Open Development of Open Font

Introduction

/efont/— Electronic Font Open Laboratory

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Contents

- What is Open Font?
- Case Study
- Toward the Next Generation



Open Font Definition

- Just like 'Open Source Definition'
 - free redestribution
 - source code
 - derived works
 - no discrimination against persons/groups
 - no discrimination against fields of endeavor
 - distribution of license
 - license must not be specific to a product
 - license must not restrict other software



Why is Open Font needed?

- To follow the changes (free to modify)
 - CCS/CES (Shift-JIS -> Unicode -> ?)
 - format (TTF -> OpenType)
 - design trends (line-oriented -> curve-oriented)
 - etc.
- To exchange documents (free to use, free to distribute)
 - W'I'SIWYG --- What I See Is What You Get.



Open Font Today

- Latin --- many (URW, Bitstream Vera etc.)
- Chinese --- some (Arphic 4 fonts, Wang 10 fonts)



• Korean --- some (Baekmuk 4 fonts)



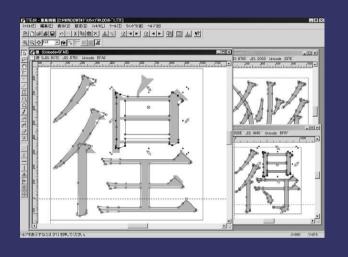
• Japanese --- a little...

漢字 漢字



Kochi Font

- License: public domain
- Method: parts assemble
- Based on a free TTF that is converted from a free 32dot bitmap font









Converted TTF



Kochi font

Kochi Font's Tragedy

- It was revealed that the origin of Kochi font is a stolen bitmap...
- The copyright holder of a original bitmap offered a 'free-of-charge' license
- The author of Kochi font rejected their offer, and the development was cancelled



Next Generation Font Development

- Speed is first, but quality is second
- Framework that makes people to join development easily
- Good management to fragment problems and subjects



Open Development of Open Font

Can we Collaborate in Open Font Development?

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Themes

- express development of Kochi font substitute
- revaluation of Wadalab Font Kit
- development of human resouces



Present Status of Free/Open Font in Japan

- (presently) there is no font set for practical use
- development was done personally
 - "cathedral-building style" m odel
- collaboration was exceptional
 - jisksp16 (bitmap)
 - elisa font (bitmap)
 - derivative font development (bitmap and/or outline)



Influences of "Kochi" font retraction

- undesirable effect is predicted
 - Illegal use of commercial fonts will increase
- need to basic fonts is very high
- we had to provide license-free substitute for Kochi fonts
 - The font in which their outlines are replaced with other original sources



Development of Substitute Font

- distribution stopped at noon in 18th June
- the substitute is provided at evening in 21st June.
- blank is less than half a week
- other negotiations, publicities, answers to questions in parallel



Timeline (1)

- Noon in June 18: Furukawa announced to stop distribution of Kochi fonts
- Noon in June 20:
 He told that alphabets and kana is his original.
- 16:00 in June 20: Kazuhiko received reencoded Wadalab font from Akagaki
- 21:00 in June 20:
 Uchida provided sasage-mono font (includes only Greek and Cyrillic glyphs)
- 1:00 in June 21: sourceforge.jp/projects/efont/opened.

Timeline (2)

- 19:00 in June 21: first (broken) version of substitute font was relesed.
- 20:45 in June 21: Kazuhiko fixed the broken archive.
- 8:00 in June 23: second version (fixed baseline mismatch) was released.
- Noon in June 23: misencoding in 12dot bitmap is reported.
- Evening in June 26: fixed version (by kludge script) was released.
- Noon in June 28: document is supplied together.
- August 9: minor fix is released.
 (some bugs in pfaedit were fixed)



Technical Elements

- Sources
 - kana and Latin script: from Kochi font
 - Kanji: from Wadalab font
 - Greek / Cyrillic (serif): from sasage-mono
 - Greek / Cyrillic (sans): CID conversion kit for Kochi font
- Tools
 - PfaEdit

the speaker is very familiar with them



PfaEdit

- a font editor with many features
 - handles most of common font formats
 - abundant features
 - rapidly developed
 - powerful scripting
 - all processes is scriptized for reproducibility and tracability
- see http://pfaedit.sourceforge.net/



An exaple of pfaedit script: CID/OTF Conversion Kit

- Produces Adobe-Japan-1-4 glyph set
 - 15443 glyphs. About 3000 composit glyphs
- new kanji glyphs are edited by interactive session of pfaedit
- automatic composition of ligatures
 - 99 routines, 3800 lines
- other tools is also used: ttf2pt1 tftinker
- GSUB table generated by Adobe FDK for OpenType (AFDKO) — not included



What is Wadalab Font?

- also mentioned as "Wadaken" (ken stands for labo) developed by Wada laboratory (University of Tokyo) members.
- output from their kanji glyph composition system
- released in 1993 (OCF format), later converted to CID Font
- 12,000 glyphs (including X 0208 and 0212 supplementary kanji)
- design quality is barely acceptable
 - the purpose is system, not font



Excerpt from Definition files

```
; joint definition
(setq 割 '(wko 害 りっとう))
(setq 害 ' (tte うかんむり 害の中 ロ))
; primitive definition
; points are defined in 400x400 square
(setq 害の中 '(((200 12)
         (200 159 (link-ok t))
         (7 161)
         (392\ 161)
         (56 113)
         (344\ 113)
         (41.65)
         (36065))
       ((tate (0 1)) (yoko (2 3) (link 1)) (yoko (4 5)) (yoko (6 7)))))
             ; 'tate' stands for vertical line, 'yoko' for horizontal line
```

What is Wadalab Font Kit?

- released in June, 2003.
- written in UtiLisp/C and ulx (clx port to UtiLisp)
- renderer: 9,000 line, skeleton editor: 7500 lines
- Algorithms

sample skeleton is scaled uniformly in some case, overlap is allowed

automatic balance of bounding boxes based on balancing minimum distance of stems

stroke by program (serif, sans, rounded sans)

Revaluation

- font quality= algorithm + data definition(s)
- they were underestimated if they had good aesthetical adviser, result should be much better
- Good Lisp program small meta notation on Lisp allows trial and error of algorithms but slow (two hours per typeface on PentiumIII-866MHz)



Brushing up

- porting UtiLisp/C and ulx (to FreeBSD)
- bug fix of stroke generator (parameter)
- fix of known misdesigns

.... one person x two months



Reengineering plan

- port from UtiLisp/C to Common Lisp
 - decrease initial effort
 - run on many systems
- better skeleton editor
 - slow and lacks some feature (aligning, etc.)
 - should we add skeleton font support to PfaEdit?



Reengineering plan (2)

- redesign of skeletons (we should not insist on autodesign)
 - extract strokes from existing public domain font data
 - targeting Ayu 20dot Gothic Font now
- redesing of stroke sample
 - from Kochi (stroke style is original) dots, diagonal strokes...





Reengineering plan (3)

- stroking algorithm
 - now based on geometrical calculation
 - BOTH aesthetical sense and programmer's carefulness needed
 - hard to collaborate
 - it should be replaced by template matching and coordinate transform
 - needs much sample data because they are less flexible
 - but easy to expect the result

I don't have enough spare time to refine balancing algorithm



Difficulties of collaboration in font development

- standardization of design sense
- online discussion on the glyph design is difficult
- hard to share developer's time
- obscure specifications, unmature tools

but...

no one knows everything---typography, font technologies, software engineering



my experience (1): jisksp16

- 1993-96
- 6 persons shared bitmap design many of them are Morioka's Kanji ML members
- extending 16 dot JIS X 9052 bitmap (X0208 implementation) to X0212 wrong policy about simplified glyph Yasuoka checked and modified (about 1 year)
- some flactuation in design remains



my experience (2) : CID/OTF version of Kochi font

- 2001-2003
- glyph are taken from Kochi and QuiMi fonts
 - Uchida gave me facilities by desigining needed facilities first
- planned the feedback of glyph designs actually very few characters



my experience (3): mona font

- 2002-now
- proportional font to width-compatible to "MS Gothic"
- development on anonymous BBS "2ch" many user's feedback
- BDF -> bitmap TTF -> outline TTF
- original TTF table assembler/dumper (ttftinker)
- I cooperated as "18" additional glyphs, fix of tools, outline



my experience (4) : substitute for Kochi font

- success as an emergency measure, but continuous development is not shared.
- Uchida is planning JIS X 0213 definitions.



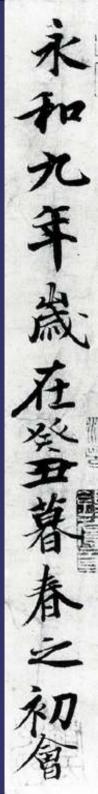
my experience (5): M+ outline fonts

- outline font development by coz (Morishita)
- preceding bitmap development and discussion on 2ch
- high quality modern sans-serif face
- begun in October 2003
- three major technical advisers script coding, bitmap->outline PfaEdit debug will progress



How can We Get More Cooperators

- the problem common to other nitch OSS developments
- the largest problem in middle term
- everyone have interest in good design
- if you attract 100 users' eyes, 1 or 2 may join as developer...?



Opening Good Font Developing Methods is Important

- tools and project management (how to share jobs)
- •opening the knowledge makes developments in next generation easier
- •this is worthful for commercial developers
 - a hopeful example: good hinting for non-latin scripts
 - FreeType and desktop manager developers made good autohinting
 - high-quality commercial product mainly targets to paper
 - good screen rendering (especially anti-alias) makes everyone happy



Online Resources

• To know how qualities of hinting affect to anti-aliased glyphs, see:

http://cgi.din.or.jp/%7Emer/Fonts/Hint_Antialias/index.cgi

• Fonts and tools mentioned in this presentation:

gps.tanaka.ecc.u-tokyo.ac.jp/wadalabfont/pukiwiki.php
monafont.sourceforge.net
mplus-fonts.sourceforge.jp/mplus-outline-fonts/
sourceforge.jp/projects/efont/
pfaedit.sourceforge.net
www.asahi-net.or.jp/%7Esd5a-ucd/freefonts/