはいけません。

### ●欠席、遅刻、早退、体育の授業を休むとき

である。かでは、じょぎ さんか しょう はん かっこう けっせき ちこく そうたい たいいく じょぎ さんか しないこと)をするときは、離のうち病気や家庭の事情のために、学校を欠席、遅刻、 やりで 他育の見学(体育の授業に参加しないこと)をするときは、離のうちに学校に連絡してください。連絡の方法は、電話か連絡帳を使います。連絡帳は近所の同級生に頼んで、担任の先生まで届けてもらうことになっています。特に欠席の場合は、必ず何らかの方法で担任の先生に伝えてください。

#### ·緊急連絡

災害や悪天候のため、学校が急に休みになることがあります。そのときは、 か学校からEメール等でお知らせがあります。保護者はメールアドレスを登録する必要があります。

#### 健康診断

がっこう ないか じびか しか がんか けんこうしんだん 学校で、内科、耳鼻科、歯科、眼科の健康診断をします。他に、 X線写真 きつえい しんでんず ほうとう けんさ ねん かいていど はついくそくてい まごな 撮影、心電図、尿等の検査もします。また、年に2回程度の発育測定を行い、 はります。まるす まるく 成長の様子を記録します。

#### ●特別支援

障害がある子どものための特別支援学級があり、特的の大先生が指導しています。詳しく知りたい方や相談したい方は、学校の先生に相談してください。



#### ●教育費

日本の公立小学校では、授業料や教科書代はかかりません。教科書は配付されるので、お店で買う必要はありません。学習のために必要な教材を買うお金を見あるいは臨時に集金します。何のお金を集めるかは各月の「学年便り」等でお知らせします。例えば、副読本代や遠とのバス代等があります。また、学年によっては、習字道具、鍵盤ハーモニカ、リコーダー等も集金して学校がまとめて購入することもあります。教育書は銀行引き落としの場合もあるので、集金の前に銀金が高くませんがにいる。

### ■校納金、PTA 会費の徴収

がっこうせいかつ ぎょうじ 学校生活や行事のために、必要なお金を集めます。

#### ●保険

#### ●就学援助金

保護者の年収によっては、就学援助金がでますので、学校の先生と相談してください。

### School and Family

#### Class Visits

There will be opportunities once or twice a semester for parents to come to school and see how their children perform in class through observing a lesson.

#### **Class Open House**

After observing a lesson, parents have the opportunity to talk with the teacher about their children's education as a group.

#### Newsletter

There is a newsletter from the school called "Gakkoudayori" (school newsletter) and a newsletter for each different grade level called "Gakunendayori" which are distributed about once a month. Different schools may have different names for the newsletters. These newsletters will provide information such as next month's events, material that will be covered in class, money required for activities, and materials that your child needs to bring to class. Please be sure to carefully read the newsletter. If you are unsure about or have trouble understanding the newsletter, please contact the school for further clarification.

#### Home Visits

There are schools which carry out home visits, where the homeroom teacher will come to your house and talk with you about your child's progress at school. The teacher will contact with you with the day and time they plan on visiting you, so it is important to contact the teacher as soon as possible if this day and time do not work for you. Some schools do not have home visits.

#### Parent Teacher Conference

Parents come individually to the school and have an opportunity to talk with the homeroom teacher about their child's progress at school.

#### **PTA**

PTA is an abbreviation of Parent Teacher Association, and helps foster cooperation between the school and parents to plan events for the benefit of children. They host various events like lectures and bazaars, and meet to talk about their children. Dues are collected from members to fund PTA activities.

#### Kodomo-kai (Children's Association)

In some areas there are activities that happen that are called "kodomo-kai." The goal of these activities is to promote the healthy development of children through increasing exchange between parents and children, and

providing opportunities for parents and children to come together and better understand each other. Participation in these events requires paying dues. Money is collected on a bi-annual basis, or every few months. There is also the possibility of participating in a "chounaikai" neighborhood association. Some examples of events that the children's association participants in are social gatherings, town festivals, welcoming and going away parties, recreational events, and collecting recyclables.

#### After School Care

After school care is available for children 1st grade through 6th grade. This care will take place either at the school or a nearby citizen's center or children's center.



# 学校と家庭

### じゅぎょうさん かん **授業参観**

がくがった。 各学期に1、2回くらい、学校での子どもの様子を知るため、保護者が学校で授業を見ます。

### 一学級懇談

というさんがか 授業参観のあと、担任や保護者同士で子どもの教育について話し合います。

#### おたより

学校からは「学校便り」、学年からは「学年便り」(名前はそれぞれ違います)が、月1回くらい配付されます。この中に、 学校からは「学年便り」、学年からは「学年便り」(名前はそれぞれ違います)が、月1回くらい配付されます。この中に、 月の行事や学習予定、集金のお知らせ、学習で使うものの連絡等がありますので、気をつけて読んでください(日本語が分からないときや内容が理解できないときは学校に問い合わせてください)。

### \*\* でいほうもん

担任の先生が、家を訪問し、子どもの様子について話し合う家庭訪問を行う学校があります。訪問したい日時を知らせますので、都合の悪い場合は早めに連絡してください。 学校によっては家庭訪問がない場合もあります。

### こしん めんだん 個人面談

保護者が順番に学校に来て、担任の先生と子どものことについて話し合います。

#### PTA

PTAとはParent Teacher Association の略称で、子どもたちのために保護者と学校が協力して活動を行います。バザーや講演会等の行事をしたり、子どもたちのことについて相談したりします。活動のためのPTA会費を集めます。

### 子ども会

地域には「子ども会」という活動があります。子どもたちの健やかな成長のために、子どもと親がお互いに交流を深め、 リカル はいます。 子どもたちの健やかな成長のために、子どもと親がお互いに交流を深め、 理解し協力し合うのがこの会の目的です。活動には会費が必要です。集金は、6か月分か数か月分をまとめて集めます。子ども会の活動の他に、「町内会」の活動へ参加することもあります。子ども会活動の例は、親睦会、地域のお祭りへの参加、歓送迎会、レクリエーション、資源回収などです。

### ●学童保育

字どもが帰宅後、家に誰もいない1年生から6年生の字どものために、学童保育があります。場所は学校の建物の中か、近くの市民センターや児童館です。



### Other Support Information

#### Program for dispatching special attendant volunteers for Japanese students returning to Japan and foreign-born students

This program is run by the Sendai City Board of Education. Please consult with a teacher at school for details.

#### Children with Roots Abroad Support Sendai Support Desk 022-268-6260

Anyone having trouble can ask for support, whether they are a child, parent, or school. Coordinators with a wealth of experience will be dispatched to schools and give advice on how children can more quickly become accustomed to school life. They will also lend teaching materials for studying Japanese. Interpreters can be dispatched for help with paperwork at government offices and school conferences, as well as consultations provided on topics such as support for studying outside of school and further education.

Hours: Monday - Friday 9:00a.m. - 5:30p.m.

Location: Sendai Tourism, Convention and International Association Higashi Nihon Fudosan Sendai Ichibancho Building 6F 3-3-20 Ichibancho, Aoba-ku, Sendai

### Sendai Multicultural Center Interpretation Support Hotline 022-224-1919

An "Interpretation Support Hotline" service for when you are having trouble communicating. When you want to ask your child's teacher something or you need help with procedures at City Hall, you can call this number and our staff will step in and assist you. Language support is offered in English, Chinese, Korean, Vietnamese, Nepali, Tagalog, Thai, Portuguese, Spanish, Russian, Indonesian, Italian, French, German, Malay, Burmese, and Mongolian. Hours of Operation: Everyday 9:00a.m. - 5:00p.m.

(There are one or two days a month when the Sendai International Center is closed.)

Price: Free (Normal telephone fees apply)

Sendai Multicultural Center http://int.sentia-sendai.jp/e/exchange/

#### Tsukibo Volunteer

There is a citizen group called OASIS (Open Assist & Support in Sendai) that helps foreign people who do not understand Japanese or are not used to life in Japan. The members are available to go with you to your child's school or to the Ward Office and help you with any difficulties.

To set up an appointment with a member, please contact the Sendai Multicultural Center at 022-265-2471. OASIS http://samidare.jp/oasis/

#### SAT Nihongo Club

Japanese language classes every Saturday for foreign children. Classes are open to elementary school students and junior high school students. We have fun games and events, and we also help with studying.

Please contact the Aoba-ku Chuo Shimin Center to sign up at 022-223-2516

#### Foreign Residents' Child Support Group

A citizen group that supports foreign children in their efforts to study Japanese and their other classes at school. Provides support for children elementary school aged through high school, with one to one sessions that create a fun atmosphere to study in.

Foreign Residents' Child Support Group https://kodomosupport.jimdo.com/

#### High School Guidance for Children and Parents who are Non-Native Japanese Speakers

Once per year, an explanation and consultation session is held in Sendai City.

Teachers and former students will answer your questions.

This event is aimed at children and their parents who are non-native Japanese speakers. Interpretation is available if requested.

Inquiries about date and location: Sendai Tourism, Convention and International Association at 022-268-6260 HP: http://shinro-miyagi.jimdo.com/ (Guidebook available in multiple languages)

# その他のサポート情報

### ●帰国・外国人児童生徒等指導協力者派遣事業

せんだい し きょういく い いんかい し たは し し ぎょう くわ くか がっこう せんせい そうだん 仙台市教育委員会が行っている事業です。詳しくは学校の先生に相談してください。

### ●外国につながる字どもサポートせんだい相談デスク 022-268-6260

ことできます。 
「ないできます。 
「ないできます。

時間:月曜日~金曜日 9:00-17:30

は しょ せんだいかんこうこくさいきょうかい せんだい し あお ば く いちばんちょう がり に ほん ふ どうさんせんだいいちばんちょう かい 場所:仙台観光国際協会 仙台市青葉区一番町3-3-20 東日本不動産仙台一番町ビル 6階

### ●仙台多文化共生センター 通訳サポート電話 022-224-1919

言葉が通じなくて困ったときのために「通訳サポート電話」のサービスがあります。学校の先生に聞きたいことがある、市役所での手続きをしたいというとき、この番号に電話をするとスタッフが間に入って英語、中国語、韓国語、ベトナム語、ネパール語、タガログ語、タイ語、ポルトガル語、スペイン語、ロシア語、インドネシア語、イタリア語、フランス語、ドイツ語、マレー語、クメール語、ミャンマー語、モンゴル語で通訳します。

利用時間:毎日9:00~17:00 (月に1~2日間の仙台国際センター休館日を除く)

料金:無料(電話料金はかかります)

仙台多文化共生センター http://int.sentia-sendai.jp/j/exchange/

#### ●付き添いボランティア

自然語がわからない、自然の生活に慣れていない外国の方のために、市党グループ「外国人支援の会 OASIS」のメンバーが学校や区役所などに一緒に行ってお手伝いします。

**単込みは仙台多文化共生センター(022-265-2471)へ。** 

外国人支援の会OASIS http://samidare.jp/oasis/

#### ●さっと日本語クラブ

申込は、青葉区中央市民センター(022-223-2516)へ。

### ●外国人の子ども・サポートの会 Foreign Residents' Child Support Group

外国人の子どもたちに日本語と教科学習の習得をサポートする市民グループです。 小学生から高校生まで、基本的には サポーターとのマンツーマンで楽しく勉強しています。

外国人の子ども・サポートの会 https://kodomosupport.jimdo.com/

### ●日本語を母語としない子どもと親のための進路ガイダンス

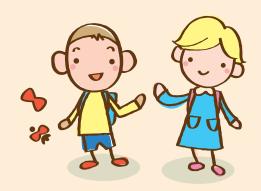
ねん かい せんだいし ない こうこうしんがく がん せつめいがい そうだんがい がいさい 年1回、仙台市内で、高校進学に関する説明会と相談会を開催しています。

高校に進んだ先輩や、学校の先生たちが質問に答えます。

たいはう にほんご ほご かっこ する まず まや まま まま こうきゃく つうかく 対象は、日本語を母語としない子どもと親です。希望者には、通訳も付きます。

問合せ:開催日や会場については、仙台観光国際協会(022-268-6260)へ

http://shinro-miyagi.jimdo.com/(各言語に翻訳したガイドブックも掲載しています。)



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