Evaluating Efficacy of the BG Lure Attractant Using Three Mosquito Trap Designs in the City of Alexandria, Virginia

Mid-Atlantic Mosquito Control Association February 28, 2008

Holly Feltner and Patricia Ferrao Alexandria Health Department Vector Borne Illness Prevention Program

City of Alexandria

Location in Proximity to the Washington DC Metropolitan Area and Mid-Atlantic States



OBJECTIVE

- To compare efficacy of the BG Lure in attracting adult Aedes albopictus (Asian Tiger mosquitoes) using three different routine surveillance trap types.
 - BG Sentinel Trap
 - CDC Light Trap
 - Fay-Prince Trap



Human Skin Odor in a Pouch

BG Lure mimics the scent of human skin and releases a mixture of several compounds for up to five months.

- >Lactic Acid
- ▶Fatty Acids
- > Ammonia



BG-Sentinel Trap (BG)



- Developed by BioGents GmbH (Germany)
- Attractant:
 - BG-Lure
 - CO₂ (dry ice)
- Collapsible
- 12V battery

Fay-Prince Trap (FP)



- Developed by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control, Technical Development Laboratory
- Attractant:
 - BG-Lure
 - CO₂ (dry ice)
- 6V battery

CDC Light Trap

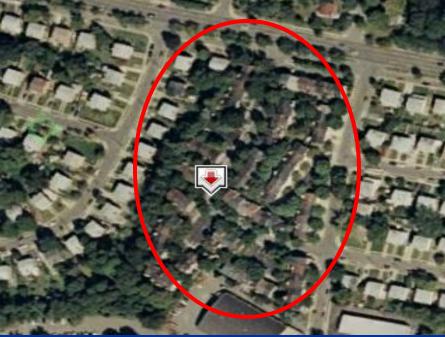
- Developed by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control
- Attractant:
 - BG-Lure
 - CO₂ (dry ice)
 - Light
- 6V battery



Study Site

Alexandria, VA ----





Cameron

- Knolls

Community

Trap Locations



Trap Locations



Trap Rotation

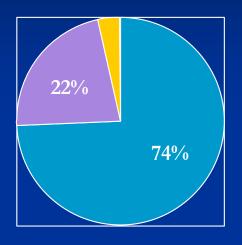


- Clockwise rotation
- 24 hr run time
- Each trap, at each location, once per week

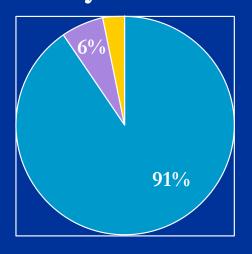
	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3
Location 1	BG	FP	CDC
Location 2	CDC	BG	FP
Location 3	FP	CDC	BG

Results: Top Three Mosquito Species

CDC

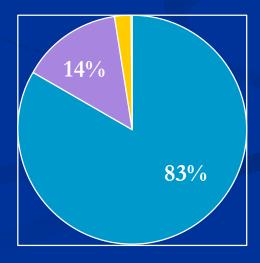


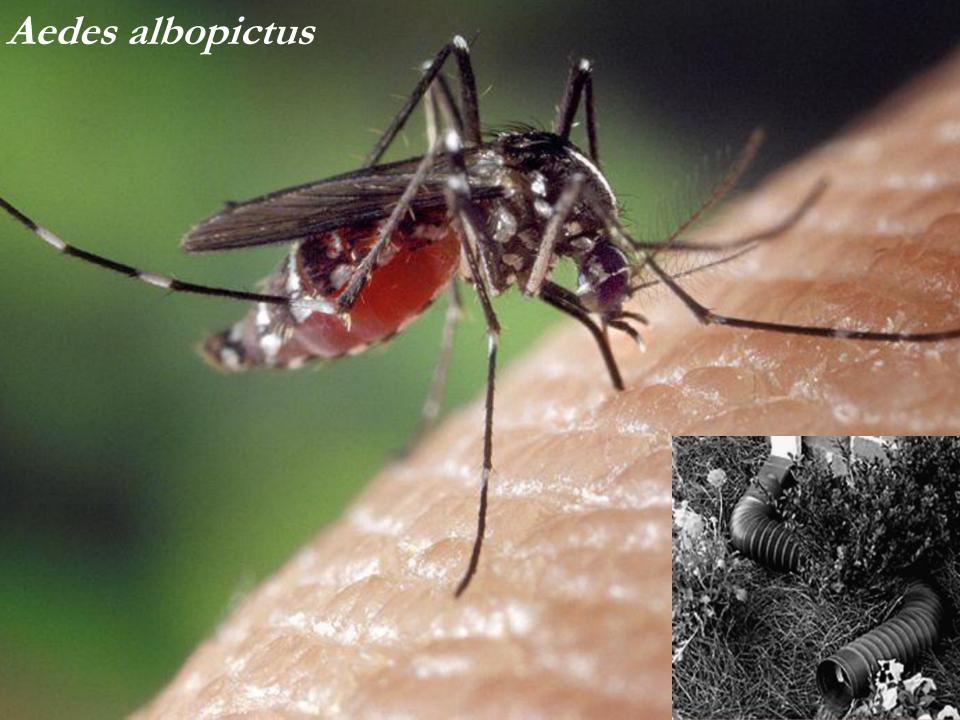
Fay-Prince



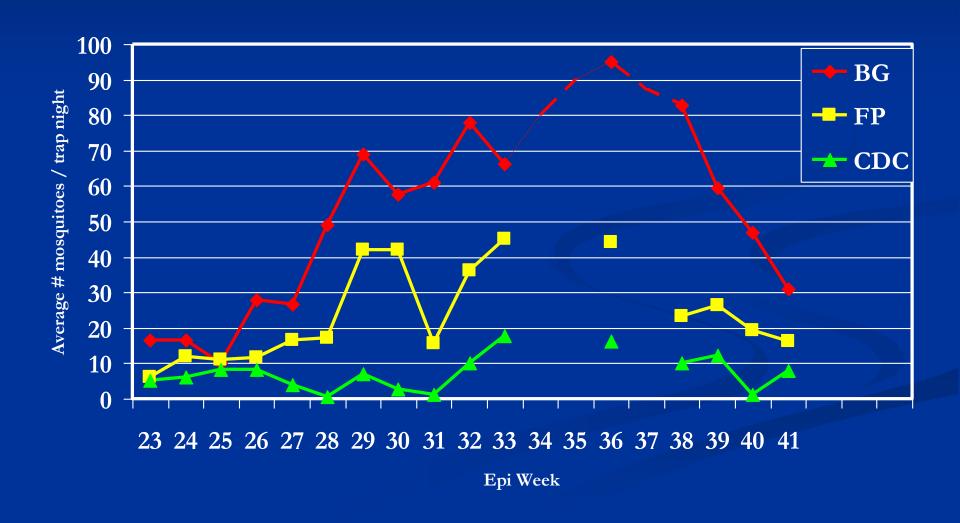
- ☐ Ae. Albopictus
- Cx. Restuans/pipiens
 - An. punctipennis

BG

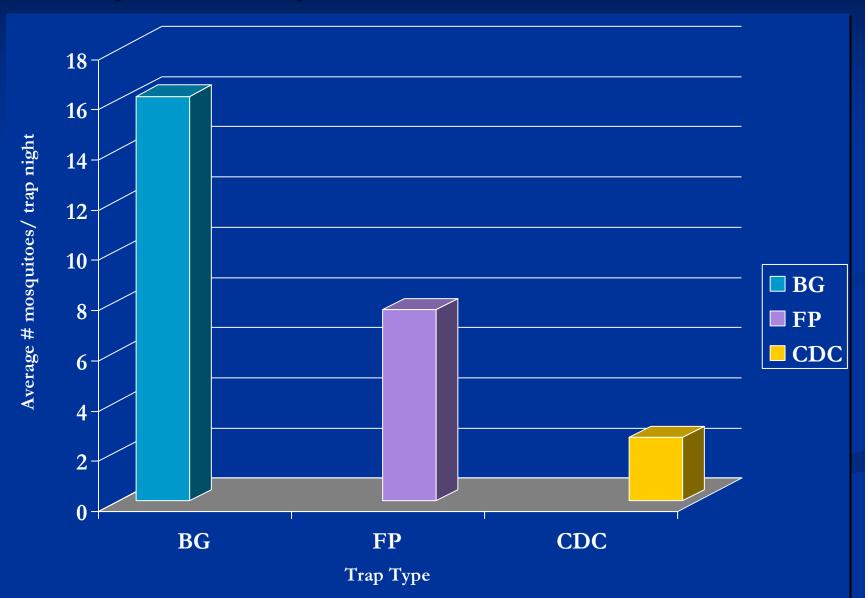




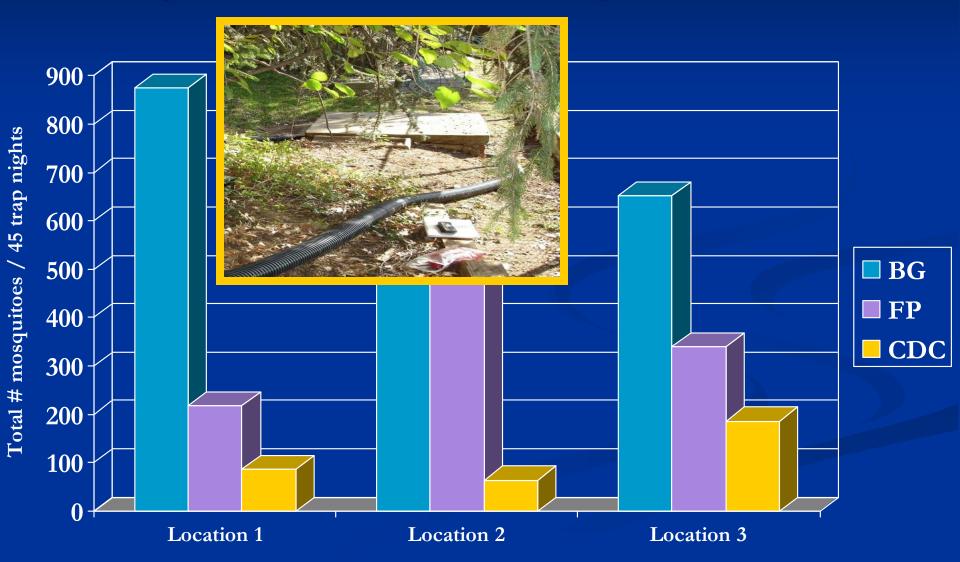
Results: Average *Aedes albopictus* in the BG – FP – CDC



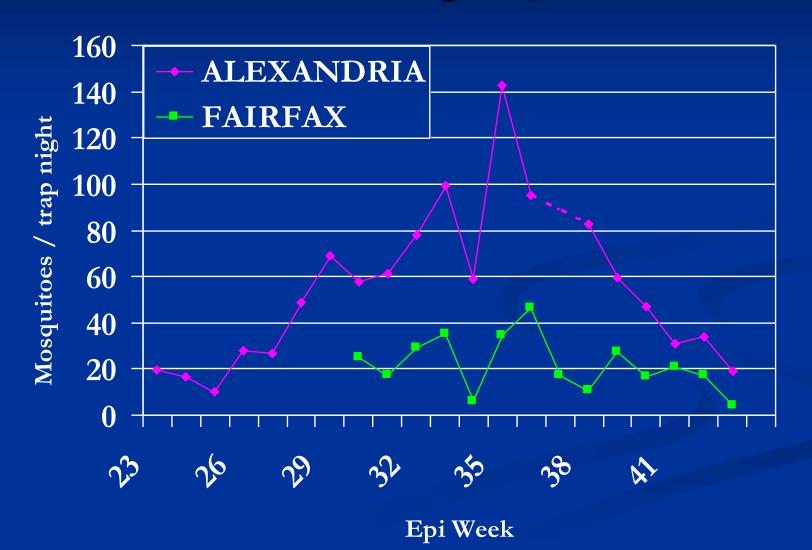
Results: Total *Aedes albopictus* per trap BG – FP – CDC



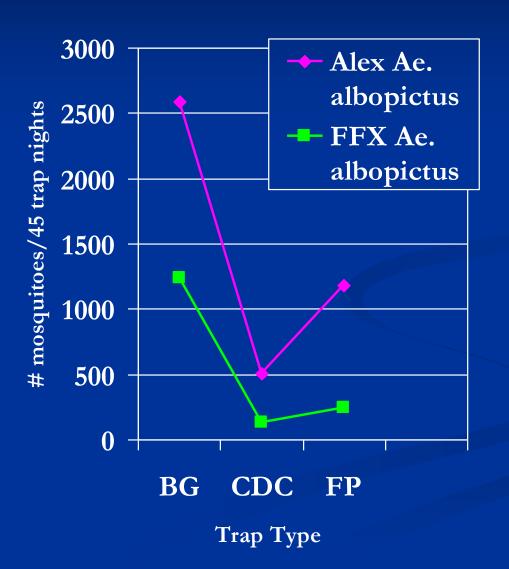
Results: Total number of *Aedes* albopictus collected per location



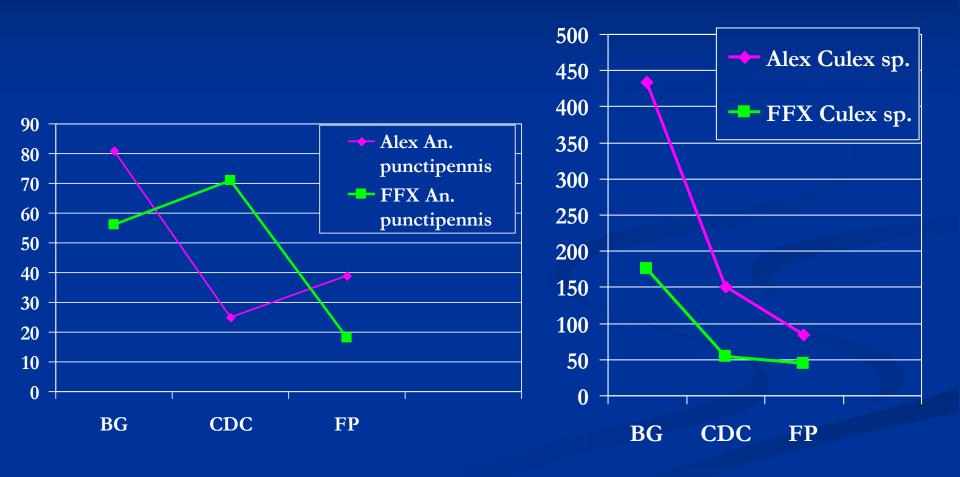
Aedes albopictus collected in the BG sentinel traps in Urban vs. Semi-urban environments in Northern Virginia, 2007



Number of *Ae. albopictus* trapped in Alexandria vs. Fairfax 2007 season



Number of *An. Punctipennis* and *Culex sp.* trapped in Alexandria vs. Fairfax, 2007



Number of Mosquitoes based on 45 trap nights

Conclusions

- BG trap is statistically significant* in catching a higher average number of Aedes albopictus
- BG trap design may provide better dispersal of lure compounds than the FP or CDC traps
- Overall, the BG trap worked superior at the chosen location

Acknowledgements

- Seasonal Staff
 - Diana Brown
 - Frances Ellison
 - Ben Cocchiaro
 - Lindsey Booher
- Fairfax County Health Department
 - Jorge Arias
 - Hina Bhalala
 - Carl Sivertsen

Holly Feltner
Alexandria Health Department
4480 King Street
Alexandria, VA 22302
703-838-4400 Ext. 326
hollyfeltner@vdh.virginia.gov