10. 
$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[ f(w) \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right] + g(w).$$

This equation occurs in nonlinear problems of heat and mass transfer with volume reaction.

1°. Traveling-wave solution:

$$w = w(z), \quad z = kx + \lambda t,$$

where k and  $\lambda$  are arbitrary constants, and the function w(z) is determined by the autonomous ordinary differential equation  $k^2[f(w)w'_z]'_z - \lambda w'_z + g(w) = 0$ .

2°. Let the function f = f(w) be arbitrary and let g = g(w) be defined by

$$g(w) = \frac{A}{f(w)} + B,$$

where A and B are some numbers. In this case, there is a functional separable solution, which is defined implicitly by

$$\int f(w) \, dw = At - \frac{1}{2}Bx^2 + C_1x + C_2,$$

where  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are arbitrary constants.

3°. Let now g = g(w) be arbitrary and let f = f(w) be defined by

$$f(w) = \frac{A_1 A_2 w + B}{g(w)} + \frac{A_2 A_3}{g(w)} \int Z \, dw,$$
(1)

$$Z = -A_2 \int \frac{dw}{g(w)},\tag{2}$$

where  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$ , and  $A_3$  are some numbers. Then there are generalized traveling-wave solutions of the form

$$w = w(Z), \quad Z = \frac{\pm x + C_2}{\sqrt{2A_3t + C_1}} - \frac{A_1}{A_3} - \frac{A_2}{3A_3}(2A_3t + C_1),$$

where the function w(Z) is determined by the inversion of (2), and  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are arbitrary constants. 4°. Let g = g(w) be arbitrary and let f = f(w) be defined by

$$f(w) = \frac{1}{g(w)} \left( A_1 w + A_3 \int Z \, dw \right) \exp\left[ -A_4 \int \frac{dw}{g(w)} \right],\tag{3}$$

$$Z = \frac{1}{A_4} \exp\left[-A_4 \int \frac{dw}{g(w)}\right] - \frac{A_2}{A_4},\tag{4}$$

where  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$ ,  $A_3$ , and  $A_4$  are some numbers ( $A_4 \neq 0$ ). In this case, there are generalized travelingwave solutions of the form

$$w = w(Z), \quad Z = \varphi(t)x + \psi(t),$$

where the function w(Z) is determined by the inversion of (4),

$$\varphi(t) = \pm \left( C_1 e^{2A_4 t} - \frac{A_3}{A_4} \right)^{-1/2}, \quad \psi(t) = -\varphi(t) \left[ A_1 \int \varphi(t) \, dt + A_2 \int \frac{dt}{\varphi(t)} + C_2 \right],$$

and  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  are arbitrary constants.

5°. Let the functions f(w) and g(w) be as follows:

$$f(w) = \varphi'(w), \quad g(w) = \frac{a\varphi(w) + b}{\varphi'(w)} + c[a\varphi(w) + b],$$

where  $\varphi(w)$  is an arbitrary function and a, b, and c are any numbers (the prime denotes a derivative with respect to w). Then there are functional separable solutions defined implicitly by

$$\varphi(w) = e^{at} \left[ C_1 \cos(x\sqrt{ac}) + C_2 \sin(x\sqrt{ac}) \right] - \frac{b}{a} \quad \text{if } ac > 0,$$
  
$$\varphi(w) = e^{at} \left[ C_1 \cosh(x\sqrt{-ac}) + C_2 \sinh(x\sqrt{-ac}) \right] - \frac{b}{a} \quad \text{if } ac < 0.$$

 $6^{\circ}$ . Let f(w) and g(w) be as follows:

$$f(w) = w\varphi'_w(w), \quad g(w) = a \left[ w + 2 \frac{\varphi(w)}{\varphi'_w(w)} \right],$$

where  $\varphi(w)$  is an arbitrary function and a is any number. Then there are functional separable solutions defined implicitly by

$$\varphi(w) = C_1 e^{2at} - \frac{1}{2}a(x + C_2)^2.$$

7°. Let f(w) and g(w) be defined by the formulas

$$f(w) = A \frac{V(z)}{V'_{z}(z)}, \quad g(w) = B \left[ 2z^{-1/2} V'_{z}(z) + Bz^{-3/2} V(z) \right],$$

where V(z) is an arbitrary function of z, A and B are arbitrary constants ( $AB \neq 0$ ), and the function z = z(w) is determined implicitly by

$$w = \int z^{-1/2} V_z'(z) \, dz + C_1,\tag{5}$$

with  $C_1$  being an arbitrary constant. Then, there is a functional separable solution of the form (5) where

$$z = -\frac{(x+C_3)^2}{4At+C_2} + 2Bt + \frac{BC_2}{2A},$$

 $C_2$  and  $C_3$  are arbitrary constants.

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