



4.1. Tricomi Equation $y \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = 0$

The Tricomi equation is used to describe near-sonic flows of gas.

4.1-1. Particular solutions of the Tricomi equation:

$$w = Ax y + Bx + Cy + D,$$

$$w = A(3x^2 - y^3) + B(x^3 - xy^3) + C(6yx^2 - y^4),$$

where A , B , C , and D are arbitrary constants.

4.1-2. Particular solutions of the Tricomi equation with even powers of x :

$$w = \sum_{k=0}^n \varphi_k(y) x^{2k},$$

where the functions $\varphi_k = \varphi_k(y)$ are defined by the recurrence relations

$$\varphi_n(y) = A_n y + B_n, \quad \varphi_{k-1}(y) = A_k y + B_k - 2k(2k-1) \int_0^y (y-t)t\varphi_k(t) dt,$$

where A_k and B_k are arbitrary constants ($k = n, \dots, 1$).

4.1-3. Particular solutions of the Tricomi equation with odd powers of x :

$$w = \sum_{k=0}^n \psi_k(y) x^{2k+1},$$

where the functions $\psi_k = \psi_k(y)$ are defined by the recurrence relations

$$\psi_n(y) = A_n y + B_n, \quad \psi_{k-1}(y) = A_k y + B_k - 2k(2k+1) \int_0^y (y-t)t\psi_k(t) dt,$$

where A_k and B_k are arbitrary constants ($k = n, \dots, 1$).

4.1-4. Separable particular solutions of the Tricomi equation:

$$w(x, y) = [A \sinh(3\lambda x) + B \cosh(3\lambda x)] \sqrt{y} [C J_{1/3}(2\lambda y^{3/2}) + D Y_{1/3}(2\lambda y^{3/2})],$$

$$w(x, y) = [A \sin(3\lambda x) + B \cos(3\lambda x)] \sqrt{y} [C I_{1/3}(2\lambda y^{3/2}) + D K_{1/3}(2\lambda y^{3/2})],$$

where A , B , C , D , and λ are arbitrary constants, $J_{1/3}(z)$ and $Y_{1/3}(z)$ are the Bessel functions, and $I_{1/3}(z)$ and $K_{1/3}(z)$ are the modified Bessel functions.

References

Babich, V. M., Kapilevich, M. B., Mikhlin, S. G., et al., *Linear Equations of Mathematical Physics* [in Russian], Nauka, Moscow, 1964.

Polyanin, A. D., *Handbook of Linear Partial Differential Equations for Engineers and Scientists*, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 2002.