Abbreviations - aluk

Abbreviations

Abbreviations

in the entry headers:

- suffix that can stand in final position

-..- suffix in mediate position, other suffixes

must follow

dependent (verb) root, always needs suffixes
 attached to it (no more used in new entries,

cf. v. below)

deleting suffix (deletes final consonant or -

very rarely - vowel of preceding morpheme)

part of speech:

n noun

v verb (all verb roots are dependent and

require suffixes attached to them!)

nn affix attached to noun roots, derives a noun

vv affix attached to verb roots, derives a verb

nv affix attached to noun roots, derives a verb

(verbalizer)

vn affix attached to verb roots, derives a noun

(nominalizer)

pr.dem demonstrative pronoun

pr.int interrogative pronoun (for questions)

case marker for nouns

cas+ps special form of case marker when combined

with possessive markers

inti interjection

ptcl particles (do not change morphologically and

rarely take suffixes)

num numerals (usually behave like nouns)

mood mood suffix without personal endings (in

those cases where both elements can be

distinguished, like in the participial mood)

inflectional suffix for verbs, expressing

number and person (and often mood)

entries:

ABL ablative case (nouns): from
CS causative mood (verbs): because

CND conditional mood (verbs): when, if

DAT dative case (nouns): with
DIM diminutive endings: small, lit

DIM diminutive endings: *small*, *little*GEN genitive case (nouns): (possessor)

ERG ergative ending (nouns): (agent, carrier of

action)

PS posessive ending (nouns), either as personal

PT participial/simultaneous mood (verbs): while

endings or in combination with case endings

..., -ing

SIM similaris case (nouns): *like*VIAL vialis case (nouns): *through*

references:

[AS79] Alex **Spalding**: Eight Inuit Myths (NMMS

59), 1979

[EN02] Elke Nowak: Einführung ins Inuktitut (Ms.,

Halle/S.), 2002

[IK79] Ivan Kalmár: Case and context in Inuktitut

(NMMS 49), 1979

[KH74] Kenn Harper: Some aspects of the Eskimo

dialects... (NMMS 15), 1974

[KH74] Kenn Harper: Suffixes of the Eskimo

dialects... (NMMS 54), 1979

[KR30] Knud Rasmussen: Iglulik & Caribou

Eskimo Texts (Thule Exped. vol 7),

Kopenhagen 1930

[LS78] Lawrence Smith: A survey of the

derivational postbases of Labrador Inuttut

(NMMS 45), 1978

A - a

-a ps. (variant of -nga). SEE: -nga.

-~a- vv. (prolongued action). LS78 has -Xa(k), AS79 glosses repeatedly.

a'aa intj. ouch! [AS79]

agiaq n. file. [KR30]

inf

agleraq n. table. [KR30]

aglu n. seal's breathing-hole. [AS79]

ai v. go home. aivuq he goes home [KR30]

aikłiq v. fetch. [AS79]

aipaq n. wife-swapping partner. [AS79]

aitigiq n. inner coat. [KR30]

ajagaq v. play cup-and-ball.

— n. cup-and-ball apparatus. [AS79]

ajaq v. push. [AS79]

aki n. meat bench. [AS79]

aktuq n. sea animal. [AS79]

aku n. river mouth. [AS79]

akulliq n. middle one. [AS79]

akuni n. a while, a long time interval. [AS79]

akuq n. back flap of parka. [AS79]

aluk v. lick. [MF94]

- aluk nn. large, impressive. iglualuk - a large house.

alupiq+ aasit

Siniktualuugavit. You sleep a great deal. umiaraaluk - a large boat. VARIANT: -raaluk (after VV). — vn/vv. exaggerated, aggrandized. VARIANT: -aaluk. [GRAM: Always after gerundive optional endings.] **alupiq**+ v. *lick thoroughly*. (like dogs). [AS79, MF94] aluut n. spoon. [KR30] -allak- vv. easily, simple. Ikajuallalagit. Let me simple help you. Qiaraallagit. Just cry. VARIANT: -raallak-(after VV). [GRAM: Usually with IMP or PART mood endings.] allik loc. *underneath. [AS79] amaruq n. wolf. [AS79] amiq n. skin on the body. USAGE: Rasmussen: means exclusively "caribou skin" in Iglulik dialect. [AS79] amisut n. many. [AS79] amma ptcl. again. [AS79] anaq n. shit, dung. [AS79] anaana n. mother. [AS79] **ani**+ v. go out. [AS79] anik n. elder brother. USAGE: female speaking. [AS79] Aningaat name. (name). -aniq vv. *finish. [GRAM: Probably incorrect, underlying form unclear!] [KH79] anna pr.dem. that one. (far, on same level, visible, dynamic/extended). SEE: apkua 'those'. [MF94] anniq v. stingy, tight fisted. [AS79] anniri v. cherish sb., stingy with. [AS79] -annuk nn. DIM. VARIANT: -rannuk (after VV). annuraaq n. caribou skin coat. [KR30] angiq Rv. agree. [AS79] angiqqaq v. *reach home. [AS79] angirqaq n. home, way home. [AS79; MF94] angirqa(q)+v. go home, be at home. [AS79; MF94] angmaniq n. rip, puncture. [AS79] angut(i) n. man. -apik nn. DIM. Igluapik - a little house. Arnaapik - a nice woman. VARIANT: -raapik. [KH79] apkua pr.dem. those. (far, on same level, visible, dynamic/extended). SYN: akkua. SEE: anna 'that one'. [AS79, MF94]

- aq nn. DIM, (subordinate). Derives subordinate meanings from certain stems: sikuaq fresh sea-ice siku sea-ice ukiag late autumn ukiuk winter bracelet, watch taliq arm taliag naujaaq young seagull nauja seagull [KH79] -aq+ nv. arrive at. SEE: -ngau- 'motion towards a place'. VARIANT: -q- ((when followed by pronominal suffix)); -uq-. [KH79] aqilluqqaaq n. soft snow. [AS79] aqqaq v. go down out of sight. [AS79] **aquip** v. go hunting. [KR30] arjaq v. carry. [KH79] -arjuk nn. small. irniarjuga my small son. VARIANT: -raarjuk (after VV). [KH79] arnaq n. woman, female. arnarsiaq n. foster mother. [KR30] asia ? another. [KR30] asiu v. get lost. [KR30] **asu** v. that's it. [AS79] **asuilaaq** ptcl. that being so..., as definitely decided..., right on! [AS79] atausiq num. one. [AS79] ataa loc. underneath, bottom. [AS79] ataata n. father. [AS79] **atiq** n. name. [AS79] atiq+ v. go out on the ice. [KR30] atiqtaq n. polar-bear cub. [AS79] atqaq v. dive. [KR30] **atuq**+ v. *use*. [AS79] atuut n. song. [KR30] auja n. summer. [AS79] aula+ v. moving. [LS78; KR30] aullaq v. leave. [AS79] auma(q) n. ember, glowing coal. [AS79] aumayaaq v. very hot. SEE: auma(q) 'ember'. [AS79] avani loc. over there. (far, dynamic/spread out, visible). [MF94] avinngaq n. lemming. [AS79]

Aa

-aa- vv. (group action). [PHON: Deletes preceding vowel.1 aakka ptcl. no. [AS79, RS30] aamilaang ptcl. sure!, truly! [KR30]

aanniq v. hurting. [AS79] **aasit** ptcl. as usual. USAGE: exclamation. [AS79]

G - g

-gai--guuq

-gai- vv. each time, whenever, HAB. USAGE: Only going to speak. VARIANT: -jaqtuq- (sometimes after Cumberland Peninsula dialect. SEE: -jaraanga-. [V]); -riaqtuq- (after -q). [KH79] VARIANT: -rai- (after -q). [GRAM: With Causative Mood **-gik** infl. 4d.pt.itr. [KH74] to express habitual action.] [KH79] -gik infl. [dual object]. Part of many transitive -galait nn. (collective), (characteristic). inugalait - a inflectional endings, denoting the dual object. [AS79] -git group of people, people in general. qadlunaat infl. 2s.OPT. [KH74] niqigalangit Whiteman's **-git** infl. 4p.pt.itr. [KH74] food. USAGE: Cumberland dialect, NBI is -rujuit. VARIANT: **-git** infl. *1s*=2*sO.OPT*. [KH79] -galat. [GRAM: Only used with Plural.] [KH79] -gitsi infl. 2p.OPT. VARIANT: -gitsi (after k); -ritsi (after -galuaq vv. quite, pretty **q**); **-ttitsi** (after **t**). [KH74] much SO. Akikittukuluugaluaq. Itreally quite **-gittik** infl. 2d.OPT. [KH74] inexpensive. Pijumajungaugaluag kisiani - giik nn. pairing, partnership of two. VARIANT: -riik-(after -q); -(i)giik- (after -t). ajurama. Although I'd quite like to, I can't. Expresses some sort of limitiation of the action or state. Examples: VARIANT: -kaluaq (after -k and -t); -raluaq (after ikinguitigiik two friends -q). [GRAM: Follows the Gerundive form or the nuliariik married couple Intransitive with the verbalizer -u- inserted in front of irniriik father and son it.] [KH79] irngutariik grandparent & grandchild **-galuag-** vv. actually, really, although, however. [KH79] Tiiturumagaluarama. I'd actually like some tea. **-~giit** nn. group of three or more. VARIANT: -kaluaq- (after -k and -t); -raluaq- (after ikingutigiit friends -q). [KH79] - nn. former. nuliaraluara - my ex-wife. VARIANT: infl. 4s.pt. [KH74] -gu -(i)galuaq- (after -t); -raluaq- (after -q). [KH79] **-guk** infl. we (two). [KH74] **-gama** infl. *Is.CS*. [KH74] **-guk-** nv. in need of. VARIANT: **-ruk-** (after **-q**). **-gami** infl. 3s.CS. [KH74] niqiguktuq he's hungry **-gamik** infl. 3d.CS, 3p.CS. [KH74] imiruktuq he's thirsty -gannuk infl. *Id.CS*. [KH74] kujaguktuq he's horny -gaq vn. (Nominalizer, inherently passive). [KH79] Examples: **-gulu** nn. little wretched, meager. this terrible thing imigaq soft drink ungulu maligaq rule, law igluguluga my wretched house [KH79] kujagaq prostitute **-guma** infl. *Is.CND*. [KH74] tusagaksaq announcement **-guni** infl. *3s.CND*. [KH74] [KH79] **-gassi** infl. 2p.CS. [KH74] **-gunik** infl. *3d.CND*, *3p.CND*. [KH74] **-gassik** infl. 2d.CS. [KH74] -gunnuk infl. *1d.CND*. [KH74] **-gatta** infl. *Is.CS*. [KH74] **-gussi** infl. 2*p.CND*. [KH74] **-gavit** infl. 2s.CS: 'bacause you...'. [KH74] **-gusuk-** vv. feeling... VARIANT: **-rusuk-** (after **-q**). -gaai- vv. habitually. [KH79] nagligusuktuq s/he's in love -gaak- vv. habitually. [LS78] annirusuktuq s/he feels greed **-ggiq-** nv. brings along with. [KH79] kiimigusuktuq she feels hatred **-gi-** nv. possess, have as, have as relation. [GRAM: Has sinigusuktuq reflexive meaning when used with Intransitive endings.] [KH79] replaced by -gi-.] [KH79] -givv. again. Takugivara. I see it again. VARIANT: -ki **-gut** infl. we. [KH74] (after -k); -ri (after -q); -ni (after -t). [GRAM: Never used with Imperative, Causative or Conditional mood through. [KH79] **-gutta** infl. *lp.CND*. [KH74] and in the Indicative never followed by Gerundive **-guvit** infl. 2s.CND. [KH74] endings. The corresponding suffix for these cases is -mi-.] [KH79]

she feels sleepy [GRAM: Only intransitive usage, for transitives it is **-gut** cas. (possessive form of vialis case ending:) **-guuq** vv/nn. "it is said", "s/he said that..." (= -giaq- vv. begin to. VARIANT: -riaq- (after -q). [KH79] reporting discourse). VARIANT: -ruuq (after -q). -giaqtuq- vv. going to do. Uqariaqtuqtut. We are [GRAM: Always in final position.] [KH79]

ibjangu ivik+

l - i

ibjangu v. choke for breath. SEE: ipi+; ipit+. [GRAM: -innaq- vv. always. Siniinnaqtuq. He is always ipi+ suffocate + -anga almost ?] [KH79] sleeping. [KH79] **ibjuri** v. squeamish, complain over. [AS79] -innaujaq- vv. almost always. Ninngainnaujaqtutit. You seem to be always angry. [KH79] igalaaq n. window. [AS79] inniaq n. hide that is drying. SYN: iniaq. [MF94] iglaq v. laugh. [AS79] iglu n. house. **inni(q)**+ v. stretch hide for drying. SEE: **ini**+. [MF94] -ijaq- nv. removal of; coldness in bodypart. VARIANT: **innitait** n. indoor drying rack. [MF94] -aijaq- (after -t). inuk n. person. ingala v. shy away. [AS79] Examples: Isigaijaqtunga. I have cold feet ingiqqa v. travel. [AS79] Aggaijaqpiit? Are your hands cold? **ingit**+ v. *sit. [AS79] **ingmik** n. self, alone, by oneself. [AS79] Annuraijaqtuq. He takes off his clothes. Aputaijaqpara. ipi+ v. die of suffocation. [MF94] He brushed the snow from it. ipit+ v. suffocate. [MF94] [KH79] iji n. eye. [AS79] **ipu** n. handle. [AS79] ijukkaq v. fall down. [KR30] -iq- nv. remove, lack. Imaiqtugut. We are out of ikajuq+ v. help. water. Gaangiqsivuq paunngamik. He peels an iki v. *light a fire. [AS79] orange. VARIANT: -aiq (after t). [KH79] ikiaq n. inner space, space between, lining. [AS79] igaluk n. fish. [AS79] ikka v. right over there. (predicative form; far, less **Iqit** name. (name). [AS79] iqqa Rv. ready. iqqanaiq+ (= iqqa + -naq) finish, get accessible, visible, non-dynamic, on same level as speaker). SEE: inna 'that one across'. [PHON: form *done* [KR30] with prefixed ta- is taika, not taikka] [AS79] -iqsuq- nv. ...times. Pingasuiqsurlugu takujara. I saw him three times. USAGE: only with number words, **iksuma** dem.pro. that across. (far, non-dynamic, visible, inaccessible; relative pronoun). VARIANT: itsuma. except "one". [KH79] [GRAM: (absolutive sg. pronoun inna and tainna, plural irni v. give birth. [AS79] pronoun ikkua, adverb ikani and taikani, predicative irniq n. son. ikka and taika)] [AS79, MF94] isiaq+ v. smoke. [AS79] ikuma n. lamp flame. [AS79] isiq n. smoke from fire. [AS79] ila n. companion, relative. [AS79] isig+ v. enter. ili isuma v. think. [AS79] v. put. [AS79] ilirasuk v. embarrassed. [KR30] -it infl. (plural marker). [AS79] -itilu n. inside, interior. [AS79] nv. is. Variant: -ip- ((with following -p)). [PHON: -illi- nv. injure. Tunuillijuq. He has damaged his back. Final **-t** assimilates with following consonant: -it > USAGE: limited. [KH79] -ip / __p.] [GRAM: Usually follows nouns in the locative imanna pr.dem. like this. [AS79] case.] [KH79] itigak n. foot. [AS79] imaq n. water, liquid. [AS79] **imiq** n. drinking water. [AS79] itiq n. asshole, rectum. [AS79] itiq v. enter. [AS79] imnaq n. cliff wall. [AS79] imngiq v. sing. [AS79] itirqut n. piss, urine. (plural form). SEE: itiruq. [AS79] itiruq n. piss. [AS79] n. *place*. [AS79] ini+ v. put out to dry. [AS79] ittuq n. old man. [AS79] iniaq See: inniaq. [AS79] **ivalu** n. *sinew threat*. [KR30] inna pr.dem. that one right over there. (far, less ivaq v. seek. [KR30] accessible, visible, non-dynamic, on same level as **ivik** n. *grass*, *sedge*. [AS79, MF94] ivik+ v. wipe grease from fingers. SEE: ivik 'grass'. [speaker). [AS79] innaq ? *old*. [KR30] -innaq nn. just, only. Natsiinnarnik nirivunga. I eat

only seal meat. [KH79]

-iit -kia(q)

li

-iit infl. 2Q.pol.

J - j

J ~ soundchanges note: . Suffixes beginning with -j-only appear as such after vowels, they can also occur with -g (after K and G), -r (after Q) and -t (after T). Multisyllabic suffixes beginning with -ja- retain this syllable as -ta after T but drop it altogether after K and Q.

- ja(k)- vv/nv. be (do)ing everywhere with a particular object in mind.

Example:

qinijuq he is searching

qinijavuq he is searching everywhere for a particular someone

[LS78]

-jaraanga- vv. whenever, each time, (habitual action).

USAGE: Only N.Baffin Island, South Baffin Island equivalent is -gai-. VARIANT: (K:) -kaanga-; (Q:)

-raanga-; (T:) -taraanga-; (rare:) -gaanga-. [
KH79]

-jariaq vv. *must*. [GRAM: Always followed by **-qaq** *have* as or **-lik**.] [AS79]

-jariaqsaq vn. [gerundive form]. (i.e. the word created is treated as a noun).

— vv. wether or not. SEE: -jariaq 'must'; -ksaq 'material for'. [AS79]

-jau- vv. (passivizer). VARIANT: -tau-.

tukisijuq understands tukisijaijuq is understood

takujuq sees takujaujuq is seen [KH79]

-jau- vv. [passivizer]. SEE: - ja(k)- '(dto. in Labrador)'. [

KH79]

- jaa- vv. be doing; in the process of; continuing action. [LS78]

-jj- ep. (epenthetic affix to avoid the sequence of three vowels or 1 long and 1 short vowels). [KH79]

-jjuti- vv. *each other. [AS79]

-ju- mood. (indicative mood, secondary form). [KH74]

-juaq nn/vn. big, great, large, a lot. VARIANT: -rjuaq (after V); -(i)rjuaq (after -t). [KH79]

-~juit- vv. rarely, never. KH79 gives rarely,_seldom; LS78 has never -- in the latter sense it also appears in the texts AS79. VARIANT: **-suit-**; **-tuit-**. [PHON: Inuttut: [juik], contrasts with [juiq] "no longer".] [KH79]

-juma- vv. desire. Variant: -guma- (after k); -ruma- (after q); -tuma- (after -t). [KH79]

-junnai- vv. no more, not able anymore. [AS78]

-junnaq- vv. able. [KH79]

-junniiq vv. no more. [AS79]

-juq infl. 3s.itr.

-jut infl. *3pIND'*. [KH79]

-juummi- vv. a little. REF: KR30:16_05 ...qikarjuumilirit. Stand still! USAGE: Obviously common with Optative endings. VARIANT: after [V]: -jjuummi.

isumajjuummilaurit Think at least a little!

pitsiarjuummigit Behave a little!

uqarjuummilaurit Speak a little!

[KH79]

K - k

-k infl. *they (two)*. [KH74]

kagjuaq n. mother's brother. [KR30]

kaki Rv. prick. [AS79]

kakiak n. fork. [AS79]

kakkik n. snot. [AS79]

kamik n. boot.

— v. *put on boots*. [AS79]

kanaak n. shin. [AS79]

kannuuja n. copper. [AS79]

kanngu(suk) v. ashamed. [AS79]

kangi v. tie around the waist. [AS79]

kangiq n. snowhouse vent. [AS79]

kappiasuk v. afraid. [AS79]

kapuq v. stab. [AS79]

katak n. doorway. [AS79]

katluq n. thunder. [KR30]

kia pr.int. whose? [AS79]

-kia(q) nn. uncertainty: "I wonder...". (KH79 has -kia, AS79 -kiaq, LS78 -kiak).

sunakiaqI wonder whatkinakiaqI wonder whoqangakiaqI don't know whentaannalikiawhat about him?

[AS79]

kigli -mit

kigli n. edge, border. [AS79] [KH791 kigut n. tooth. [AS79] -kkut cas. VIAL. [KH79] **kina** pr.int. *who?* [AS79] - ksaq nn. material for. [AS79] kingaq n. hill. [PHON: Rasmussen has kinngaq.] [AS79] **kubviri** v. pour over. [AS79] kingmik n. heel. [AS79] kukik n. finger nail, toe-nail. [AS79] kisiani ptcl. only, yet. [EN02; AS79] **-~kuluk** nn. 1) small, little. 2) poor, miserable. **kisu** pr.int. what? [KR30] nv. [expressing endearment]. SEE: -ruluk. -kitak vv. *little. (KH79 only has -kit small). [AS79] [GRAM: Follows the nominalizer -tuq.] [KH79] **kiu** v. answer. [KR30] kumak n. louse. [AS79] kiinaq n. face. [AS79] kunik v. kiss. [AS79] -~kkanniq- vv. again. kuuk n. river. [AS79] ugakkanigtug is speaking again giakkaniligtug starts to cry again L - I -la(k)- nv. say repeatedly. [LS78] **-~lik** nn. *who has*. [AS79] **-langa** infl. *1s.OPT*. [KH74] -liq- vv. becoming. [AS78] **-~liq-** vv. *now*. [KH74] -**~lauq** vv. *PAST*. [AS79] - liu(q) nv. make, build. **~-laa(q)** nn/nv. repeatedly. Entry not in KH79. [PHON: LS78 has -laa(k) for Inuttut.] [LS78] nn/vv. and, also. VARIANT: - u. [KH79] -lu- mood. (participal mood, future). [KH74] -li infl. 3s.OPT.[KH74] -li-**-luk** infl. *1d.OPT*. [KH74] vv. becomes. Angilivuq. It becomes larger. **-lik** infl. *3d.OPT*. [KH74] LI - II -llu- mood. (participal mood, non-future). [KH74] Ł - ∤ -łu mood. *PT*. [KH74] M - m -magik infl. 4s=3d.CS, "because he (4)... them(3) mannimi v. patient. [AS79] *dual)*". [KH74] maquk n. rain. [KR30] marruuk num. two. [AS79] majja dem.pro. this here (visible, close, dynamic/animate). (pronoun form). SEE: manna 'this **-mi** cas. *in*, *by*, *at* (*LOC*). [KH79] here (predicative form)'. [RL80] -mi ps. his (one) [w/case endings]. [KH79] makpiq v. turn back, turn over. [AS79] -mi vv. again, also. [KH79] makua pr.dem. these. (close, visible, dynamic/extended). mia vv. [continuative aspect:] continuing action. [SEE: manna 'this one'. [AS79] LS78] malik v. follow, obey. [AS79] -miał- vv. *into water. situmiallarami (AS79) **maliraaluk** n. long-tailde duck. [KR30] because he slid down into the water [AS79] mani v. here. manivakkaluarłuni... he stood as he -mik cas. (accusative / object case). [KH74] should... [KR30_16] miluq+ v. throw at. [AS79] *-mani ? *CS. [KR30_16] mimiq n. thigh. [KR30] minngiq v. thrust at, charge. [KR30] maniq n. lamp-wick moss. [AS79] minguaq v. smear. [AS79] manna dem. this (visible, here close, dynamic/animate). (predicative form). SEE: majja misuk v. plunge. [AS79] 'this here (demonstrative pronoun)'. [RL80] **-mit** cas. from (ABL). [KH74]

-muaq paagutsit

-muaq nv. go toward. nunamuarmannguuq ...as he reached the land. (LS78 has -muak for Inuttut, we infer -muaq for Inuktitut. May contain -mut dative

marker.). SEE: - aq "arrive at". [LS78] -mut cas. with (DAT). [KH74]

N - n

-na- mood. (participal mood, negated). [KH74] **naivip** v. throw away. [KR30]

najak n. man's younger sister. [AS79]

naniq v. stand upright. [KR30]

nanuq n. polar bear.

-naq vv. cause X. [PHON: LS78 has -nak for Inuttut.] [KH79, LS78]

nasarługaq n. hat, cap. [KR30]

-nasugi vv. think that. Variant: -rasugi (after -q). [AS791

natsiq n. ringed_seal.

nauja n. sea-gull. [KH79]

naulik v. spear. [AS79]

naamak v. enough. [AS79]

infl. he, she, it (intrans., participal). [KH74]

-ni ps. *his (one)*. [KH79]

-ni cas. (possessive form of locative case ending:) at, *by*. [KH79]

-niaq vv. [near future]. [KH79, LS78]

niaquq n. head. [AS79]

nibliq v. make noise. (This my be a combination of **nipi** 'voice' and -li '?'.). SEE: nipi "voice". [KH79]

-nik cas. (possessive form of accusative case ending). [

- nilaak nn. **indeed. [AS79]

ninngaq v. annoyed. [AS79]

nipi n. tape, voice.

-niq vv. [Past unperceived]. [KH79]

niqi n. food. SEE: niri. [AS79]

-niqsaq vn. (comparative) "-er". [AS79]

-nirai- vv. [quotative]; [reporting action]. SEE: -niraq-'(transitive equivalent of -nirai-)'. [GRAM: Only with intransitive endings.] [KH79]

-niraq vv. [quotative]; [reporting action]. SEE: -nirai '(intransitive equivalent of -niraq-)'. [GRAM: Only with transitive endings.] [KH79]

niri+ v. eat.

nirjuq n. game; food animal. [AS79]

-nit cas. (possessive form of ablative case ending:) from. [KH79]

-nngit vv. NEG.

-nnguaq nn. resembling. nunannguaq тар inunnguaq doll

> pretend, act like, make believe. vv. sininguaqtuq pretends to be sleeping [AS79]

nui v. coming up out of sth. into view. [AS79]

-nuk infl. we (two; intrans. participal). [KH74]

nulip v. go to bed. [KR30]

nuliq n. patent of one's child spouse. [KH79]

nuna n. *land*. [KH79]

nurtqaq v. stop. [KR30]

-nut cas. (possessive form of dative case ending). [KH79]

nutarag n. child.

ng

- -nga infl. *I; me*. [KH74]
- **-nga** ps. his (4) (one). [KH79]
- -ngau v. go towards. SEE: -aq+ 'arrive at'. [AS79]
- **-ngik** ps. *his*(4) *two...* [KH74]
- -ngila- infl. (indicative negative). [KH74]
- **-ngit** ps. its/his/her (plural). [AS79]
- **-ngmagit** infl. *4s=3p.CS*. [KH79]

- **-ngmagu** infl. *4s=3s.CS*. [KH79]
- **-ngmat** infl. 4s.CS. [KH74]
- **-ngmatik** infl. *4s.CS*. [KH74]
- -ngnut case. dative case ending for dual and plural. [PHON: Preceding root-final consonant is deleted. In the dual the preceding vowel is lengthened.] [AS79]

P - p

paliq n. lamp flame that dies. SEE: palli(q) 'dry'. [AS79, MF941

palli(q) v. *dry*. [AS79]

pamiqsa v. rear, nurture, foster, bring up. [AS79]

pana n. knife. SEE: savik. [KR30]

panik n. daughter.

-pat infl. 4s.CND. [KH74]

-patik infl. 4s.CND. [KH74]

pauq n. soot. [AS79]

paagutsit n. drying rack. [KR30]

pisuk+ singai

```
pisuk+ v. walk.
pisulu+ v. stroll. See: pisuk+ "walk". [ KH79]
pitik v. shoot. [ AS79]
```

pitiksik n. hunting bow. [AS79]
puiguq v. forget, forgive. [AS79]

Q - q

-q infl. he; she; it. [KH74] **qaggi** v. feast, celebrate. [AS79] **qaji** v. understand. [KR30] qalu v. ladle. [AS79] **qamit** v. extinguish. [AS79] qanit loc. close, near. [AS79; MF94] qanuq pr.int. how? [AS79] qanga ptcl. when. qangataq v. rise up into the air. [AS79] qangiaq n. passer-by. [AS79] -~qa(q)- nv. have. [KH79] qaqsauq n. kind of loon (red-throated loon). [KR30_16; AS79] qarsuq n. cartridge, arrow. [KR30] **-qati** vn. partner, companion. [AS79] -qattaq- vv. often, regularly. [KH74] qau v. become day. [AS79] qauk n. dawn. [AS79] qaukpat ptcl. tomorrow. qaa n. surface. [AS79] qia+ v. cry.

qilaqsuq v. tie. [MF94] qiluk v. yelp. [AS79] qima v. runa away. [AS79] qimak+ v. leave behind. [AS79] **qimmiq** n. *dog*. [AS79] **qimmuk** v. pull, tow. [AS79] qinalugaq n. white whale. USAGE: Only Iglulik and Aivilik, in surrounding dialects **qilalugaq**. [KR30] qinga n. nose. [AS79] **qirniq** v. *black*. [KH79] qisiq n. skin. [KR30] qitiq n. waist, middle. [AS79] qituk v. scratch. [AS79] qiturngaq n. child. Syn: nutaraq. [AS79] qiuqqut n. chest, box. [KR30] **-~qu** vv. want sb. to. [AS79, KH79] **qui** v. urinate. [AS79] quini v. thick, broad, fat. [KR30] qulliq n. oil lamp. [AS79] quqiuti n. gun. quviasuk v. happy. [AS79]

R - r

-riaksaq SEE: -jariaksaq. [AS79]
-rulu nn/nv. terrible, worthless, [scorn, derogation].
SEE: -rulu-.
qimmiq dog qimmirulu terrible dog
nirijuq he eats nirijurulu he (that jerk) is
eating

qikaq v. stand still. [KR30] **qilaq** v. knit, weave. [AS79]

[KH79]

-rulu- vv. [scorn], [derogation]. SEE: -rulu.
sinirulunngilutit Don't you darn sleep!
anirulugit Get the hell out!
[KH79]

S - s

-si infl. you (more than two). [KH74]
-si nv. perceive, sight (eg. an animal). [AS79]
-si- vv. be now in the process of; have begun doing. [AS79; LS78]
-sik vn. (nominalizer). [LS78]
siku n. sea-ice. [KH79]
sikumngiq+ v. close eyes. VARIANT: sikunngiq. [AS79]
-sima- vv. (perfective aspect); already, completed. [KH79]
sina n. edge. [AS79]
singai v. pregnant. [AS79]

siqiniq -tuq

siqiniq n. sun, sunny side, south. [AS79]

siqinni(q) v. sunny. [MF94]

-siqtuq vv. pretend. (LS78 has also be proud for Inuttut -sittu(k).). [AS79]

sirmiq v. rub liquid or salve with hand. [AS79]

situ v. slide down, slip, go downriver. [AS79]

-suk vn. [nominalizer]. (Not in KH79 but obviously of widespread use.). [LS78]

-suka nn. *blade. (neither in KH nor in LS). [AS79]

suna pr.int. *what?* [AS79]

sunauvva intj. *imagine!* SEE: **suna** 'what'; **uvva** 'this'. [AS79, MF94]

supi v. blow out. [AS79]

 ${f suuq}$ pr.int. why? ${f suurmi}$ why not?, go ahead! ${f suurlu}$ as if [AS79; MF94]

T - t

-t infl. *they* (*more than two*). [KH74]

-t infl. *PL*. [KH79]

-t- vv. [transitivizer].

tuqu+ die
tuqut+ kill

[KH79]

ta- loc. (prefix for demonstratives, may express reference to a previously mentioned fact or participant). [RL80]

-ta infl. *lp.pt.itr*. [KH74]

-ta infl. *lp.OPT*. [KH74]

-ta cas. (possessive form of genitive/ergative after 4th person ending). [KH79]

tagvalu ptcl. indeed. [PHON: contains ta-?] [KR30_16]

taimanna dem. like that. [AS79]

taimna pr.dem. that one of long ago (invisible). [GRAM: contains ta-] [AS79]

taipkua pr.dem. those unseen ones in the past. [GRAM: contains ta-] [AS79]

taku+ v. see.

talig n. *arm*. [KH79]

talit+ v. go out of sight. [AS79]

tamua v. chew, masticate. [AS79]

-taq nv. gather, hunt, collect.

Examples:

imiqtaqtuqgets water

niqitaqtuq gets food

[AS79]

-taq vn/nn. thing (Nominalizer). [KH79]

taqqiq n. moon. [AS79]

tasiq n. lake. [AS79]

tasiuq+ v. take by the hand. SEE: -siuq- "catch, hunt". [

tautu v. seeing (being able to see). [AS79]

tauvani See: ta- '(prefix)'; avani 'over there'. VARIANT: taavani. [AS79]

-taa- vv. while, during. SEE: - jaa-. [LS78]

taamna dem. that one. [GRAM: contains ta-] [AS79]

-taaq 1) nv. have got. (Has a perfective meaning.).

qimmiqtaaqtuq he got dogs

nuliaqtaaqpiit? Did you get a wife?

2)

— nn. *newly-acquired*.

saviktaara my newly acquired knife

tiguaqtaat your recently adopted child

[KH79]

ti n. main land. [AS79]

tigu+ v. pick up. [AS79]

tigumiaq v. hold in one's arms. [AS79]

tigusi v. grab, take a hold of. [AS79]

-tik infl. *you (two)*. [KH74]

-tik infl. 2d.ptr.itr, 3d.pt.itr, 3p.pt.itr. [KH74]

-tik ps. their (3rd person dual and plural). [KH74]

tikit+ v. arrive.

timi n. main part, body, inland. [AS79]

-tit infl. *you*. (2 sg. intrans.). [KH74]

-tit- $\forall v$. cause X, allow X. [KH79]

-tit- vv. (indicates that the subject of a coordinated clause differs from the subject of the verb that contains **-tit-**). USAGE: Only with participial mood. [KH79]

-tla(q) vv. unfortunately, exceedingly, too much, really,

wow! ... VARIANT: -łaq; -llaq. [LS78]

-tsi- vv. become X. Variant: -si-. [KH79]

- tsia(q) nn. fine, good.

— vv. well. Variant: **-ttia(q)**. [AS79]

- tuinnag nn. ordinary.

— vv. merely, "does nothing but...". [AS79]

tukisi+ *v*. understand.

tulugaq n. raven. [AS79]

tuni v. *give*. [AS79]

tunnuq n. caribou back fat. [AS79]

tunuk n. back. [AS79]

tungi loc. at foot of, at side of. USAGE: This root means towards, in direction of in the neighboring dialect areas to the east (Greenland) and west (Caribou, Mackenzie). [AS79; MF94]

tupiq n. *tent*. [KH79]

-tuq vn. *one who*. Not in KH79. VARIANT: **-juq** ((rare, after vowels)). [PHON: LS78 has /-tuk/ for Inuttut.] [GRAM: Looks like the personal ending of the 3rd person singular indicative. LS78 assumes an expansion of the

tuqu+ -vaat

use of this element as a derivational suffix denoting the agent.] [LS78]

tuqu+ v. *die*. [AS79]

turaaq+ v. aim. [AS79]

turlulak v. shout at. [AS79]

tursuuk n. porch. [AS79]

tusaq+ v. listen. [PHON: deletes final consonant of stem]

-tut cas. *SIM*. [KH74]

-tuu nv. *large*. [AS79]

tuugana v. ram. [AS79]

tuullik n. loon, great northern diver. [AS79]

tuuq n. ice chisel. [AS79]

U - u

- u- nv. *is.* (This is a verbalizer used to turn nouns into verbs.).

amaruq wolf **amaruuvunga** I am a wolf! [KH74]

ualli n. *small house. [AS79]

uglak v. visit. [AS79]

ui n. husband. [AS79]

uit v. open eyes. [AS79]

-uk infl. *him*, *her*. (3 sg. obj.). [KH79]

ukiuk n. winter. [KH79]

uku+ v. bend down. [KH79]

ukua n. daughter-in-law. [AS79]

ullak v. run. [AS79]

umiaq n. seal skin boat. Usage: (The plain plural form
 umiat in Greenlandic means boat +_crew, AS79
 has umijjat for boats.). [AS79]

umiu v. capsize, go overboard. [MF94]

umiijaq v. wreck a boat. [MF94]

una pr.dem. *this here*. (near speaker, visible, non-dynamic).

Forms:

absolutive sg. pronoun: una, taana relative sg. pronoun: uuma abs.& rel. pl. pronoun: ukua

localizing adverb: uvani, taggani

predicative (verb) uvva

[MF94]

unaaq n. harpoon. [AS79]

unnuk v. get dark, become evening. [AS79]

ungasik v. far away. [AS79]

ungua v. propel. [AS79]

-up cas. ergative cas (ERG); genitive case (GEN). [

KH79]

uqaq v. speak.

— n. tongue.

uqquutaq n. wind-shelter. [AS79]

urnik v. approach. [AS79]

usuk n. penis. [AS79]

- ut vn. tool for, instrument for. See: - utik.

qukittuqshootsqukiutgunnaalavuqlistensnaalautradio[LS78]

-~utik vn. tool for, instrument for. Usage: only Inuttut;

Inuktitut equivalent is -ut.

qukittukshootsqukiutikgunnaalavuklistensnaalautikradio

[LS78]

-*utik-1) vv. (action directed against so. or sth.);

[transitivizer].

uqavuq tells

uqautivuq tells someoneuqaalajuq is talking

uqaalautijuuq the two are talking to each other

2)

— vn. (sth. which is the object of the action).

allajuq writes

allautikwhat is being written ofkatimajutthey are meetingkatimautikissue for a meeting

[LS78]

uvva v. *this one here, here*. (near speaker, visible, non-dynamic). SEE: **una** 'this here'. [AS79]

V - v

-va infl. *3s.Q.* [KH74]

-vak infl. 3d.Q. [KH74]

-vak- vv. *often.* KH79 gives as gloss "common action" but translates the examples with "often". VARIANT: **-pak-** ((after C)). [KH79]

-**vak** nn. *big*. Not given in KH79. Probably related to -**vak**-. SEE: -**vak**-. [PHON: Inuttut [**ffak**]. As we only

know the Inuttut form, where /q/ and /k/ converge, we cannot predict wether the equivalent form in Nunavut is [vaq] or [vak].] [LS78]

-vat infl. 3p.Q. [KH74]

-vaa infl. 3s.Qpol.[KH74]

-vaak infl. *3d.Qpol.* [KH74]

-vaat infl. *3p.Qpol.* [KH74]

-vigit -vungaa

```
-vigit infl. 2s=3p.Q. [AS79]
```

-viniq nn. former.

— vv. PAST, PAST unperc./ger., (past marker); (unwitnessed past marker). VARIANT: -miniq.

-vinuk infl. *1d.Q.* (1st person dual interrogative: "do the two of us...?"). [KH74]

-vinuuk infl. 1d.Qpol. (1st person dual polar interrogative: "do the two of us... OR NOT?"). [KH74]

-visi infl. 2*p*.*Q*. [KH74]

-ViSii infl. 2*p.Qpol.* [KH74]

-vit infl. 2s.Q.

-vit cas+ps. 2s.PS.GEN, 2s.PS.ERG. [PHON: After [Q] it either changes to -qit or deletes the [Q]; cf.

tupiq tent > tupirqit or tupivit.]

-vita infl. *lp.Q.* [KH74]

-vitaa infl. *lp.Qpol.* [KH74]

-vitik infl. 2*d.Q.* [KH74]

-vitiik infl. 2d.Qpol. [KH74]

-viut(i) nn. *device for. SEE: -vik 'place of...'; -~ut 'tool
for'. [AS79]

-viit infl. 2s.Qpol.

-Vu- mood. *IND.itr*. [KH74]

-vunga infl. *Is.Q.* [KH74]

-vungaa infl. *1s.Qpol.* [KH74]

Total number of entries: 541