PVC Pipe & Fittings: Underground Solutions for Water and Sewer Systems in North America



Shah Rahman

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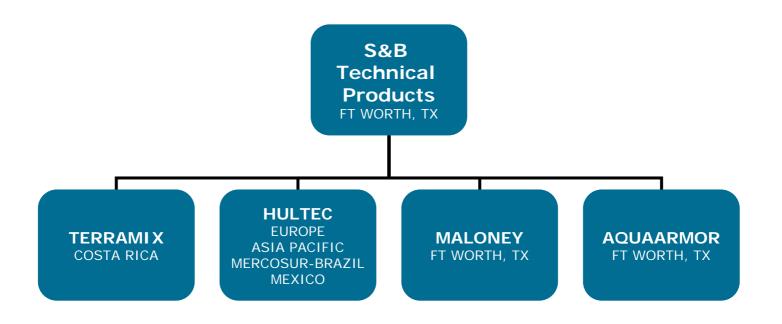






- S&B Technical Products is a family-owned business, founded in 1981
- Core Business is Pipe Sealing Systems Elastomeric / Rubber Products for Pipelines & Appurtenances
- Largest Pipe Seals Market Share in the World (85-90% of North American Market, 50% of European Market)
- Other Businesses Include Rubber and Specialty Products for Oil and Gas Industry, Corrosion Protection Systems, and Energy-Efficient Cooling Systems
- Products are Sold in Over 70 Countries





All S&B Pipe Seals Operations and Products Outside North America Carry the HULTEC Trade Name

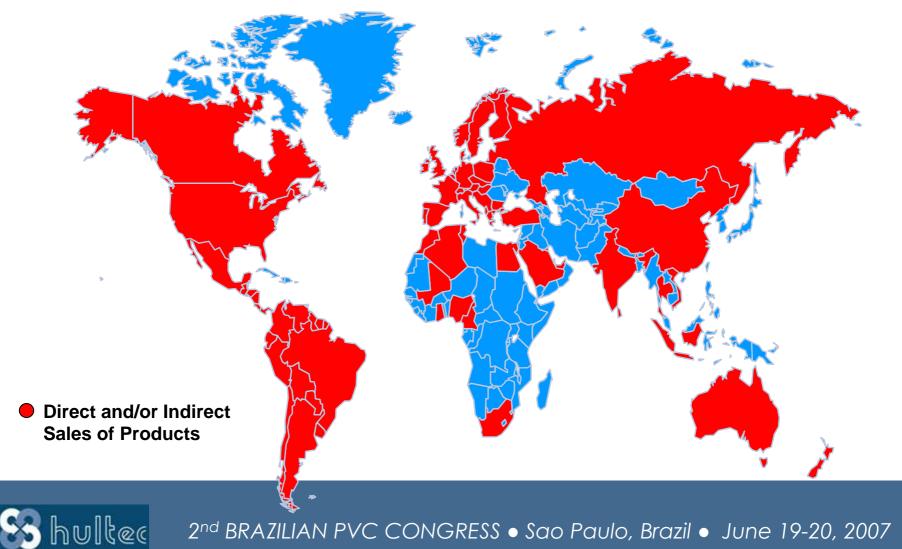


OFFICES, WAREHOUSES & MANUFACTURING – WORLDWIDE

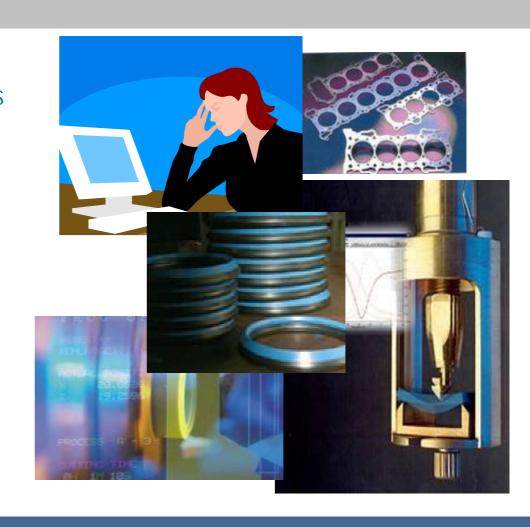




PRODUCT SALES - WORLDWIDE



- Global Technological Leaders in Pipe Sealing Solutions
- More Than 65 Patents and Patents Pending, More Than All Our Competitors Combined
- Engineers, Chemists and Scientists Provide the Best Technological Solutions to Meet Customers' Needs





AGENDA: Topics of Discussion

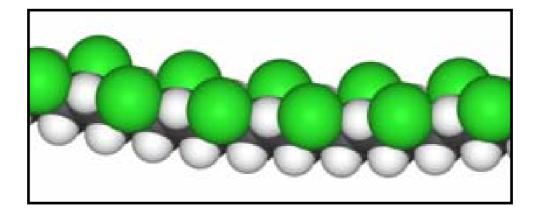
EVOLUTION OF PVC IN INFRASTRUCUTURE



Vinyl Chloride

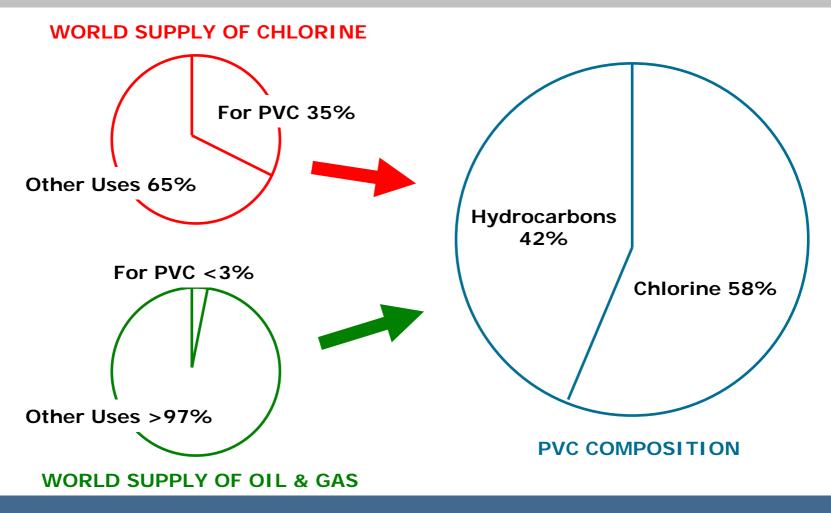
$$n\begin{bmatrix} H & CI \\ +C & C \end{bmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{cases} H & CI \\ +C & C \end{cases}$$

$$H & H & H$$

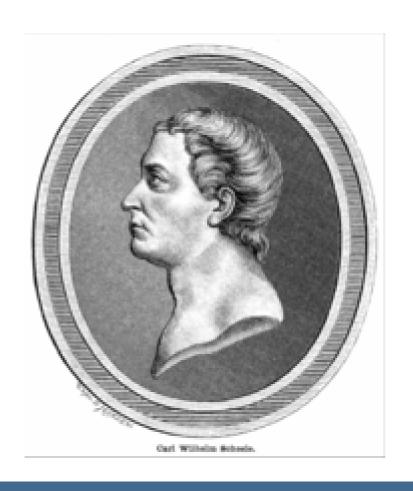




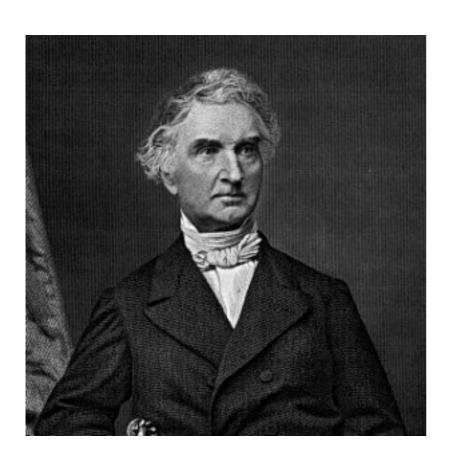
Raw Material Contents of PVC



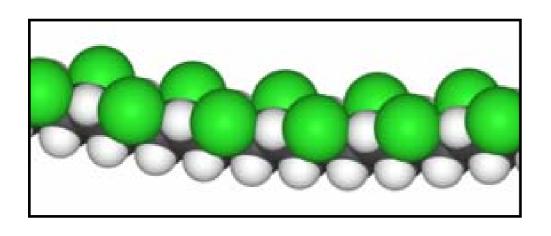




- Carl Wilhelm Scheele, a Swedish pharmacist discovered <u>CHLORINE</u> in 1774 by dropping hydrochloric acid onto manganese dioxide
- In 1810, Sir Humphrey Davy, identified CHLORINE as an element



- Justus von Liebig first produced Vinyl Chloride Gas from ethylene dichloride in 1835 at the University of Giessen, Germany
- His student, Victor
 Regnault, confirmed the
 work and wrote a
 technical paper



- E. Baumann, in 1872, accidentally produced the first Poly (vinyl Chloride) as a white powder when he exposed vinyl chloride to sunlight
- This was the first <u>POLYMERISATION</u> of vinyl chloride
- He reported that PVC melted with decomposition above 130 deg. C



- Fritz Klatte of Chemische Fabrik Griesheim-Electron (CFGE) developed commercial route to vinyl chloride from acetylene and hydrogen chloride in 1912.
- He found that polymerization of vinyl chloride could be initiated w/ organic peroxides in 1915
- Due to difficulties, CFGE gave up patents in 1926





- <u>Union Carbide</u> in USA made vinyl chloride using a new process utilizing ethylene dichloride and sodium hydroxide in 1926
- Also in 1926, Dr. Waldo Semon, of <u>BFGoodrich</u>, discovered Plasticized PVC while trying to find a solution for rubber-to-metal bonding.
- In 1928, Union Carbide and DuPont made vinyl chloride copolymer with vinyl acetate
- In 1928, cPVC (chlorinated PVC)
- From late 1920's to 1940's, tremendous gains were made by Germans and Americans in the field of stabilizing PVC for commercial manufacture



PVC for Infrastructure: First PVC Pipes



- The first known PVC Pipes were manufactured in 1934 in the Bitterfeld-Wolfen chemical industry area in Germany
- The pipes were used as potable water pipes, transparent food contact pipes (brewery applications), and as industrial conduits for chemical laboratories and plant applications
- In particular, during WWII, PVC pipes were widely used in Germany
- In the USA, the first PVC pipe was made in 1951that had high rigidity



PVC for Infrastructure: Pipes & Fittings in USA

- From the mid-1960's through the 1970's, PVC pipe manufacture grew in North America.
- Major companies included Robintech, Johns-Manville, and Certainteed



- Robintech was started in the early 1970's by Brad Corbett, Sr., later Founder and CEO of Hultec/S&B Technical Products
- Later, vertical integration between Shin-Etsu and Robintech ultimately resulted in SHINTECH

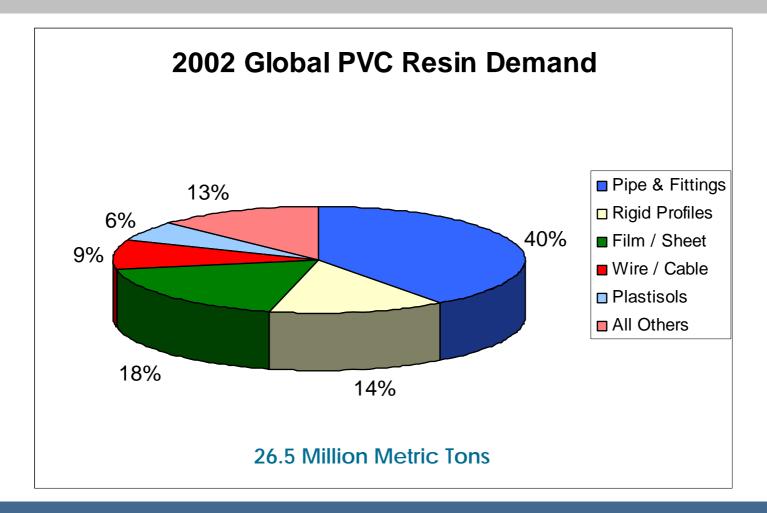


PVC for Infrastructure: Siding, Windows, Fencing, and Decking

- In 1960, BFGoodrich developed weatherable grades of PVC, commercialized by Bird & Son in house siding
- Andersen used this PVC to cover wood to make windows.
- In 1968, vinyl bottles became commercial
- Today, PVC serves more than 70% of the construction market for plastics, dominating pipe and fittings, sidings, windows, fencing, and decking
- PVC has captured 60% of the wire and cable plastics market
- PVC also serves 25% of the coatings market



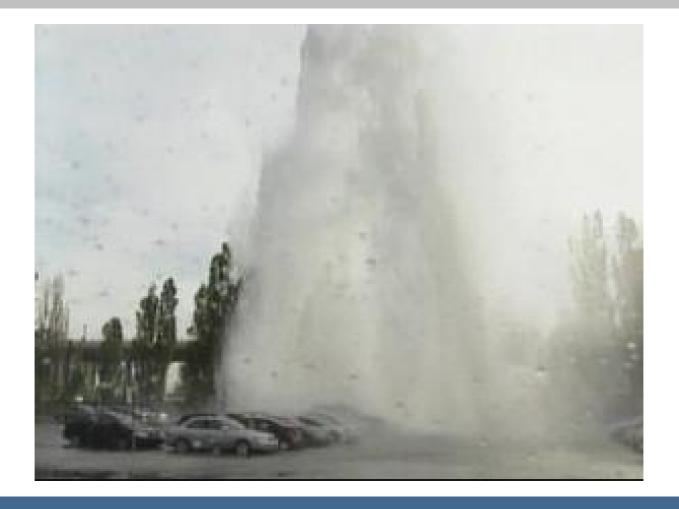
PVC Usage by Application











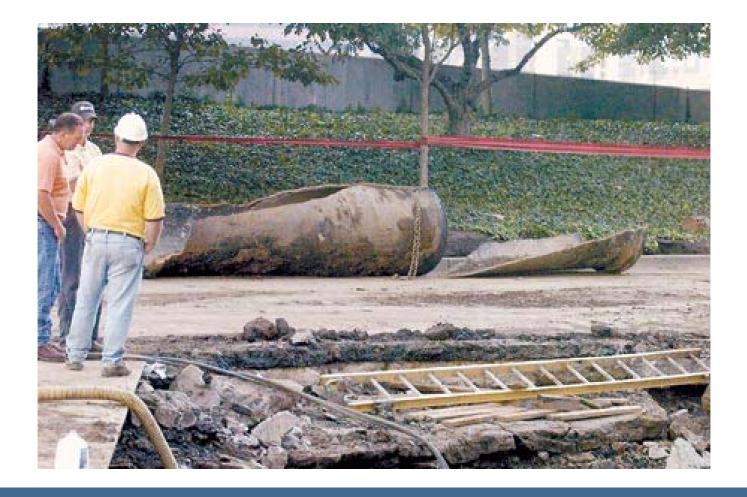














AGENDA: Topics of Discussion

- 1. Introduction to Municipal Piping Industry
- 2. Pressure Pipes for Potable Water
- 3. Gravity Pipes for Sewer
- 4. Sealing Systems for PVC Pipes & Fittings
- 5. Trenchless Technology Solutions



America's Drinking Water Infrastructure

- **54,000** Drinking Water Systems Serving ...
- 264 Willion + People in the U.S., Via ...
- 2 Willion Miles of Water
 Distribution and Transmission Pipe





America's Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure

- 60,000+ Sanitary Sewer Systems Serving ...
- 264 Million + People in the U.S., Via ...
- 2.5 Million Miles of Sewer Mains and Service Lines









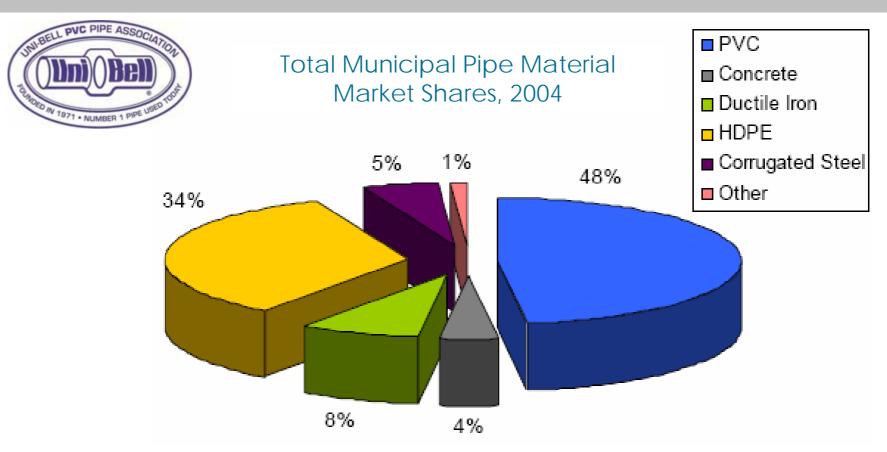


Market Study - Details

- Municipal Applications in North America Include:
 - Drinking Water Distribution and Transmission
 - Sanitary Sewer Mains
 - Storm Sewer
 - Drainage
- Pipe Materials Include Plastics (PVC and HDPE),
 Ductile Iron, Concrete, Corrugated Steel, Others (Fiberglass, Clay, Welded Steel, Composites)



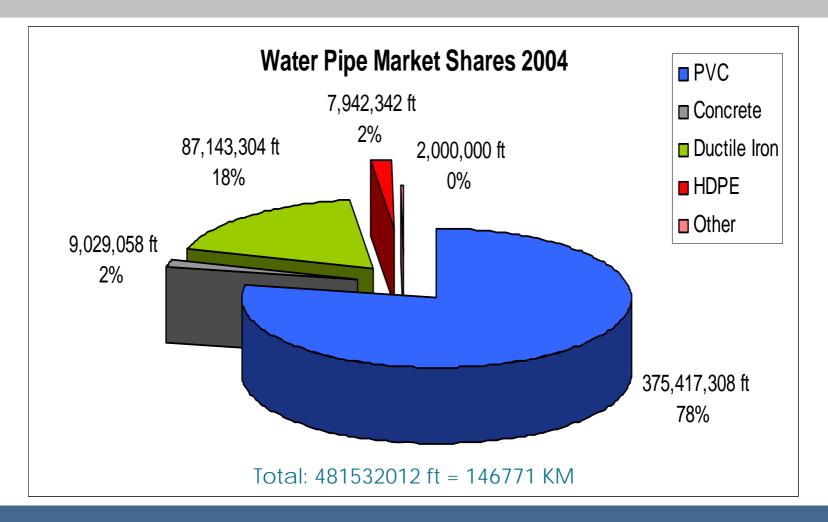
Municipal Market - North America



Total Municipal Pipe Laid in 2004 in North America: 1.5 Billion Feet (460,000 km)

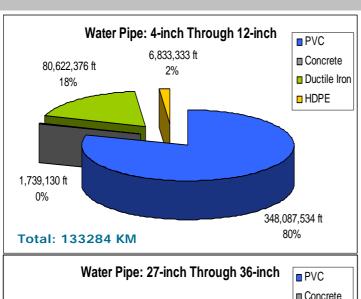


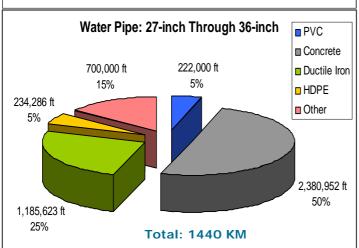
Potable Water Market - North America

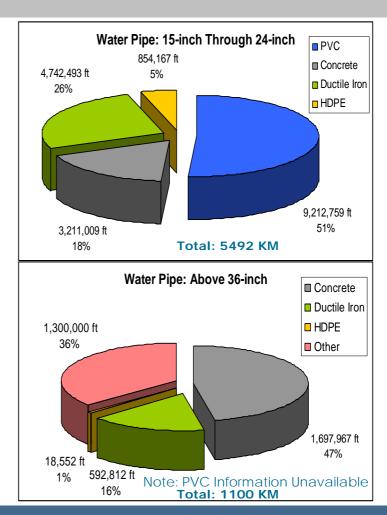




Potable Water Market - North America

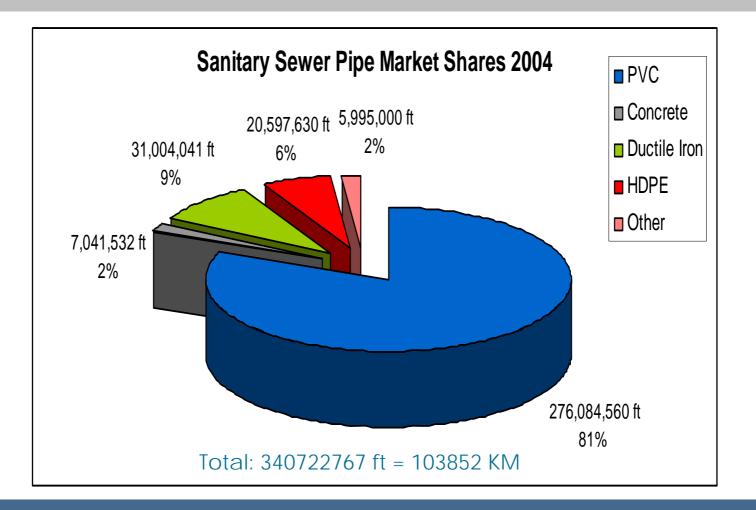






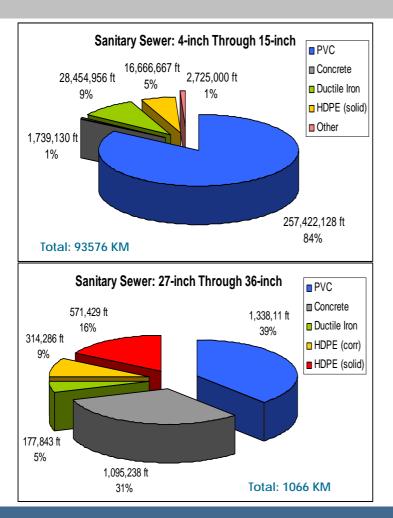


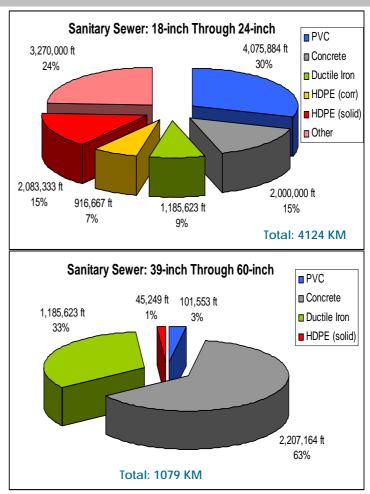
Sanitary Sewer Market - North America





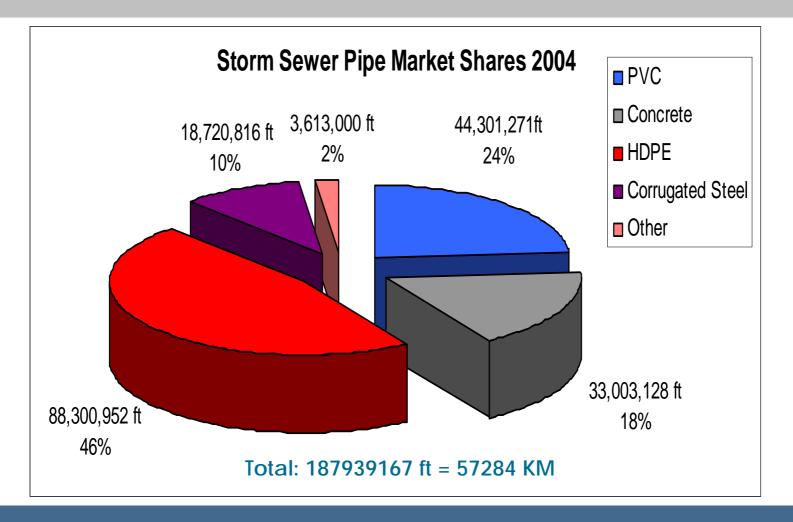
Sanitary Sewer Market - North America





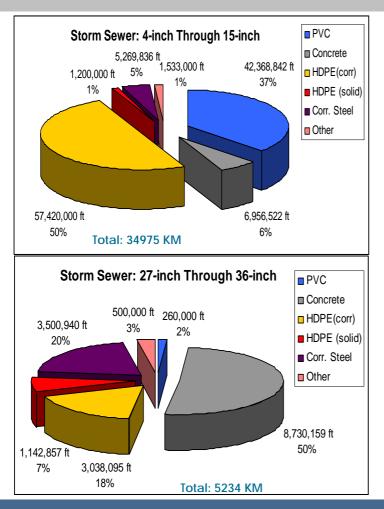


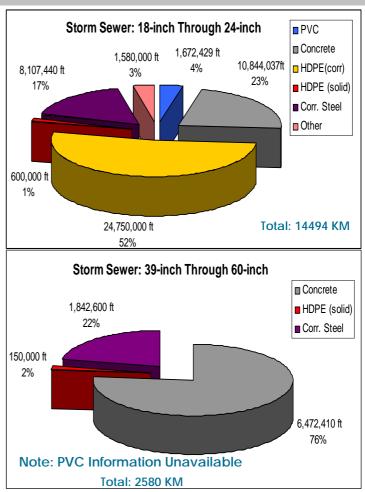
Storm Sewer Market - North America





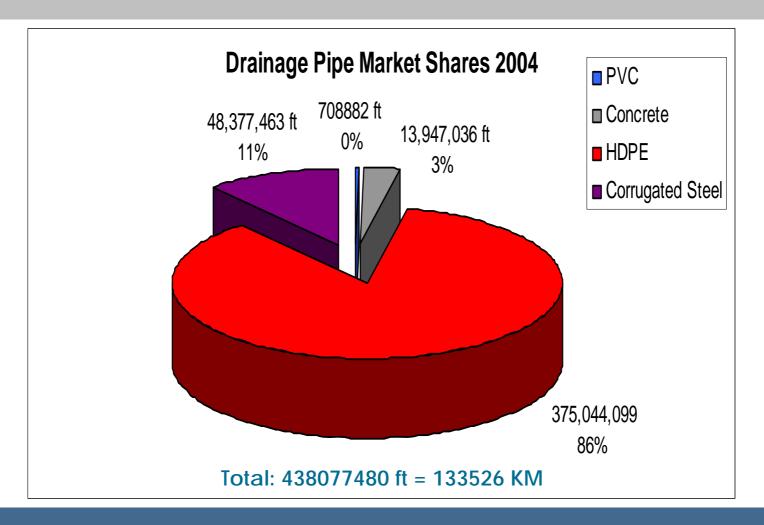
Storm Sewer Market - North America





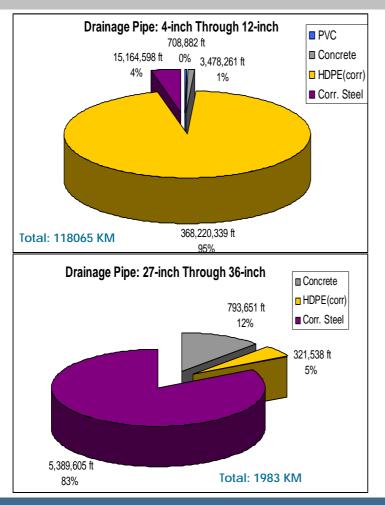


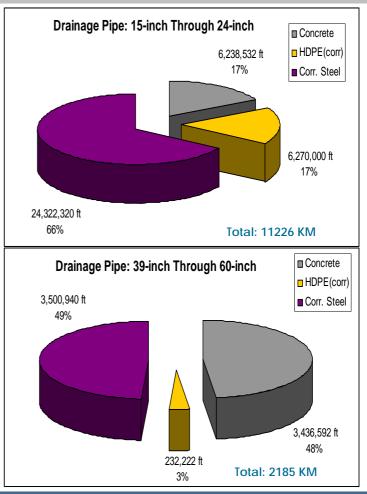
Drainage Market - North America





Drainage Market - North America







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- 5. Trenchless Technology Solutions



PVC - Pressure Pipes

- Rural Water Systems, early 1960's
- First Pressure Pipe ASTM
 Standard written in 1964
- Prior Commercial Standards already existed
- Used in drinking water distribution and transmission and also sewer force-mains





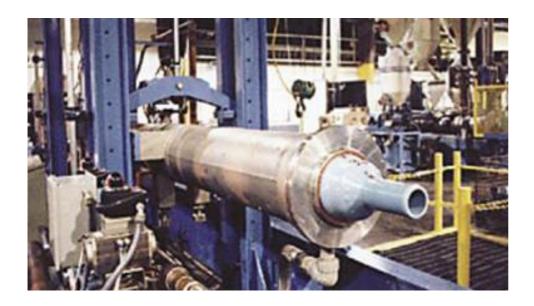
PVC - Types of Pipes

- PVC-U / uPVC: Unplasticized PVC (used for both potable water and sanitary sewers)
- This is the most common type in North America



PVC - Types of Pipes

- PVC-O: Molecularly Oriented PVC pipe
- Only one manufacturer in North America technology licensed from Europe (Offline Process)





PVC - Types of Pipes

- PVC-M: Modified PVC Pipe
- Only one manufacturer in North America, but pipe is used in above-ground applications
- Australian Study found US uPVC to display same characteristics as PVC-M in Australia and elsewhere



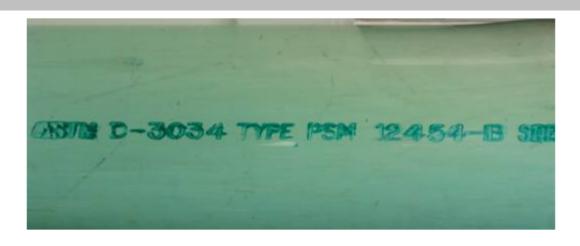


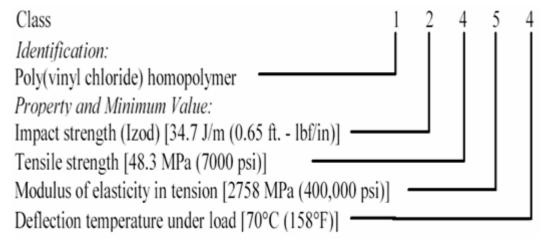
PVC Pipe - Physical/Mechanical Properties

- ASTM D1784: Standard Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) and Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds
- Five Digit Cell Classification Number
- Example: 12454 or 12364
- Base Resin
- Izod Impact Strength
- Tensile Strength
- Elastic Modulus in Tension
- Deflection Temperature Under Loading



PVC Pipe - Physical/Mechanical Properties







PVC - Pressure Pipes

- Used in Water Distribution and Transmission and also for Sewer Force Mains
- Only Cell Class 12454 is used for pressure pipe manufacture
- Tensile Strength of 7000 psi (48.3 MPa)
- Modulus of Elasticity of 400,000 psi (2758 MPa)
- PVC and PVCO are both used for pressure pipe manufacture



PVC Pressure Pipe Standards





- ASTM D 2241: Standard Specification for Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC)
 Pressure-Rated Pipe (SDR PR Series)
- AWWA C900: Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe and Fabricated Fittings, 4 In. through 12 In. (100 mm through 300 mm), for Water Distribution
- AWWA C905: Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe and Fabricated Fittings, Nominal Diameter 14 In. through 48 In. (350 mm through 1,200 mm), for Water Transmission and Distribution
- ASTM F 1483: Standard Specification for Oriented Poly (Vinyl Chloride), PVCO, Pressure Pipe
- **AWWA C909**: Molecularly Oriented Polyvinyl Chloride (PVCO) Pressure Pipe, 4 In. through 24 In. (100mm through 610 mm), for Water Distribution



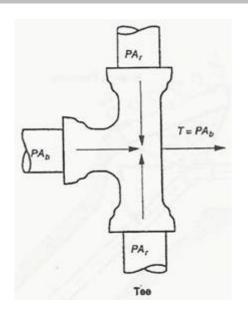
NEW PRODUCTS – Joint Restraints

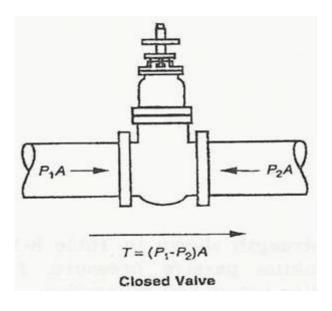
- Changes in Direction
- Size Changes
- Dead Ends

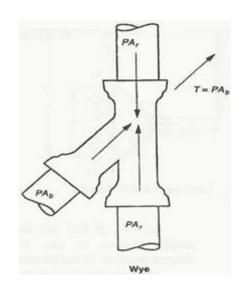
Closing of Valves and Hydrants

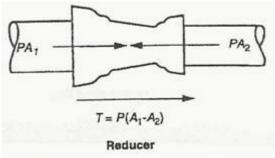


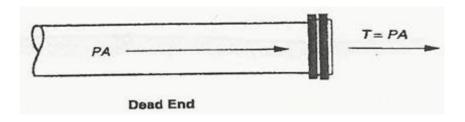
THRUST FORCES - Where do They Occur?











THRUST BLOCKS - Disadvantages

- Replication of Design in the Field
- Soil Bearing Capacity of In-situ Soils
- Availability of Space
- Time Required for Concrete to Dry & Cure
- Future Excavations

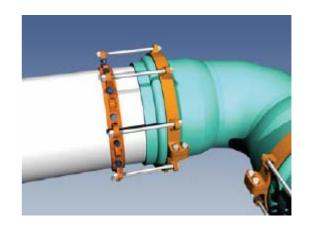


THRUST RESTRAINT - Mechnical Restraints













Mechanical Restraints - Disadvantages

- External + Metallic = CORROSION
- Time Consuming Installation
- Prone to Human Error
- Majority do not Meet ASTM F1674
- Point Loading Causes Pipe Wall Damage
- Larger Size Casing Pipe Required Due to Restraints

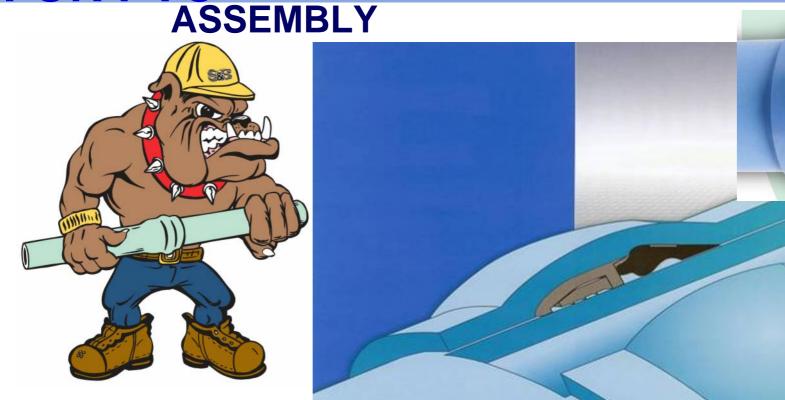


Joint Restraints - The Next Generation





The NTEGRAL JOINT RESTRAINT SYSTEM FOR PUBLIC FOR EASY





The NTEGRAL JOINT RESTRAINT SYSTEM OR PVENE CHOICE FOR EASY





NEW PRODUCTS – Joint Restraints

Internal – Non-Corrosive

- Easy Installation
- Meets ASTM F1674

PVC Pipe-friendly





Potable Water Transmission



Sanitary Sewer Force main





AWWA C605:

 Underground
 Installation of
 Polyvinyl
 Chloride (PVC)
 Pressure Pipe
 and Fittings for





PLACE: Magrath, Alberta, CANADA

CANADA'S FIRST LARGE DIAMETER PVC PRESSURE PIPE PROJECT

DATE: 1984

SCOPE: 6.5 miles of 18-in and 20-in, Series 160 pipe *It was reported in Spring 2000 that not a single failure of*

any kind had occurred since installation

PLACE: Corpus Christi, Texas

DATE: 1987

SCOPE: 4,600 feet of 24" force main

"The line is alive and doing well. I have no regrets about my selection of pipe material."

Vernon Wuensche Project Engineer





PLACE: Pueblo, Colorado

DATE: 1987

SCOPE: 5000 ft of 24" DR 25, 4000 ft of 20-in DR 25,

UNI-B-11

"We haven't touched it since it was installed --- we've had no reason to."

Lee Huffstutter Engineering Manager

PLACE: Batavia, New York

DATE: 1988

SCOPE: 4,900 feet of 30" force main

"It has been running 24 hours a day, seven days a week since we installed it with no problems. In fact, we have not had to touch the line since it was installed."

Matt Worth,
Deputy Superintendent







PLACE: Muleshoe, Texas

DATE: 2001

SCOPE: 5 miles of 30-inch DR 25 water line for power

station

Provides cooling water to a power station that provides power to over 52,000 sq.mi. in TX, OK, NM, and KS.

PLACE: Loudon County, Virginia

FIRST 48" DR 32.5 INSTALLED IN NORTH AMERICA

DATE: 2003

SCOPE: 10,000 ft of DR 32.5, 48-in, 42-in, 36-in. Sewer

Force Main

The 26 MGD design flow will provide sewer service to two communities of approximately 2500 new homes. Burial depths vary from 10 to 15 feet.





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PVC Gravity Pipes

- Government's Drive for Cleaner Environment
- Clean Water Act and other Legislature
- Need for better performing joints
- Used in various non-pressure applications including sanitary sewer
- ASTM D3034 first approved in 1972





PVC - Gravity Pipes

Solid Wall Pipe



Profile Wall Pipe





PVC Gravity Pipe Standards





ASTM D3034: Standard Specification for Type PSM Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Sewer Pipe and Fittings **(4"–15")**

ASTM F679: Standard Specification for Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Large-Diameter Plastic Gravity Sewer Pipe and Fittings (18"–36")

ASTM F789: Standard Specification for PS-46 and Type PS-115 Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Plastic Gravity Flow Sewer Pipe and Fittings (4"–18")

AASHTO M278: Standard Specification for Class PS46 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe (4"-15")



PVC Gravity Pipe Standards (Profile Wall Pipe)







ASTM F 794: Standard Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Profile Gravity Sewer Pipe and Fittings Based on Controlled Inside Diameter

ASTM F 949: Standard Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Corrugated Sewer Pipe With a Smooth Interior and Fittings

ASTM F1803: Standard Specification for Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Closed Profile Gravity Pipe and Fittings Based on Controlled Inside Diameter

AASHTO M 304: Standard Specification for Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Profile Wall Drain Pipe & Fittings Based On Controlled Inside Diameter (4"-48", wide variation in pipe stiffness)



PVC Molded & Fabricated Fittings





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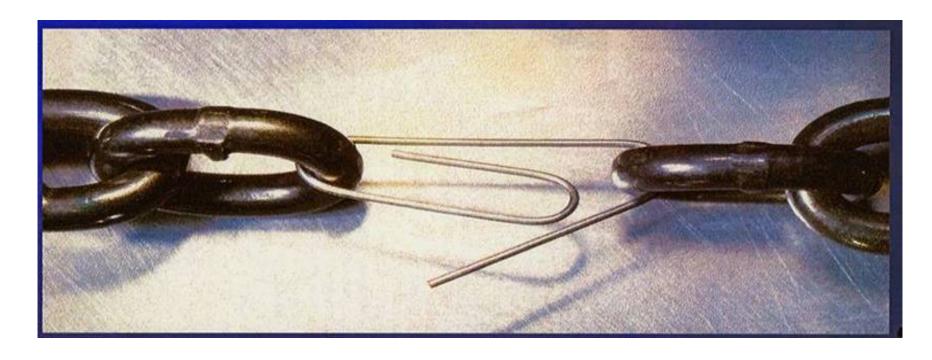
PVC Pipe Seals







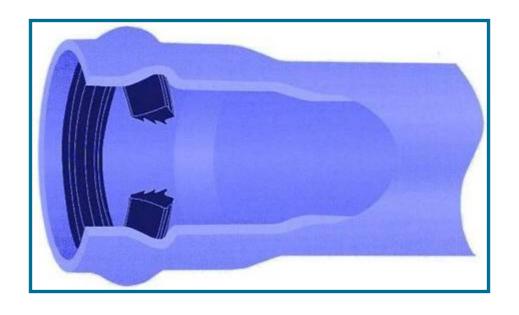
Jointing of Municipal Pipelines



Joints are the weak links in a pipeline



"Traditional" Sealing System for PVC Pipe



 gaskets manually inserted on-site or at factory into gasket grooves ("race ways") in pre-belled pipe



Problems w/ Traditional Seals

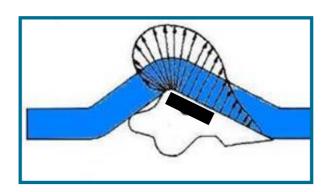
- dislodgement of gaskets from bell groove during insertion of spigot ("fishmouthing")
- excessive lubrication causing fishmouthing
- compromise of gasket's sealing surfaces by entry of foreign particles
- involuntary use of wrong gasket type



Rieber Joints for PVC Pipe: The Solution



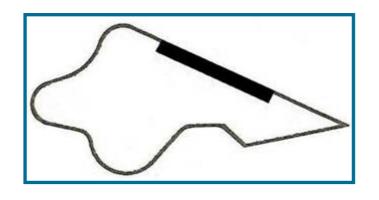


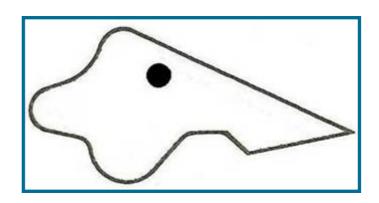


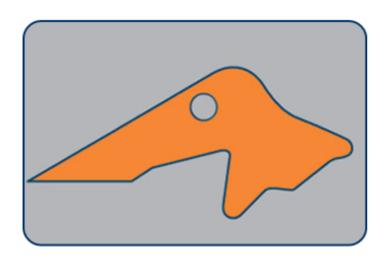
steelreinforced elastomeric gasket

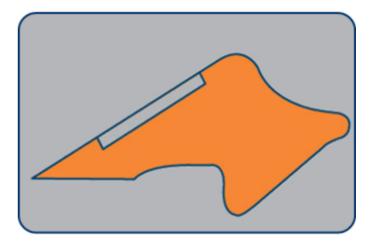


Rieber Joints for PVC Pipe: The Solution











Rieber Joint: Steel Reinforcement

- acts as the mould-element during manufacture, to create bell-groove ("race way") within the bell where it sits
- provides structural support and permanent precompression of the rubber ring against the pipe (prevents contamination of sealing surface)
- "locks-in" the gasket, preventing dislodgement from bell during joint assembly --- no "fishmouthing"



Rieber Joints: Manufacture



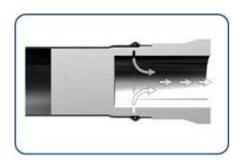
1. The pipe is heated



2. The gasket is loaded onto a mandrel



3. The pipe is formed over the mandrel



4. Vacuum or pressure is applied



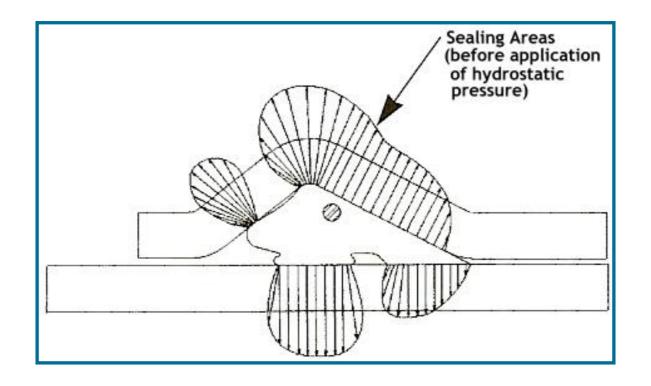
5. The pipe is cooled by water or air



6. The pipe is pulled off the mandrel

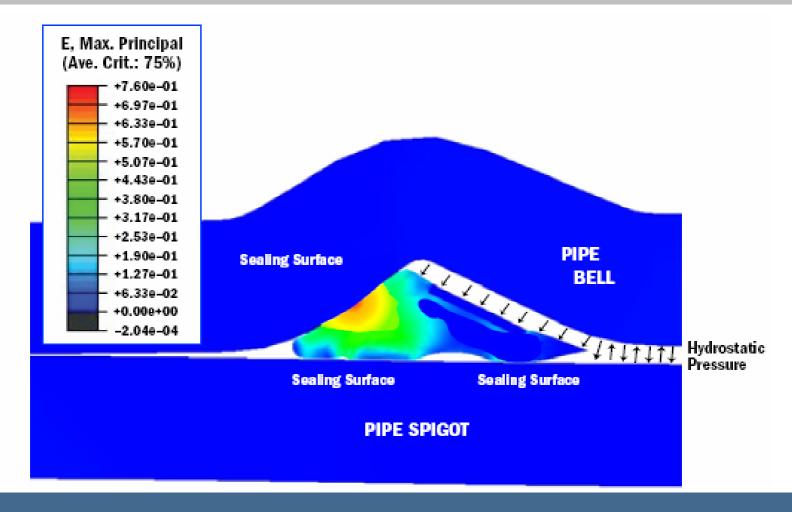


Rieber Joint: Gravity Flow Seal





Rieber Gasket FEA



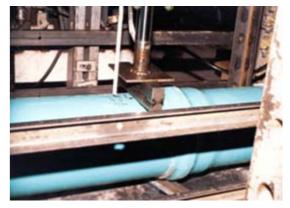


Pipe Sealing Standards

The following ASTM Standards apply to the design and performance of rubber gaskets for PVC Pipe:



- ASTM D 3139 / Performance of Gasketed PVC Pressure Pipe
- ASTM D 3212 / Performance of Gasketed PVC Sewer Pipe

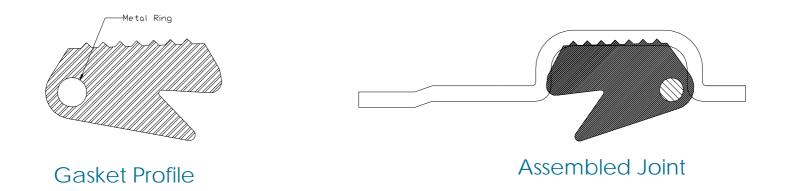






Gaskets for PVC Fittings

- A Rieber-type gasket is also used in PVC Pressure and Sewer Fittings (referred to as the Mambo Gasket)
- Similar gasket is also used in PVC-O Pipe





Gaskets for PVC Fittings









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Trenchless Technology Products

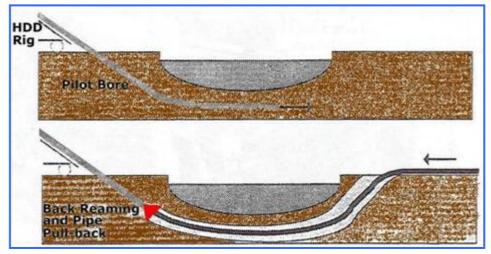


- Method by which pipe is installed <u>without</u> the cutting of trenches
- Tunneling or boring of holes underground, from one pit to another, through which pipe is either pushed or pulled for installation
- Used for both new construction and rehabilitation



Trenchless Technology (HDD)







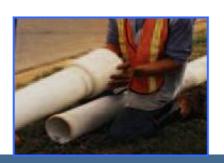


Fusible C900™/C905™

Underground Solutions, Inc.

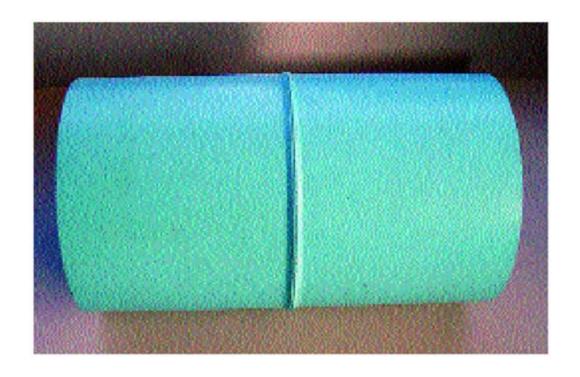


TerraBrute™
IPEX, Inc.



CertaLok C900/RJ™
CertainTeed Corporation







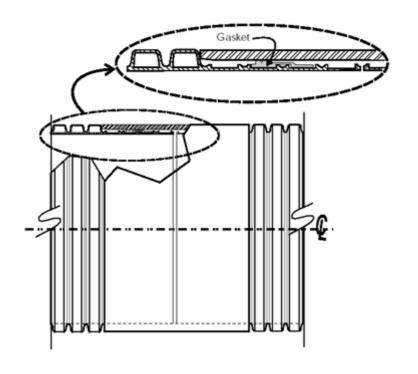


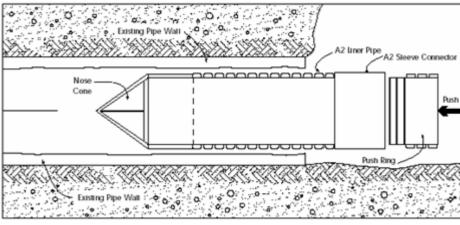


Trenchless Technology (Sliplining)



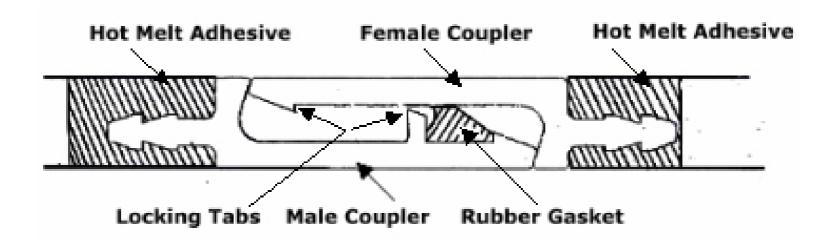


















QUESTIONS?

