a.m. train.

The resistant sings—Heary Davis, £598; Johns Hichard Hemmington, £300; Thomas Probleth, £50; Gorge Buck, £100; Michael Coffee, £100; Gorge Buck, £100; Michael Coffee, £100; Gorge Buck, £100; Michael Coffee, £100; Frencis Sanders, £110; Henry Stevenson, £100; Michael Coffee, £100; Frencis Sanders, £110; Henry Stevenson, £100; Michael Coffee, £100; Michael Coff

FIELD NATURALISTS' CLUB OF VICTORIA

The ordinary meeting of the above club was held at the Royal Society's hall on Wednesday evening. The president (the Rev. J. J. Halley) occupied the chair, and about 80 members and visitors were present. Among the visitors was Dr. J. E. Taylor, F.G.S., who was received most cordially, and on being introduced to the meeting by the president, briefly thanked the members for their reception of him, and pointed out what peculiar opportunities Australian naturalists had for finding "missing links." Correspondence was read from several persons in support of the protection of native birds.

The hon, secretary read an account of the

e hon, secretary read an account of the club excursion to Lilydale on the Queen's The following letter was found on him, ad-Birthday, giving a more particular descrip-tion of the fungi and tossils found during the "Adelaide, June 12.—My Dear Father and

disp.

Miss Glencross, Mrs. Gunst, Messrs. F. E. Hill, S. Lamble, A. Miller, Chas. Officer, Jun., Wm. Officer, J. D. Pinnock, S. Strong, and R. Watson were elected members of the club, whilst several gentlemen were nominated for membership.

The general business consisted of the consideration of the motion in favour of protection of native birds. A reply was read from the Zoological Society, which recommended one or two additions to the list; and an interesting letter from Mr. Batey, of Sunbury, on the habits of many of our wild birds. Dr. Dobson thought the list was too long, and that the club would be more likely to be successful if the number of birds to be protected was curtailed, and on his suggestion the matter was again referred to the sub-committee with the view of condensing the list.

Mr. A. H. S. Lucas, M.A., read the second part of his paper on "The Overland Trip to

fore, is that the man went into the house and shot the woman, that the man who was living with her ran into the next house for protection, and that the murderer followed him there and shot him in Mrs. Schutt's mother's house. The murderer must have then gone into the street, where he met Mrs. Schutt.

The couple who were living together were known by the name of O'Connor. They only took the house last Tuesday, and very little is known about them, but their relations are said to live in North Adelaide. O'Connor was a ploughman. Of

by the end of next week, product or Sunday,
The Queensland Government have intimated their desire to be represented in
Sydney at the demonstration for the reception
of the contingent. It is understood that
Lieutenant-Colonel Justice Mein will come
from Brisbane in a representative capacity.

DEPARTURE OF SOUTH SEA ISLANDERS FROM BRISBANE

BRISBANE, MONDAY.

BRISBANE, Monday.

The steamer Victoria left this afternoon to return the South Sea Islanders to their homes. The party on board consists of Mr. H. M. Chester, who represents the Queensland Government, assisted by Mr. Lawrie; Mr. H. H. Romilly, as representative of the Imperial Government; Mr. A. Musgrave, jun., who acts as assistant deputy commissioner; Dr. P. Smith, 12 men of the Naval Brigade, and also representatives of the Sadney Morning Herald, and the Brisbane Courier, and two passengers. Either the Rev. Mr. Chalmers or the Rev. Mr. Lawes will be invited to accompany the steamer from Port Moresby. The Victoria proceeds to Mackay, Townsville, and Mourilyan, and thence to Port Moresby.

SUMMARY OF NEW ZEALAND

The following summary of New Zealand news has been compiled by our Dunedin cor-respondent for the week ending June 4:--

respondent for the week ending June 4:—
The Ministry are busy preparing work for the coming session, but the greatest reticence is preserved. The Native Lands Settlement Bill has been completed. It provides means by which native lands can be disposed of, either by sale or lease, under the land laws of the colony, after they have passed through the Native Land Court. It is said that the bill is likely to be strongly opposed.

Inspector Pardy has prepared a long re-

bill is likely to be strongly opposed.

Inspector Pardy has prepared a long report in reference to the recent rumours as to native troubles at l'arinhaka. He asserts that the reports have greatly exaggerated actual facts, and that throughout the whole native district only one fence has been damaged, and that but slightly. The 60 head of cattle said to have been stolen have dwindled down to 20, and there is no proof that they have been stolen. In all instances the cattle are missing from unfenced bush land, and they may have wandered in the bush. The settlers appear satisfied that no danger is apprehended, and since the visit of the Native Minister, they appear content with the hended, and since the visit of the Native Minister, they appear content with the arrangements made. The inspector men-tions the case of one of the agitators, who while busily engaged in New Plymouth in promoting an agitation concerning the danger of the settlers, had actually left his wife and family wholly at the mercy of the natives, thus showing his confidence in the Maoris, or his utter indifference to the fate of his family.

or his utter indifference to the late of his family.

The Colonial Treasurer acknowledges the receipt of £140 from some one in New South Wales, who states that many years ago he kefranded the Government of New Zealand of that amount.

OPENING OF THE NEW ZEALAND PARLIAMENT

WELLINGTON, THURSDAY.

WELLINGTON, THURSDAY.

Parliament was opened to day. The Governor's speech refers to the passing away of the depression under which the colony has laboured, the loyal disposition of the natives, and the defence measures adopted during the recess in view of impending war. Bills are promised dealing with local government, the Legislative Council (limiting the appointments to a term of years), fisheries, forestry, and the native lands. It is proposed to establish a parcels post and to issue postal notes. Parliament will be asked to express its views on the Enabling Bill.

THE RETURNED SOUTH SEA ISLANDERS.

MACKAY, THURSDAY. The A.S.N. Co.'s steamer Victoria arrived here this morning, and embarked the first batch of islanders, numbering 35, who are being returned by the Government to New Guinea and the adjacent islands. Between 300 and 400 others will be taken on board at Townsville, where the steamer will arrive tomorrow. From Townsville she will proceed direct to New Guinea. lirect to New Guinea.

THE A.S.N. CO.'S STEAMER CAHORS ASHORE.

THE PASSENGERS ALL SAFE.

SYDNEY, THURSDAY.

the other man nothing whatever is known. The following letter was found on him, addressed to Joseph Lines, Kooringa:—
"Adelaide, June 12.—My Dear Father and Mother,—Thave found Lizzie and Morris. They are living together as man and wife. I shall be dead by the time you get this letter. Be kind to my children. I would not care to live as I find that they are living together. I have bought a revolver and am going to shoot both of them and myself. I hope God will forgive me for what I am going to do.—Alfred Lines."

Drs. Gorger, Jay, and W. Campbell were called in, but life in each case was extinct. The revolver used was a five-chambered one of the ordinary type, and was found lying the control of the preferring to remain by the vessel.

The Cahors is not insured. To-night the steamer Dingadee was despatched to the assistance of the stranded vessel. Captain Hynes, the shipping master, was in command, and there accompanied him Mr. George Davidson, engineer superintendent; Mr. M'Ritchie, master carpenter; several divers, and a full complement of engineers. Every appliance for pumping out the disabled vessel, steel hawsers, and in fact, a complete set of wreck gear were taken in the Dingadee, and no effort will be spared to get the Cahors off.

POLITICAL CRISIS IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, FRIDAY MORNING.

ADELATDE, FRIDAY MORNING.

The no-confidence debate closed shortly before 1 o'clock this (Friday) morning, the Government being defeated by a majority of four votes. The discussion, which was of a warm and personal character in parts, was watched by eager crowds, who occupied every available space. The House adjourned until Tuesday next. The Government intend to resign.

ADELAIDE, FRIDAY. Mr. Colton tendered his resignation at 1 o'clock to-day, and advised that Mr. J. W. Downer be sent for. The Governor accepted the resignation, and sent for Mr. Downer, who has accepted the task of forming a Ministry. He has been engaged all the afternoon seeing the leading members of the Opposition, and expects to be able to report the formation of a Ministry to-morrow afternoon.

DEPARTURE OF ARCHBISHOP MORAN.

SYDNEY, MONDAY.

SYDNEY, Monday.

A large number of the Roman Catholic clergy attended at St. Mary's Cathedral this morning, and presented an address to Archibishop Moran prior to his departure for Rome. In acknowledging the address, Dr. Moran said that he was going to Rome in response to a telegram from the Pope, requesting his immediate presence. He did not know what the business was about, but it was his duty to go at once. He commended to their favourable consideration the Diocesan Seminary at Manly, which he wished to be a training college for students from all over Australia, and a stepping-stone to the university which United Australia would, he hoped, at no distant date possess.

The archbishop left Sydney for Melbourne by express. About 200 of the clergy and laity bade him farewell at the station. He was accompanied by the Rev. Dr. O'Haran, secretary, who will return at once, and by the Rev. Father Collins, chaplain, who accompanies the archbishop to Rome. Dr. Moran will be the guest of Bishop Moore, of Balfarat, until Friday, when he leaves Melbourne by the s.s. Austral.

EXTRAORDINARY DYNAMITE OUTRAGE.

SYDNEY, THURSDAY.

SYDNEY, Thursday.

An extraordinary dynamite outrage was perpetrated at Carcoar last night, by which a store and dwelling occupied by a Chinaman named Ah Lun, in Naylor-street, was wrecked. At about midnight a man and a boy knocked at the door of Ah Lun's store, and demanded to be supplied with fruit, threatening to shoot the Chinaman if he refused. They then proceeded to the side of the building, where a quantity of oranges were stored, and took as much fruit as they could carry. They went away, but shortly afterwards returned, and Ah Lun going outside received a violent blow on the forehead with a stone. He went inside immediately, when a loud explosion took place in the store, which tore up the floor of the building, and completely overturned the stock of groceries, &c. At the time of the explosion there were eight Chinamen in the house. The police subsequently arrested two brothers, named Joseph and William Rogers, navies, employed in the neighbourhood, one of whom was identified by the Chinaman as the man who presented a revolver at him. The explosion was heard at a distance of two miles away, and many persons thought that the magazine on the railway line had been blown up. Some houses in the neighbourhood were damaged. A quantity of dynamite cartridges and fuses and a revolver were found in the tent occupied by the prisoners.

THE COURTS.

SUPREME COURT.

The arguments on the application for a new trial in the suit of Malpas v. Malpas were concluded on Saturday, in the Supreme Court, before Mr. Justice Highbotham. His Honour reserved his decision.

from enteric fever. He proceeds shortly to England at his own request."
The Colonial Secretary has received from Colombo at elegram stating that Private Collister has died in the hospital. The other sick members of the contingent left at Colombo are improving in health.

ARRIVAL AT ALBANY.

ARRIVAL AT ALBANY.

The troopship Arab with the contingent on board arrived at Albany at a quarter to 9 this morning. She is expected to reach Sydney by the end of next week, probably Saturday or Sunday.

The Queensland Government have intimated their desire to be represented in Sydney at the demonstration for the reception of the contingent. It is understood that to Brisbane at noon to-day. The steamer boom to-day. The steamer both to Burwah proceeded the population of the cahing several horses which were swimming about in the sea. There are several other valuable horses on board the Cahors on board the Cahors from the Clarence Heads states that the from the Clarence Heads states that the from the Clarence Heads states that the from the Wreck with 30 of the crew, the second mate, and 130 mail bags. The captain and the chief officer remained to board. The Dione returns to the wreck in the mated their desire to be represented in Sydney this afternoon for the scene of the wreck with pumps and other assignee also objected to the decision, on the scene of the contingent. It is understood that Young claimed that the amount that he had advanced to the insolvent to enable him to purchase the property should be repaid to him before the other creditors were paid. Judge Noel decided that he was not entitled to be paid in full, but that he should be permitted to rank ratably with the creditors who had proved under the insolvency. Against this decision Young appealed. The assignee also objected to the decision, on the ground that Young was not entitled to receive anything till the other creditors were paid. The judges of the Supreme Court on Monday differed in their opinion on the subject, Mr. Justice Higinbotham being of opinion that Judge Noel's decision should be confirmed and the proceeds of the property divided ratably between Young and the previous creditors. Mr. Justice Williams and Mr. Justice Holroyd were, however, of opinion that Young had no right to any portion of the proceeds of the property, and the decision of Judge Noel's was altered in accordance with the judgment of the majority of the Court.

Mr. Justice Higinbotham gave judgment in the Supreme Court on Monday on an appli-

ance with the judgment of the majority of the Court.

Mr. Justice Higinbotham gave judgment in the Supreme Court on Monday on an application to oust Mr. John Scarlett from office as councillor of the Murray riding of the shire of Towong. It was objected against Mr. Scarlett that he was not qualified to be rated for the shire, and therefore was not eligible to be elected as a councillor. It was said that his qualification was that of manager for a mining company, but affidavits were filed to show that he resided on the place for which he had been rated. His Honour held that he was entitled to be rated and to be elected as a councillor of the shire. He therefore refused the application to oust him from office. him from office.

He therefore refused the application to oust him from office.

A decision was given by Mr. Justice Holroyd in the Supreme Court on Monday in an action of Mercer v. Soverby, in which the plaintiff sought to recover damages from the defendant in consequence of the latter having wrongfully deprived him of an engine and some timber. Mercer had bought the property at a sheriff's sale on an execution issued by Sowerby against a person named Haselhurst, a mill owner at Daylesford. He, however, allowed the property to remain in Haselhurst possession. Subsequently, Sowerby issued another execution against Haselhurst on a judgment in the County Court, and sold the same property to satisfy that debt, and in consequence of that Mercer claimed from him the value of the goods of which he had been deprived. Mr. Justice Holroyd found all the facts in dispute in favour of Mercer, but pointed out that the sale note from the sheriff's officer to Mercer was not registered as a bill of sale, and he thought that the effect of that omission ought to be considered. He, therefore, instead of giving a final judgment on the matter, directed that either the plaintiff or the defendant might afterwards apply to the Court to enter judgment for him.

At the last sittings of the Supreme Court, in its criminal jurisdiction, a young man named Charles Fitzgibbon was convicted on

At the last sittings of the Supreme Court, in its criminal jurisdiction, a young man named Charles Fitzgibbon was convicted on a charge of assaulting a girl named Annie Knight, at the quarantine station, Point Nepean. During the trial evidence was tendered on behalf of the prisoner to show that prior to the alleged assault the prisoner and the girl had been on familiar terms with each other. Mr. Justice Higinbotham, who tried the case refused to receive the evidence, but other. Mr. Justice Highnbotham, who tried the case, refused to receive the evidence, but consented to state a case for the opinion of the Full Court, as to whether the evidence should be received or not. The Full Court on Monday held that the evidence was admissible, set aside the conviction, and directed that a new trial should be held.

sible, set aside the conviction, and directed that a new trial should be held.

An action of Collard v. Hill was recently tried in the Supreme Court, in which the plaintiff sought to recover damages for breach of an agreement made by the defendant to take him into partnership in a store at Dimboola. The jury awarded the plaintiff £282 as damages, but a question was reserved for the opinion of the Supreme Court whether the plaintiff could recover more than nominal damages. The Court on Tuesday decided that the plaintiff was entitled to the damages that the jury had awarded, as he had been induced to give up one situation in order to join the proposed partnership, and was led to believe that he would receive from £360 to £800 a year out of the business.

In February last a farmer named Wm. Nuttall, residing at Heidelberg, was summoned before the local justices on two charges of using abusive language to Lieut. colonel Price, and also of using indecent language to him. The justices fined Nuttall on both charges. He paid the fine for the first, but on Wednesday applied to the Supreme Court to quash the conviction on the second, on several grounds. The principal objection to the conviction was that it was in effect punishing him twice over for the same offence, as the abusive and the indecent language were used on one and the same occasion, and as he was fined for it as for using abusive language, he could not also be fined for using indecent language. The Court held that the objection was a good one, and quashed the conviction, but without costs. quashed the conviction, but without

and quashed the convection, but without costs.

An appeal was heard in the Supreme Court on Wednesday from a decision given in the County Court in an action of Carver v. Wm. M'Culloch and Co. Limited, in which the plaintiff sought to recover damages against the company for breach of a contract to carry a portmanteau for her from the Spencer-street railway station to her residence. Plaintiff arrived in Melbourne by train on the night of the 12th September, 1884. She left her portmanteau at the luggage office, receiving a ticket which entitled the bearer of it to apply for and obtain the portmanteau. This ticket she left at the company's office the same night, placing it in the letter-box, with a direction to send the portmanteau to her house. As she did not receive her property, inquiries were made, and it was ascertained that some one had on the 13th September, presented the ticket at the railway office, and had obtained possession of the portmanteau. The company denied knowing anything about the matter. In the County Court it was decided that the company was liable, and a verdict was returned for the plaintiff for £32 10s. Against this decision the company appealed on the ground that there was no evidence that it had ever undertaken to deliver the portmanteau. The Supreme Court on Wednesday held that there was evidence that the company admitted its liability, and therefore dismissed the appeal with costs.

The question of how far conversations between a client and his legal adviser are prividef of the third state of the command of Captain Deformation of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion of motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion of the motion of the motion of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion of the motion in favour of proteins of the command of the motion of the moti