47th CGSIC Meeting - Timing Subcommittee

Fort Worth, Texas, 25 September 2007

Chair: Włodzimierz Lewandowski, BIPM,

Co-Chair: Victor Zhang, NIST

14:00	Introduction – Włodzimierz Lewandowski, BIPM
14:20	Report from NIST – Victor Zhang, NIST
14:40	USNO Report – Demetrios Matsakis, USNO
15:00	GPS Receiver Calibration and Characterization – Blair Fonville, USNC
15:20	Coffee break
15:40	GPS/Galileo cooperation – Ed Powers, USNO, and Jorge Hahn, ESA
15:55	Time and Navigation Exhibition at the Smithsonian: An Update
	- Carlene E. Stephens, National Museum of American History
16:10	Discussion
17:10	Session End



AREAS BEING SERVED

- International Atomic Time (TAI) and UTC
- International Timing Centers
- Global Navigation Satellite Systems
- Telecommunications Industries
- NASA/JPL Deep Space Network
- NIST Global Time Service
- Power Grids and other Industries
- As Research and Comparison Tool
- Other

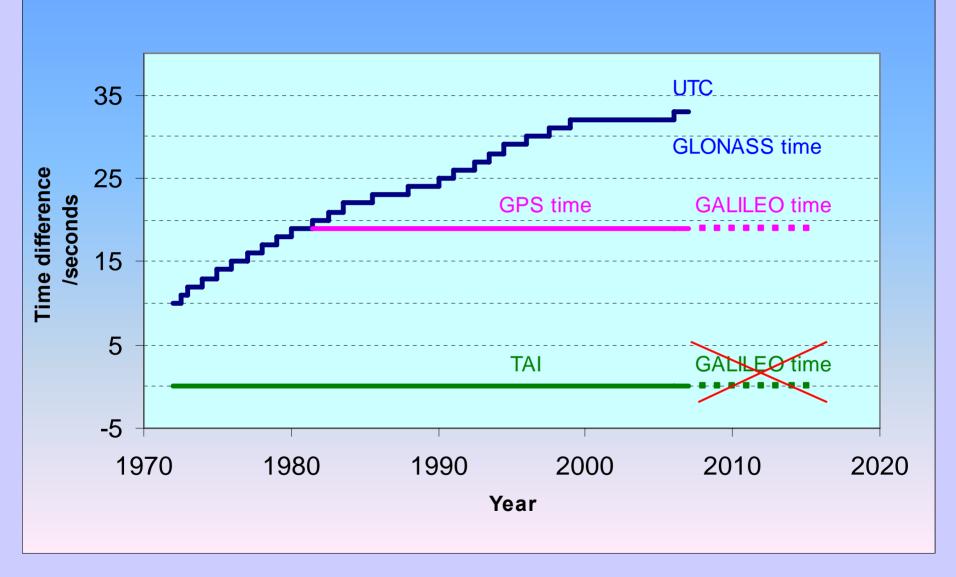
Outline of presentation

- Change in the definition of international time scales
 - UTC
 - TAI
 - Leap second
- Relation between satellite time scales
 - GPS time
 - Glonass time
 - Galileo system time





[TAI - Time scale(i)]



International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems (ICG) Bangalore, India 4 - 7 September 2007

ICG Draft Recommendation

International Committee on Global Navigation Satellite Systems (ICG)

considering

- the international value of having many GNSS operational with a composite contribution of several tens of satellites,
- the desirability of using all systems interchangeably,
- the use by GPS of references very close to UTC and ITRF,
- the GLONASS efforts to approach UTC and ITRF,
- the Galileo design referring to UTC and ITRF,
- that other important satellite navigation systems are now being designed and developed*),

recommends

- that the reference times (modulo 1 s) of satellite navigation systems be synchronized as closely as possible to UTC,
- that the reference frames for these systems be in conformity with the ITRF,
- that these systems broadcast, in addition to their own System Time (ST):
 - 1. the time difference between ST and a real-time realization of UTC,
 - 2. a prediction of the time differences between ST and UTC.
- *) Compass, IRNSS, QZSS, various SBAS, ...



ITU meeting on redefinition of UTC Geneva, 11-14 September 2007

To avoid proliferation of time scales ITU plans to stop application of leap seconds to UTC

- April 2008: ITU Working Party 7A will submit to ITU Study Group 7 project recommendation on stopping leap second
- During 2008 Study Group 7 will conduct a vote through mail among member states
- 2011: if 70 % member states agree World Radio Conference will approve recommendation
- 2013: application of leap second will stop and UTC will become a continuous time scale



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