

**ORDERS APPROVED AND BUSINESS TRANSACTED AT THE
PRIVY COUNCIL HELD BY THE QUEEN AT WINDSOR CASTLE
ON 10TH NOVEMBER 2021**

COUNSELLORS PRESENT

The Rt Hon Jacob Rees-Mogg (Lord President)

The Rt Hon Dr Thérèse Coffey

The Rt Hon Alister Jack

The Rt Hon Nadhim Zahawi

Privy
Counsellors

The Rt Hon Michelle Donelan MP, the Rt Hon Lord Frost CMG, the Rt Hon Dame Siobhan Keegan DBE, the Rt Hon Sir Paul Maguire, the Rt Hon Kit Malthouse MP and the Rt Hon Nicklaus Thomas-Symonds MP were sworn as Members of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

An Order appointing Dorothy Bain QC a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

Proclamations

Four Proclamations:—

1. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of seven thousand pound, five thousand pound, two thousand pound, one thousand pound, five hundred pound, two hundred pound and twenty-five pound gold coins; a new series of five hundred pound and fifty pence gold piedfort coins; a new series of five hundred pound, ten pound, five pound and two pound standard silver coins; a new series of ten pound silver piedfort coins; and a new series of one hundred pound platinum coins;
2. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of five hundred pound and two hundred pound gold coins; a new series of five hundred pound gold piedfort coins; a new series of ten pound and five pound standard silver coins; and a new series of ten pound silver piedfort coins;
3. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of five hundred pound, two hundred pound, one hundred pound, fifty pound, twenty-five pound, ten pound, one pound and fifty pence gold coins; a new series of one thousand pound, five hundred pound, ten pound, five pound, two pound, one pound,

fifty pence, twenty pence, ten pence and five pence silver coins; and a new series of one thousand pound, one hundred pound and twenty-five pound platinum coins;

4. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of five pound coins in gold, standard silver, silver piedfort, platinum piedfort and cupro-nickel;

and an Order directing the Lord Chancellor to affix the Great Seal to the Proclamations.

Charters

Order approving the grant of a Charter of Incorporation to The UK Cyber Security Council.

Order accepting the surrender of the Charter of Princess Helena College.

Charter
Amendments

Two Orders allowing amendments to the Charters of:—

1. British Council;
2. The Institution of Civil Engineers.

Immigration
Act 1971

1. The Immigration (Isle of Man) (Amendment) Order 2021 (SI);
2. The Immigration (Jersey) Order 2021 (SI).

Ministers of
the Crown Act
1975

The Transfer of Functions (Secretary of State for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities) Order 2021 (SI).

Copyright,
Designs and
Patents Act
1988

The Copyright and Performances (Application to Other Countries) (Amendment) (No. 2) Order 2021 (SI).

Education and
Inspections
Act 2006

The Inspectors of Education, Children's Services and Skills (No. 4) Order 2021 (SI).

Charities Act
2011

The Exempt Charities Order 2021 (SI).

Sanctions and
Anti-Money
Laundering
Act 2018

1. The Republic of Belarus (Sanctions) (Overseas Territories) (Amendment) Order 2021 (SI);
2. The Republic of Belarus (Sanctions) (EU Exit) (Isle of Man) Order 2021 (SI).

Jersey

Order approving the Single-Use Plastics etc. (Restrictions) (Jersey) Law 2021;

Order approving the Petition of the Royal Court of Jersey permitting Anthony John Olsen to retain the honours, prerogatives and privileges appertaining to the office of Jurat.

Guernsey

Two Orders approving the:—

1. Abortion (Guernsey) (Amendment) Law, 2021;
2. Public Thoroughfares (Guernsey) (Amendment) Law, 2021.

Burial Act
1853 (Notice)

Order giving notice of the discontinuance of burials in:—

1. Octagon Church Churchyard, Wisbech, Cambridgeshire;
2. Part closure of All Saints Churchyard, Lydalls Road, Didcot, Oxfordshire;
3. St John the Baptist Churchyard, Marldon, Devon.

Burial Act
1853 (Final)

Order prohibiting further burials in St Peter Churchyard, Blackley, Manchester.



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

This day The Right Honourable Michelle Donelan having been appointed, by Order, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn, and took her place at the Board accordingly.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

This day The Right Honourable Lord Frost CMG having been appointed, by Order, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

This day The Right Honourable Dame Siobhan Keegan DBE having been appointed, by Order, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn, and took her place at the Board accordingly.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

This day The Right Honourable Sir Paul Maguire having been appointed, by Order, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

This day The Right Honourable Kit Malthouse having been appointed, by Order, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

This day The Right Honourable Nicklaus Thomas-Symonds having been appointed, by Order, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

This day Dorothy Bain QC was, by Her Majesty's command, appointed a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council

Ceri King



BY THE QUEEN

A PROCLAMATION

DETERMINING THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGNS FOR A NEW SERIES OF SEVEN THOUSAND POUND, FIVE THOUSAND POUND, TWO THOUSAND POUND, ONE THOUSAND POUND, FIVE HUNDRED POUND, TWO HUNDRED POUND AND TWENTY-FIVE POUND GOLD COINS; A NEW SERIES OF FIVE HUNDRED POUND AND FIFTY PENCE GOLD PIEDFORT COINS; A NEW SERIES OF FIVE HUNDRED POUND, TEN POUND, FIVE POUND AND TWO POUND STANDARD SILVER COINS; A NEW SERIES OF TEN POUND SILVER PIEDFORT COINS; AND A NEW SERIES OF ONE HUNDRED POUND PLATINUM COINS

ELIZABETH R.

Whereas under section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d) and (dd) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to determine the denomination, the design and dimensions of coins to be made at Our Mint, to determine the weight and fineness of certain gold coins, the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins and their least current weight, and to determine the weight and composition of coins other than gold coins or coins of silver of Our Maundy money, and the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins, to provide for the manner of measurement of the variation from the standard weight of coins, and to determine the percentage of impurities which such coins may contain:

And Whereas under section 3(1)(f) and (ff) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to direct that coins made at Our Mint other than gold, silver, cupro-nickel and bronze coins shall be current and that any coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount:

And Whereas under section 6(2) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to prescribe the composition of the standard trial plates to be used for determining the justness of coins of any metal other than gold, silver or cupro-nickel:

And Whereas it appears to Us desirable to order that there should be made at Our Mint a new series of coins of the denominations of seven thousand pounds, five thousand pounds, two thousand pounds, one thousand pounds, five hundred pounds, two hundred pounds and twenty-five pounds in gold, a new series of coins of the denominations of five hundred pounds and fifty pence in gold piedfort, a new series of coins of the denominations of five hundred pounds, ten pounds, five pounds and two pounds in standard silver, a new series of coins of the denomination of ten pounds in silver piedfort, and a new series of coins of the denomination of one hundred pounds in platinum:

We, therefore, in pursuance of the said section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d), (dd), (f) and (ff), the said section 6(2), and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:

SEVEN THOUSAND POUND GOLD COIN

1. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of seven thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 7035 grammes, a standard diameter of 185 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 35 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.5 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 6940 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 7000 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Cypher surrounded by the floral emblems of the United Kingdom and the dates “1952 – 2022”. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

FIVE THOUSAND POUND GOLD COIN

2. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of five thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 5010 grammes, a standard diameter of 175 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 39.95 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.5 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 4960 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 5000 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Cypher surrounded by the floral emblems of the United Kingdom and the dates “1952 – 2022”. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

TWO THOUSAND POUND GOLD COIN

3. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of two thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 2010 grammes, a standard diameter of 150 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 9.99 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.5 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 1990 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 2000 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Cypher surrounded by the floral emblems of the United Kingdom and the dates “1952 – 2022”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

ONE THOUSAND POUND GOLD COIN

4. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of one thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 1005 grammes, a standard diameter of 100 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 5 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.25 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 995 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 1000 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Cypher surrounded by the floral emblems of the United Kingdom and the dates “1952 – 2022”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

FIVE HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

5. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of five hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 156.295 grammes, a standard diameter of 50 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.8 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 154.5 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 500 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Cypher surrounded by the floral emblems of the United Kingdom and the dates “1952 – 2022”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

TWO HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

6. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of two hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 62.42 grammes, a standard diameter of 40 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or fineness specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.5 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said millesimal fineness of two per mille.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 61.8 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 200 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Arms accompanied by the dates “· 1952 2022 ·”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

TWENTY-FIVE POUND GOLD COIN

7. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of twenty-five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 7.8 grammes, a standard diameter of 22 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.025 grammes;
and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 7.75 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 25 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Arms accompanied by the dates “· 1952 2022 ·”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

FIVE HUNDRED POUND GOLD PIEDFORT COIN

8. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of five hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 312.52 grammes, a standard diameter of 65 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 1.17 grammes;
and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 311.351 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 500 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Cypher surrounded by the floral emblems of the United Kingdom and the dates “1952 – 2022”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

FIFTY PENCE GOLD PIEDFORT COIN

9. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 15.5 grammes, a standard diameter of 27.3 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of 916.7, and being in the shape of an equilateral curve heptagon.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or fineness specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.15 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said millesimal fineness of two per mille.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 30.8 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse the number 70 and Our Royal Cypher surrounded with the dates “1952-2022”. The coin shall have a plain edge.’

FIVE HUNDRED POUND STANDARD SILVER COIN

10. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of five hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 1005 grammes, a standard diameter of 100 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 5 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.25 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 500 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Cypher surrounded by the floral emblems of the United Kingdom and the dates “1952 – 2022”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

TEN POUND STANDARD SILVER COIN

11. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of ten pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 156.295 grammes, a standard diameter of 65 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.85 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 10 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Cypher surrounded by the floral emblems of the United Kingdom and the dates “1952 – 2022”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIVE POUND STANDARD SILVER COIN

12. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 62.42 grammes, a standard diameter of 40 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 1.1 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 5 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Arms accompanied by the dates “· 1952 2022 ·”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

TWO POUND STANDARD SILVER COIN

13. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of two pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 31.21 grammes, a standard diameter of 38.61 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.15 grammes;
and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 2 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Arms accompanied by the dates “· 1952 2022 ·”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

TEN POUND SILVER PIEDFORT COIN

14. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of ten pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 312.59 grammes, a standard diameter of 65 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 1.75 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 10 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned Royal Cypher surrounded by the floral emblems of the United Kingdom and the dates “1952 – 2022”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

ONE HUNDRED POUND PLATINUM COIN

15. (1) A new coin of platinum of the denomination of one hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 31.21 grammes, a standard diameter of 32.69 millimetres, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said platinum coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.15 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The said platinum coin may contain impurities of five-tenths of one per centum.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The composition of the standard trial plates to be used for determining the justness of the said platinum coin shall be pure platinum.

(6) The design of the said platinum coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 100 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, accompanied by the inscription “· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·” and for the reverse a crowned depiction of Our Royal Arms accompanied by the dates “· 1952 2022 ·”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(7) The said platinum coin shall be current and shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

16. This Proclamation shall come into force on the eleventh day of November Two thousand and twenty-one.

Given at Our Court at Windsor Castle, this tenth day of November in the year of Our Lord Two thousand and twenty-one and in the seventieth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN



BY THE QUEEN

A PROCLAMATION

DETERMINING THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGNS FOR A NEW SERIES OF FIVE HUNDRED POUND AND TWO HUNDRED POUND GOLD COINS; A NEW SERIES OF FIVE HUNDRED POUND GOLD PIEDFORT COINS; A NEW SERIES OF TEN POUND AND FIVE POUND STANDARD SILVER COINS; AND A NEW SERIES OF TEN POUND SILVER PIEDFORT COINS

ELIZABETH R.

Whereas under section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd) and (d) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to determine the denomination, the design and dimensions of coins to be made at Our Mint, to determine the weight and fineness of certain gold coins, the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins and their least current weight, and to determine the weight and composition of coins other than gold coins or coins of silver of Our Maundy money, and the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins, and to provide for the manner of measurement of the variation from the standard weight of coins:

And Whereas under section 3(1)(ff) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to direct that any coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount:

And Whereas it appears to Us desirable to order that there should be made at Our Mint a new series of coins of the denominations of five hundred pounds and two hundred pounds in gold, a new series of coins of the denomination of five hundred pounds in gold piedfort, a new series of coins of the denominations of ten pounds and five pounds in standard silver, and a new series of coins of the denomination of ten pounds in silver piedfort:

We, therefore, in pursuance of the said section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d), and (ff) and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:

FIVE HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

1. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of five hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 156.295 grammes, a standard diameter of 50 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.8 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 154.5 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 500 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a portrait of Henry VII with the inscription “HENRIC VII DI GRA REX AGL Z”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

TWO HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

2. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of two hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 62.12 grammes, a standard diameter of 40 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or fineness specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.5 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said millesimal fineness of two per mille.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 61.8 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 200 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a portrait of Henry VII with the inscription “HENRIC VII DI GRA REX AGL Z”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

FIVE HUNDRED POUND GOLD PIEDFORT COIN

3. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of five hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 312.521 grammes, a standard diameter of 65 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 1.17 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 311.351 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 500 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a portrait of Henry VII with the inscription “HENRIC VII DI GRA REX AGL Z”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

TEN POUND STANDARD SILVER COIN

4. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of ten pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 156.295 grammes, a standard diameter of 65 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.85 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 10 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a portrait of Henry VII with the inscription “HENRIC VII DI GRA REX AGL Z”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIVE POUND STANDARD SILVER COIN

5. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 62.86 grammes, a standard diameter of 40 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 1.1 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 5 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a portrait of Henry

VII with the inscription “HENRIC VII DI GRA REX AGL Z”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

TEN POUND SILVER PIEDFORT COIN

6. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of ten pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 312.59 grammes, a standard diameter of 65 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 1.75 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 10 POUNDS ·” and the date of the year, and for the reverse a portrait of Henry VII with the inscription “HENRIC VII DI GRA REX AGL Z”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

7. This Proclamation shall come into force on the eleventh day of November Two thousand and twenty-one.

Given at Our Court at Windsor Castle, this tenth day of November in the year of Our Lord
Two thousand and twenty-one and in the seventieth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN



BY THE QUEEN

A PROCLAMATION

DETERMINING THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGNS FOR A NEW SERIES OF FIVE HUNDRED POUND, TWO HUNDRED POUND, ONE HUNDRED POUND, FIFTY POUND, TWENTY-FIVE POUND, TEN POUND, ONE POUND AND FIFTY PENCE GOLD COINS; A NEW SERIES OF ONE THOUSAND POUND, FIVE HUNDRED POUND, TEN POUND, FIVE POUND, TWO POUND, ONE POUND, FIFTY PENCE, TWENTY PENCE, TEN PENCE AND FIVE PENCE SILVER COINS; AND A NEW SERIES OF ONE THOUSAND POUND, ONE HUNDRED POUND AND TWENTY-FIVE POUND PLATINUM COINS

ELIZABETH R.

Whereas under section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d) and (dd) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to determine the denomination, the design and dimensions of coins to be made at Our Mint, to determine the weight and fineness of certain gold coins, the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins and their least current weight, and to determine the weight and composition of coins other than gold coins or coins of silver of Our Maundy money, and the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins, to provide for the manner of measurement of the variation from the standard weight of coins, and to determine the percentage of impurities which such coins may contain:

And Whereas under section 3(1)(f) and (ff) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to direct that coins made at Our Mint other than gold, silver, cupro-nickel and bronze coins shall be current and that any coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount:

And Whereas under section 6(2) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to prescribe the composition of the standard trial plates to be used for determining the justness of coins of any metal other than gold, silver or cupro-nickel:

And Whereas it appears to Us desirable to order that there should be made at Our Mint a new series of coins of the denominations of five hundred pounds, two hundred pounds, one hundred pounds, fifty pounds, twenty-five pounds, ten pounds, one pound and fifty pence in gold, a new series of coins of the denominations of one thousand pounds, five hundred pounds, ten pounds, five pounds, two pounds, one pound, fifty pence, twenty pence, ten pence and five pence in silver, and a new series of coins in the denominations of one thousand pounds, one hundred pounds and twenty-five pounds in platinum:

We, therefore, in pursuance of the said section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d), (dd), (f) and (ff), the said section 6(2), and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:

FIVE HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

1. (1) A new gold coin of the denomination of five hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 156.295 grammes, a standard diameter of 50 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.8 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 154.5 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 500 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 50Z 999.9 · BRITANNIA · FINE GOLD · ” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

TWO HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

2. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of two hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 62.42 grammes, a standard diameter of 40 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, diameter or fineness specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.5 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin; and

(c) a variation from the said millesimal fineness of two per mille.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 61.8 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 200 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 20Z 999.9 · BRITANNIA · FINE GOLD · ” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

ONE HUNDRED POUND GOLD COIN

3. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of one hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 31.21 grammes, a standard diameter of 32.69 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.15 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 31.01 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 100 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1OZ 999.9 · BRITANNIA · FINE GOLD ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

FIFTY POUND GOLD COIN

4. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of fifty pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 15.6 grammes, a standard diameter of 27 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.045 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 15.5 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1/2OZ 999.9 · BRITANNIA · FINE GOLD ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

TWENTY-FIVE POUND GOLD COIN

5. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of twenty-five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 7.8 grammes, a standard diameter of 22 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not more than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.025 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 7.75 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 25 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1/4OZ 999.9 · BRITANNIA · FINE GOLD ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

TEN POUND GOLD COIN

6. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of ten pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 3.13 grammes, a standard diameter of 16.5 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.02 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 3.11 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 10 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1/10OZ 999.9 · BRITANNIA · FINE GOLD ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

ONE POUND GOLD COIN

7. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of one pound shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 1.58 grammes, a standard diameter of 12 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.02 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 1.56 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 1 POUND”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1/20OZ 999.9 · BRITANNIA · FINE GOLD ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

FIFTY PENCE GOLD COIN

8. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 0.8 grammes, a standard diameter of 8 millimetres, a millesimal fineness of not less than 999.9, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said gold coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.015 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The least current weight of the said gold coin shall be 0.65 grammes.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The design of the said gold coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1/40OZ 999.9 · BRITANNIA · FINE GOLD ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

ONE THOUSAND POUND SILVER COIN

9. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of one thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 2010 grammes, a standard diameter of 150 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 9.99 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.5 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 1000 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 2 KILO 999 · BRITANNIA · FINE SILVER ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIVE HUNDRED POUND SILVER COIN

10. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of five hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 1005 grammes, a standard diameter of 100 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 5 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.25 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured by weighing each coin separately.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 500 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia standing upon a rock in the sea, her right hand grasping a trident and her left hand resting on a shield and holding an olive branch with the inscription “· BRITANNIA · (and the date of the year) · 1 KILO · 999 · FINE · SILVER ·”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

TEN POUND SILVER COIN

11. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of ten pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 156.295 grammes, a standard diameter of 65 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.85 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 10 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 5OZ 999 · BRITANNIA · FINE SILVER ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIVE POUND SILVER COIN

12. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 62.42 grammes, a standard diameter of 40 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 1.1 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · FID · DEF · 5 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia

carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 2OZ 999 · BRITANNIA · FINE SILVER ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

TWO POUND SILVER COIN

13. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of two pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 31.21 grammes, a standard diameter of 38.61 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.15 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 2 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1OZ 999 · BRITANNIA · FINE SILVER ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

ONE POUND SILVER COIN

14. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of one pound shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 15.71 grammes, a standard diameter of 27 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.16 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 1 POUND”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1/2OZ 999 · BRITANNIA · FINE SILVER ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIFTY PENCE SILVER COIN

15. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of fifty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 7.86 grammes, a standard diameter of 22 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.08 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 50 PENCE”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1/4OZ 999 · BRITANNIA · FINE SILVER ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom

TWENTY PENCE SILVER COIN

16. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of twenty pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 3.15 grammes, a standard diameter of 16.5 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.035 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 20 PENCE”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1/100Z 999 · BRITANNIA · FINE SILVER ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom

TEN PENCE SILVER COIN

17. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of ten pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 1.58 grammes, a standard diameter of 12 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.025 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 10 PENCE”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1/200Z 999 · BRITANNIA · FINE SILVER ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom

FIVE PENCE SILVER COIN

18. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of five pence shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 0.8 grammes, a standard diameter of 8 millimetres, a standard composition of not less than 999 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.015 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The design of the said silver coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 5 PENCE”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1/400Z 999 · BRITANNIA · FINE SILVER · ” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(5) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

ONE THOUSAND POUND PLATINUM COIN

19. (1) A new coin of platinum of the denomination of one thousand pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 2010 grammes, a standard diameter of 150 millimetres, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said platinum coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 10 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.40 millimetres per coin.

(3) The said platinum coin may contain impurities of five-tenths of one per centum.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The composition of the standard trial plates to be used for determining the justness of the said platinum coin shall be pure platinum.

(6) The design of the said platinum coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 1000 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia standing upon a rock in the sea, her right hand grasping a trident and her left hand resting on a shield and holding an olive branch with the inscription “· BRITANNIA · (and the date of the year) · 2 KILO · 999.5 · PLATINUM ·”. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(7) The said platinum coin shall be current and shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

ONE HUNDRED POUND PLATINUM COIN

20. (1) A new coin of platinum of the denomination of one hundred pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 31.21 grammes, a standard diameter of 32.69 millimetres, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said platinum coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.15 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The said platinum coin may contain impurities of five-tenths of one per centum.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The composition of the standard trial plates to be used for determining the justness of the said platinum coin shall be pure platinum.

(6) The design of the said platinum coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 100 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1OZ 999.5 · BRITANNIA · PLATINUM ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(7) The said platinum coin shall be current and shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

TWENTY-FIVE POUND PLATINUM COIN

21. (1) A new coin of platinum of the denomination of twenty-five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 7.846 grammes, a standard diameter of 20 millimetres, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said platinum coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.075 grammes; and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The said platinum coin may contain impurities of five-tenths of one per centum.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The composition of the standard trial plates to be used for determining the justness of the said platinum coin shall be pure platinum.

(6) The design of the said platinum coin shall be as follows:

‘For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription “· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 25 POUNDS”, and for the reverse a depiction of the figure of Britannia carrying a trident and shield and the inscription “· 1/4OZ 999.5 · BRITANNIA · PLATINUM ·” and the date of the year. The coin shall have a grained edge.’

(7) The said platinum coin shall be current and shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

22. This Proclamation shall come into force on the eleventh day of November Two thousand and twenty-one.

Given at Our Court at Windsor Castle, this tenth day of November in the year of Our Lord Two thousand and twenty-one and in the seventieth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN



BY THE QUEEN

A PROCLAMATION

**DETERMINING THE SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGNS FOR A NEW
SERIES OF FIVE POUND COINS IN GOLD, STANDARD SILVER,
SILVER PIEDFORT, PLATINUM PIEDFORT AND CUPRO-NICKEL**

ELIZABETH R.

Whereas under section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d) and (dd) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to determine the denomination, the design and dimensions of coins to be made at Our Mint, to determine the weight and fineness of certain gold coins, the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins and their least current weight, and to determine the weight and composition of coins other than gold coins or coins of silver of Our Maundy money, and the remedy to be allowed in the making of such coins, to provide for the manner of measurement of the variation from the standard weight of coins, and to determine the percentage of impurities which such coins may contain:

And Whereas under section 3(1)(f) and (ff) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to direct that coins made at Our Mint other than gold, silver, cupro-nickel and bronze coins shall be current and that any coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount:

And Whereas under section 6(2) of the Coinage Act 1971 We have power, with the advice of Our Privy Council, by Proclamation to prescribe the composition of the standard trial plates to be used for determining the justness of coins of any metal other than gold, silver or cupro-nickel:

And Whereas it appears to Us desirable to order that there should be made at Our Mint a new series of coins of the denomination of five pounds in gold, in standard silver, in silver piedfort, in platinum piedfort and in cupro-nickel:

We, therefore, in pursuance of the said section 3(1)(a), (b), (c), (cc), (cd), (d), (dd), (f) and (ff), the said section 6(2), and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:

FIVE POUND GOLD COIN

1. (1) A new coin of gold of the denomination of five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard diameter of 38.61 millimetres, and being circular in shape.

(2) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

FIVE POUND STANDARD SILVER COIN

2. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 28.28 grammes, a standard diameter of 38.61 millimetres, a standard composition of 925 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, composition or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.424 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard composition of five parts per thousand fine silver;
and

(c) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIVE POUND SILVER PIEDFORT COIN

3. (1) A new coin of silver of the denomination of five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 56.56 grammes, a standard diameter of 38.61 millimetres, a standard composition of 925 parts per thousand fine silver, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said silver coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, composition or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.215 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard composition of five parts per thousand fine silver;
and

(c) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(4) The said silver coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIVE POUND PLATINUM PIEDFORT COIN

4. (1) A new coin of platinum of the denomination of five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 94.2 grammes, a standard diameter of 38.61 millimetres, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said platinum coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight or dimensions specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.85 grammes;
and

(b) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The said platinum coin may contain impurities of three-tenths of one per centum.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of coin.

(5) The composition of the standard trial plates to be used for determining the justness of the said platinum coin shall be pure platinum.

(6) The said platinum coin shall be current and shall be legal tender for payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

FIVE POUND CUPRO-NICKEL COIN

5. (1) A new coin of cupro-nickel of the denomination of five pounds shall be made, being a coin of a standard weight of 28.28 grammes, a standard diameter of 38.61 millimetres, a standard composition of seventy-five per centum copper and twenty-five per centum nickel, and being circular in shape.

(2) In the making of the said cupro-nickel coin a remedy (that is, a variation from the standard weight, composition or diameter specified above) shall be allowed of an amount not exceeding the following, that is to say:

(a) a variation from the said standard weight of an amount per coin of 0.75 grammes;

(b) a variation from the said standard composition of two per centum copper and two per centum nickel; and

(c) a variation from the said standard diameter of 0.125 millimetres per coin.

(3) The said cupro-nickel coin may contain impurities of three-quarters of one per centum.

(4) The variation from the standard weight will be measured as the average of a sample of not more than one kilogram of the coin.

(5) The said cupro-nickel coin shall be legal tender for the payment of any amount in any part of Our United Kingdom.

DESIGNS OF THE COINS

6. The design of the said five pound gold, standard silver, silver piedfort, platinum piedfort and cupro-nickel coins shall be either:

(a) 'For the obverse impression Our effigy with the inscription "· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · FID · DEF · 5 POUNDS ·", and for the reverse a crowned depiction of our Royal Arms accompanied by the dates "· 1952 2022 ·". The coin shall have a plain edge and in incuse letters the inscription "· SERVE YOU ALL THE DAYS OF MY LIFE", save for the cupro-nickel coin which shall have a grained edge; or

(b) For the obverse impression Our effigy on horseback with the inscription "· ELIZABETH II · D · G · REG · F · D · 5 POUNDS ·" accompanied by the Garter Belt with the inscription "· HONI · SOIT · QUI · MAL · Y · PENSE ·" and the date of the year, and for the reverse a crowned depiction of our Royal Arms accompanied by the dates "· 1952 2022 ·". The coin shall have a plain edge and in incuse letters the inscription "· SERVE YOU ALL THE DAYS OF MY LIFE", save for the cupro-nickel coin which may also have a grained edge.'

7. This Proclamation shall come into force on the eleventh day of November Two thousand and twenty-one.

Given at Our Court at Windsor Castle, this tenth day of November in the year of Our Lord
Two thousand and twenty-one and in the seventieth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF OCTOBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

It is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council that the Right Honourable the Lord Chancellor do cause the Great Seal of the Realm to be affixed to the four Proclamations of this day's date:

1. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of seven thousand pound, five thousand pound, two thousand pound, one thousand pound, five hundred pound, two hundred pound and twenty-five pound gold coins; a new series of five hundred pound and fifty pence gold piedfort coins; a new series of five hundred pound, ten pound, five pound and two pound standard silver coins; a new series of ten pound silver piedfort coins; and a new series of one hundred pound platinum coins;
2. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of five hundred pound and two hundred pound gold coins; a new series of five hundred pound gold piedfort coins; a new series of ten pound and five pound standard silver coins; and a new series of ten pound silver piedfort coins;
3. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of five hundred pound, two hundred pound, one hundred pound, fifty pound, twenty-five pound, ten pound, one pound and fifty pence gold coins; a new series of one thousand pound, five hundred pound, ten pound, five pound, two pound, one pound, fifty pence, twenty pence, ten pence and five pence silver coins; and a new series of one thousand pound, one hundred pound and twenty-five pound platinum coins;
4. determining the specifications and designs for a new series of five pound coins in gold, standard silver, silver piedfort, platinum piedfort and cupro-nickel.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

There was this day read at the Board a letter on behalf of the Right Honourable Nadine Dorries, Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport, transmitting the draft of a Charter of Incorporation to be granted to "The UK Cyber Security Council".

HER MAJESTY, having taken into consideration the draft Charter, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve it and to order, that the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain should cause a Warrant to be prepared for Her Majesty's Royal Signature for passing under the Great Seal a Charter in conformity with the annexed Draft.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

A Petition of Princess Helena College was today read at the Board.

The Petition sets out, among other things, that Princess Helena College was incorporated by Royal Charter granted on 8th March 1886 and sealed on 29th March 1886, and the Petition prays that Her Majesty might be pleased to accept the surrender of the Charter.

The Petition encloses a Deed of Surrender which states that the affairs of the College have been wound up and the College is about to be dissolved and, with a view to such dissolution, the College has asked Her Majesty to sanction the surrender of their Charter in accordance with the provisions of Article 20 thereof.

ACCORDINGLY, Her Majesty, having taken the Petition and Deed into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to sanction and accept the surrender of the Charter of Princess Helena College in accordance with the Deed of Surrender; and to declare that the Charter is revoked and annulled: Provided always that this revocation and annulment shall not prejudice, abridge or affect any existing claim of any party or parties against the College or any member or members of it.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

Her Majesty in Council has approved the amendments to the Charter of the British Council, as set out in the Schedule to this Order, to come into effect on 15th December 2021.

Ceri King

SCHEDULE

AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF THE BRITISH COUNCIL

1. **Delete** Article 3 and **substitute**:

“3. Objects

The objects for which the British Council is established and incorporated are to advance, for the public benefit, any purpose which is exclusively charitable and which shall:

- (a) promote cultural relationships between the people of the United Kingdom and other countries;
- (b) develop a wider knowledge of the English language; and
- (c) encourage educational co-operation between the United Kingdom and other countries, support the advancement of United Kingdom education and education standards overseas, and otherwise promote education.”

2. In Article 5 after “Members” **insert** “or Trustees”.

3. In Article 5.1 **delete** “or to any Member thereof”.

4. **Re-number** Articles 5.2 to 5.6 as 5.3 to 5.7.

5. **Insert** new Article 5.2:

“5.2 reasonable expenses properly incurred by a Trustee when acting on behalf of the British Council, or”.

6. In Articles 5.4 and 5.5 as renumbered, **delete** “Member” and **substitute** “Trustee”.

7. In Article 5.7 as renumbered, **delete** “Foreign and Commonwealth Office” and **substitute** “Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office”.

8. In Article 20 after “delegate any of its powers” **insert** “or functions”.



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

Her Majesty in Council has allowed the amendments to the Charter of The Institution of Civil Engineers set out in the Schedule to this Order with effect from 30th November 2021.

Ceri King

SCHEDULE

AMENDMENTS TO THE CHARTER OF THE INSTITUTION OF CIVIL ENGINEERS

1. In Article 7 after “(2) Non-Corporate Members which term shall include” *delete* “(a) Technician Members and (b)”.
2. In Article 8 after “each Fellow the designatory letters “FICE”, each Member” *delete* “and each Technician Member”.



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

The following report from the Committee of Council for the Affairs of Jersey and Guernsey was today read at the Board:

“In accordance with Your Majesty’s General Order of Reference of 22nd February 1952 the Committee have considered a letter from the Deputy Greffier of the States of Jersey transmitting an Act passed on 21st July 2021 entitled the Single-Use Plastics etc. (Restrictions) (Jersey) Law 2021:

“The Committee have considered the Act and have agreed to report that it may be advisable for Your Majesty to approve and ratify it.”

Her Majesty, having taken the report into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve and ratify the Act (a copy of which is annexed to this Order) and to order that it, together with this Order, shall be entered on the Register of the Island of Jersey and observed accordingly. Her Majesty’s Officers in the Island, and all others whom it may concern, are therefore to take notice of Her Majesty’s Order and to proceed accordingly.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

The following report from the Committee of Council for the Affairs of Jersey and Guernsey was today read at the Board:

“In accordance with Your Majesty’s General Order of Reference of 22nd day of February 1952 the Committee have considered the humble petition of the Superior Number of the Royal Court of Jersey, praying Your Majesty in Council to permit Anthony John Olsen to retain during his lifetime all the honours, prerogatives and privileges appertaining to the office of Jurat:

The Lords of the Committee have considered the petition and have agreed to report that it may be advisable for Your Majesty to comply with the petition.”

Her Majesty, having taken the report into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve it, and accordingly permits Anthony John Olsen to retain during his lifetime all the honours, prerogatives and privileges appertaining to the office of Jurat.

And the Bailiff and Jurats of Her Majesty’s Royal Court of Jersey, and all other Persons whom it may concern, are to take notice of Her Majesty’s pleasure signified in this Order and govern themselves accordingly.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

The following report from the Committee of Council for the Affairs of Jersey and Guernsey was today read at the Board:

“In accordance with Your Majesty’s General Order of Reference of 22nd February 1952 the Committee have considered a Petition of the States of Guernsey:

“That, in pursuance of their Resolution of 24th June 2020, the States of Deliberation at a meeting on 15th July 2021 approved a Projet de Loi entitled the Abortion (Guernsey) (Amendment) Law, 2021 and requested the Bailiff to present a most humble Petition to Your Majesty in Council praying for Your Royal Sanction to it. That the Projet de Loi is as set forth in the attached Schedule. The Petition most humbly prays that Your Majesty might be graciously pleased to sanction the Abortion (Guernsey) (Amendment) Law, 2021, and to order that it shall have force of law in the Islands of Guernsey, Herm and Jethou.

“The Committee have considered the Projet de Loi and have agreed to report that it may be advisable for Your Majesty to approve and ratify it”.

Her Majesty, having taken the report into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve and ratify the Projet de Loi (a copy of which is annexed to this Order) and to order that it, together with this Order, shall have the force of law in the Islands of Guernsey, Herm and Jethou and shall be entered on the Register of the Island of Guernsey and observed accordingly.

Her Majesty’s Officers in the Bailiwick of Guernsey, and all others whom it may concern, are therefore to take notice of Her Majesty’s Order and to proceed accordingly.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

The following report from the Committee of Council for the Affairs of Jersey and Guernsey was today read at the Board:

“In accordance with Your Majesty’s General Order of Reference of 22nd February 1952 the Committee have considered a Petition of the States of Guernsey:

“That, in pursuance of their Resolution of 29th May 2015, the States of Deliberation at a meeting on 15th July 2021 approved a *Projet de Loi* entitled the Public Thoroughfares (Guernsey) (Amendment) Law, 2021 and requested the Bailiff to present a most humble Petition to Your Majesty in Council praying for Your Royal Sanction to it. That the *Projet de Loi* is as set forth in the attached Schedule. The Petition most humbly prays that Your Majesty might be graciously pleased to sanction the Public Thoroughfares (Guernsey) (Amendment) Law, 2021, and to order that it shall have force of law in the Island of Guernsey.

“The Committee have considered the *Projet de Loi* and have agreed to report that it may be advisable for Your Majesty to approve and ratify it”.

Her Majesty, having taken the report into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve and ratify the *Projet de Loi* (a copy of which is annexed to this Order) and to order that it, together with this Order, shall have the force of law in the Island of Guernsey and shall be entered on the Register of the Island of Guernsey and observed accordingly.

Her Majesty’s Officers in the Bailiwick of Guernsey, and all others whom it may concern, are therefore to take notice of Her Majesty’s Order and to proceed accordingly.

Ceri King



At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

The Secretary of State for Justice, after giving ten days' notice of his intention to do so, has, under the Burial Act 1853 as amended, made representations to Her Majesty in Council that, subject to the exceptions below, burials should be discontinued in:-

- 1) Octagon Church Churchyard, Wisbech, Cambridgeshire (as shown hatched on the plan annexed hereto);
- 2) Part closure of All Saints Churchyard, Lydalls Road, Didcot, Oxfordshire (as shown hatched on the plan annexed hereto);
- 3) St John the Baptist Churchyard, Marlton, Devon (as shown hatched on the plan annexed hereto).

The exceptions are that, in the places numbered 2 and 3 above:-

- (a) in any vault or walled grave in the churchyard, burial may be allowed but every coffin in such vault or grave must be separately enclosed by stonework or brick work properly cemented;
- (b) in any existing earthen grave in the churchyard, the burial may be allowed of the body of any member of the family of the person or persons previously buried in that grave, but no part of the coffin containing the body shall be less than one metre below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave; and
- (c) in any grave space in which no interment has previously taken place, the burial may be allowed of any person for whom, or any member of the family for which that grave space has been reserved and appropriated, with the exclusive right of burial there, but no part of the coffin containing the body shall be less than one metre below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave.

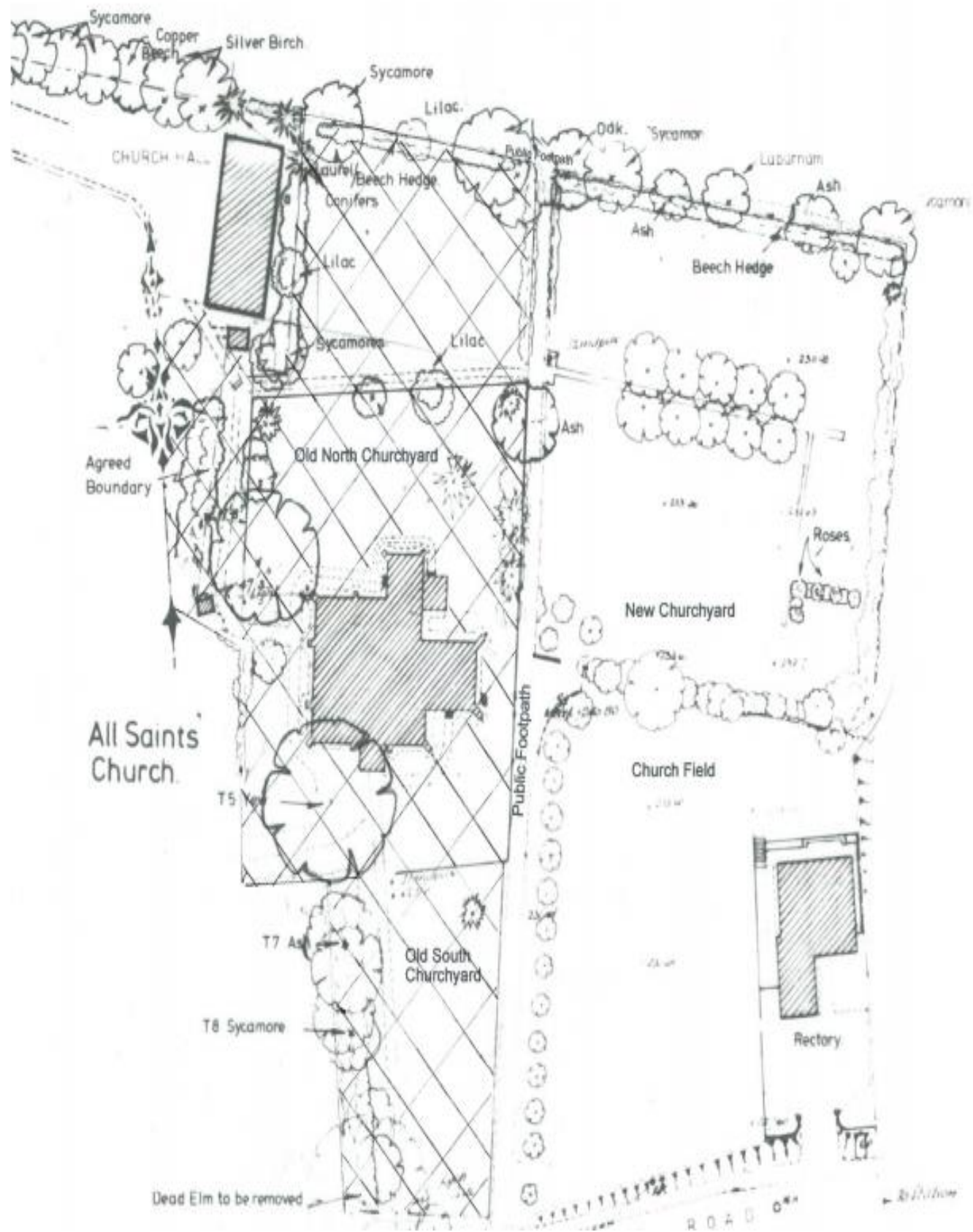
Her Majesty in Council is pleased to give Notice of these representations and to order that they be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Privy Council on 22nd December 2021.

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order should be published in the London Gazette, and that copies of it should be fixed on the doors of the Churches or Chapels of the above mentioned places, or displayed conspicuously inside them, for one month before 22nd December 2021.

Ceri King

Octagon Church Graveyard Wisbech







At the Court at Windsor Castle

THE 10th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2021

PRESENT,

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY
IN COUNCIL

Representations were duly made to Her Majesty in Council by the Secretary of State for Justice that, subject to the exceptions below, burials should be discontinued forthwith in St Peter Churchyard, Blackley, Manchester (as shown hatched on the plan annexed hereto).

In pursuance of the Order in Council made on 23rd June 2021 these representations have been published and taken into consideration by a Committee of the Privy Council.

Accordingly, Her Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred on Her by section 1 of the Burial Act 1853, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order that burials shall be discontinued forthwith in the place listed above, subject to the following exceptions:-

- (a) in any vault or walled grave in the churchyard, burial may be allowed but every coffin in such vault or grave must be separately enclosed by stonework or brick work properly cemented;
- (b) in any existing earthen grave in the churchyard, the burial may be allowed of the body of any member of the family of the person or persons previously buried in that grave, but no part of the coffin containing the body shall be less than one metre below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave; and
- (c) in any grave space in which no interment has previously taken place, the burial may be allowed of any person for whom, or any member of the family for which that grave space has been reserved and appropriated, with the exclusive right of burial there, but no part of the coffin containing the body shall be less than one metre below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave.

Ceri King

