

COMPARISON

OF THE

WHO ATC CLASSIFICATION

&

EphMRA/PBIRG ANATOMICAL CLASSIFICATION:

Comparison of the WHO ATC Classification and EphMRA / PBIRG Anatomical Classification

The following booklet is designed to improve the understanding of the two classification systems. The development of the two systems had previously taken place separately. EphMRA and WHO are now working together to ensure that there is a convergence of the 2 systems rather than a divergence.

In order to better understand the two classification systems, we should pay attention to the way in which substances/products are classified.

WHO mainly classifies <u>substances</u> according to the therapeutic or pharmaceutical aspects and in one class only (particular formulations or strengths can be given separate codes, e.g. clonidine in C02A as antihypertensive agent, N02C as anti-migraine product and S01E as ophthalmic product).

EphMRA classifies **products**, mainly according to their indications and use. Therefore, it is possible to find the same compound in several classes, depending on the product, e.g., NAPROXEN tablets can be classified in M1A (antirheumatic), N2B (analgesic) and G2C if indicated for gynaecological conditions only.

The purposes of classification are also different:

The main purpose of the WHO classification is for international drug utilisation research and for adverse drug reaction monitoring.

This classification is recommended by the WHO for use in international drug utilisation research.

The EphMRA/PBIRG classification has a primary objective to satisfy the marketing needs of the pharmaceutical companies. Therefore, a direct comparison is sometimes difficult due to the different nature and purpose of the two systems.

The aim of harmonisation is to reach a "full" agreement of <u>all mono</u> <u>substances in a given class</u> as listed in the WHO ATC Index, mainly at <u>third</u> level: whenever this is not possible, or harmonisation of third level

is too difficult or makes no sense (e.g. C2, R3), the second level will be taken as the reference class.

Harmonisation is not a simple adaptation of two systems; harmonisation is clearly an improvement of the existing systems.

In view of the increasing use of the WHO classification by national and international authorities and institutions with different objectives, it is opportune to have a harmonised classification.

The main benefit is that all parties involved in a given topic, use the same definitions, same substances, and therefore the discussions are easier.

In line with the harmonisation procedure of WHO/EphMRA, this booklet has been prepared to facilitate cross-comparison. The comparison has been based on the WHO guidelines. Whenever possible, we have checked all molecules included in the current WHO/ATC Index with the EphMRA coding.

We have tried to simplify the document and for this reason and according to the pre-agreed mandate of harmonisation, only the 3rd level has been used as a point of reference.

However, in some cases (e.g. A2B1 antiulcer and group L) we have also mentioned the 4th levels in our comparison.

Where the two groups are similar, on the EphMRA side only the code and the title has been added.

Where a difference exists, this has been notified using the following symbols:

- ❖ This class/code does not exist (e.g. A03B)
- The heading or the content of this class may be different (e.g. N5C).
- These substances are classified in a different class.
- + This class is covered by more than one EphMRA/PBIRG class

A lot of discrepancies concern rather obsolete products for which there is no need for harmonisation (e.g. products withdrawn from the market, sales of minor importance).

We hope this booklet will improve both the use and understanding of the two systems, in particular for those companies in which the two systems are used by different departments (medical and marketing).

The Committee has tried to make a comprehensive comparison of both systems, but cannot guarantee a 100% level of accuracy.

For complete guidelines on the WHO ATC systems refer to "Guidelines for ATC classification" and for the EphMRA/PBIRG Anatomical classification system refer to "EphMRA / PBIRG classification".

To obtain the guidelines please contact:

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WHO (Substance based)

A	ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM	A	ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM
A01	STOMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	A1	STOMATOLOGICALS, MOUTH PREPARATIONS, MEDICINAL DENTIFRICES ETC.
A01A	STOMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	A1A	STOMATOLOGICALS
	Preparations for the treatment of throat infections (lozenges for common cold conditions) are classified in R02 - Throat preparations.	+	Products indicated for both the posterior part of the mouth and throat infections are classified in R2A or A1A depending on their main indication.
	➤ Cevimeline is classified in N7A.		Cevimeline is classified here.
*		A1B	MOUTH ANTIFUNGALS
A02	DRUGS FOR ACID RELATED DISORDERS	A2	ANTACIDS, ANTIFLATULENTS AND ANTI-ULCERANTS
A02A	ANTACIDS	A2A	ANTACIDS, ANTIFLATULENTS, CARMINATIVES
	➤ Plain antiflatulents, see A02BX		Plain antiflatulents are classified in this group.
A02B	DRUGS FOR PEPTIC ULCER and GASTRO-OESOPHAGEAL REFLUX DISEASE (GORD)	A2B	ANTIULCERANTS
A02B A	H2-receptor antagonists	A2B1	H2 antagonists
A02B B	Prostaglandins	A2B3	Prostaglandin antiulcerants
A02B C	Proton pump inhibitors	A2B2	Acid pump inhibitors
A02B D	Combinations for eradication of Helicobacter pylori		
A02B X	Other drugs for peptic ulcer and gastro-oesophageal disease (GORD)	A2B4	Bismuth antiulcerants
	Chlorbenzoxamine is classified in A03A.	+	
		A2B9	All other anticulcerants

			Chlorbenzoxamine is classified here.
A02X	OTHER DRUGS FOR ACID RELATED DISORDERS	A2C	OTHER STOMACH DISORDER PREPARATIONS
A03	DRUGS FOR FUNCTIONAL GASTROINTESTINAL DISORDERS	A3	FUNCTIONAL GASTRO-INTESTINAL DISORDER DRUGS
A03A	DRUGS FOR FUNCTIONAL GASTROINTESTINAL DISORDERS	A3A	PLAIN ANTISPASMODICS AND ANTICHOLINERGICS
	> Chlorbenzoxamine is classified here.		Chlorbenzoxamine is classified in A2B9.
	> Trimebutine is classified here.		Trimebutine is classified in A3F.
	➤ Alosetron is classified here (A03A E).		➤ Alosetron is classified in A3G.
+			
A03B	BELLADONNA AND DERIVATIVES, PLAIN	*	
A03C	ANTISPASMODICS IN COMBINATION WITH PYCHOLEPTICS	A3C	ANTISPASMODIC/ATARACTIC COMBINATIONS
A03D	ANTISPASMODICS IN COMBINATION WITH ANALGESICS	A3D	ANTISPASMODIC/ANALGESIC COMBINATIONS
	Combinations with both psycholeptics and analgesics are classified in A03E A.		➤ Combination of both ataractic and analgesic are classified here.
A03E	ANTISPASMODICS AND ANTICHOLINERGICS IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER DRUGS		
A03E A	Antispasmodics, psycholeptics and analgesics in combination		
	Antispasmodics in combination with psycholeptics, analgesics and other agents are classified in this group.		Combinations of both ataractics and analgesics are classified in A3D.
A03E D	Antispasmodics in combination with other drugs	A3E	ANTISPASMODICS COMBINED WITH OTHER PRODUCTS
A03F	PROPULSIVES	A3F	GASTROPROKINETICS

	Trimebutine is classified in A03A.		Trimebutine is classified here.
*		A3G	GASTRO-INTESTINAL SENSORIMOTOR MODULATORS
	➤ Alosetron is classified in A03A E.		Alosetron is classified here.
	➤ Tegaserod is classified in A06A X.		Tegaserod is classified here.
	Linaclotide is classified in A06A X.		Linaclotide is classified here when indicated in IBS-c (290mcg)
	➤ Lubiprostone is classified in A06A X.		but in A6A when indicated in chronic constipation (145mcg).
			Lubiprostone is classified here when indicated in IBS-c (8mcg), but in A6A when indicated in chronic constipation (24mcg).
A04	ANTIEMETICS AND ANTINAUSEANTS	A4	ANTIEMETICS AND ANTINAUSEANTS
A04A	ANTIEMETICS AND ANTINAUSEANTS	A4A	ANTIEMETICS AND ANTINAUSEANTS
	➤ Antihistamines are classified in R06A.		➤ Antihistamines used in motion sickness are classified here.
A05	BILE AND LIVER THERAPY	A 5	CHOLAGOGUES AND HEPATIC PROTECTORS
A05A	BILE THERAPY	A5A	BILE THERAPY AND CHOLAGOGUES
A05B	LIVER THERAPY, LIPOTROPICS	A5B	HEPATIC PROTECTORS, LIPOTROPICS
A05C	DRUGS FOR BILE THERAPY AND LIPOTROPICS IN COMBINATION	A5C	CHOLAGOGUE/LIPOTROPIC COMBINATIONS
A06	LAXATIVES	A6	LAXATIVES AND BOWEL CLEANSERS
A O.C. A	LAXATIVES	A6A	LAXATIVES
A06A			T 1: 1 'C' 1: A2C
AU6A	Tegaserod is classified here.		Tegaserod is classified in A3G.
AU0A	Tegaserod is classified here.Linaclotide is classified here.		 Tegaserod is classified in A3G. Linaclotide is classified here when indicated in chronic constipation (145mcg) but in A3G when indicated in IBS-c

$\underline{EphMRA}\;(Product\;based)$

Lubiprostone is classified here when indicated in chronic constipation (24mcg) but in A3G when indicated in IBS-c (8mcg).

A6B BOWEL CLEANSERS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
A07	ANTIDIARREALS, INTESTINAL ANTIINFLAMMATORY / ANTIINFECTIVE AGENTS	A7	ANTIDIARRHOEALS, ORAL ELECTROLYTE REPLACERS AND INTESTINAL ANTIINFLAMMATORIES
A07A	INTESTINAL ANTIINFECTIVES	A7A	INTESTINAL ANTIINFECTIVE ANTIDIARRHOEALS
A07B	INTESTINAL ADSORBENTS	A7B	INTESTINAL ABSORBANT ANTIDIARRHOEALS
	Ceratonia is classified in A07X.		Ceratonia is classified here.
A07C	ELECTROLYTES WITH CARBOHYDRATES	A7G	ORAL ELECTROLYTE REPLACERS
A07D	ANTIPROPULSIVES	А7Н	MOTILITY INHIBITORS
A07E	INTESTINAL ANTIINFLAMMATORY AGENTS	A7E	INTESTINAL ANIINFLAMMATORY AGENTS
A07F	ANTIDIARRHEAL MICROORGANISMS	A7F	ANTIDIARRHOEAL MICRO-ORGANISMS
A07X	OTHER ANTIDIARRHEALS	A7X	ALL OTHER ANTIDIARRHOEALS
	Ceratonia is classified here.		Ceratonia is classified in A7B.
A08	ANTIOBESITY PREPARATIONS, EXCL. DIET PRODUCTS	A8	ANTIOBESITY PREPARATIONS, EXCL. DIETETICS
A08A	ANTIOBESITY PREPARATIONS, EXCL. DIET PRODUCTS	A8A	ANTIOBESITY PREPARATIONS, EXCL. DIETETICS
	➤ Amphetamine is classified in N06B.		Amphetamine, when indicated as antiobesity product, is classified here.
A09	DIGESTIVES, INCL. ENZYMES	A9	DIGETIVES, INCL. DIGESTIVE ENZYMES
A09A	DIGESTIVES, INCL. ENZYMES	A9A	DIGESTIVES, INCL. DIGESTIVE ENZYME
	➤ Bromelains is classified in B06A A.		Bromelains is classified here or, D3A and V3H depending on indications.
	Chymotrypsin and trypsin are classified in B06A A when used as haematological enzymes.		 Chymotrypsin is classified here or in C5B, D3A, M2A and V3H depending on indications.

			Trypsin is classified here or in V3H and V3X depending on indications.
A10	DRUGS USED IN DIABETES	A10	DRUGS USED IN DIABETES
A10A	INSULINS and ANALOGUES	A10C +	HUMAN INSULINS and ANALOGUES
		A10D	ANIMAL INSULINS
A10B	ORAL BLOOD GLUCOSE LOWERING DRUGS, EXCL. INSULINS Guar gum is classified here. Exenatide is classified here (A10B X).	A10H A10J A10J1 A10J2 A10J9 A10K A10K1 A10K2 A10K3 A10K9 A10L A10M A10M1 A10M3 A10M9 A10N A10N1 A10N3 A10N9 A10S	SULPHONYLUREA ANTIDIABETICS BIGUANIDE ANTIDIABETICS, PLAIN BIGUANIDE AND SULPHONYLUREA ANTIDIABETIC COMBINATIONS BIGUANIDE ANTIDIABETIC COMBINATIONS, OTHER GLITAZONE ANTIDIABETICS GLITAZONE ANTIDIABETICS, PLAIN GLITAZONE AND SULPHONYLUREA ANTIDIABETIC COMBINATIONS GLITAZONE AND BIGUANIDE ANTIDIABETIC COMBINATIONS GLITAZONE AND BIGUANIDE ANTIDIABETIC COMBINATIONS GLITAZONE ANTIDIABETIC COMBINATIONS, OTHER ALPHA-GLUCOSIDASE INHIBITOR ANTIDIABETICS GLINIDE ANTIDIABETICS, PLAIN GLINIDE ANTIDIABETICS, PLAIN GLINIDE AND BIGUANIDE ANTIDIABETIC COMBINATIONS GLINIDE ANTIDIABETIC COMBINATIONS, OTHER DPP-IV INHIBITOR ANTIDIABETICS DPP-IV INHIBITOR ANTIDIABETICS, PLAIN DPP-IV INHIBITOR ANTIDIABETICS, PLAIN DPP-IV INHIBITOR ANTIDIABETIC COMBINATIONS DPP-IV INHIBITOR ANTIDIABETIC COMBINATIONS, OTHER GLP-1 AGONIST ANTIDIABETICS
A10X	OTHER DRUGS USED IN DIABETES	A10X	OTHER DRUGS USED IN DIABETES
	Includes aldose reductase inhibitors.	A10X1	Antidiabetic multitherapy combination products
	 Guar gum is classified in A10B. Thioctic acid is classified in A16A. Combinations of DPP-IV inhibitors with statins are classified in A10B H. 		Includes combinations of antidiabetics with cardiovascular drugs where the aim is to treat both the diabetes and the cardiovascular condition. Also includes combinations of antidiabetics with anti-obesity drugs where the aim is to treat both the diabetes and the obesity.

$\underline{EphMRA} \ (Product \ based)$

		A10X9	Other drugs used in diabetes. > Guar gum is classified here > Thioctic acid is classified here or A16A.
A11	VITAMINS ➤ Vitamin B ₁₂ is classified in B03.	A11	 VITAMINS ➤ Vitamin B₁₂ is classified in A11F, which is a code only used in the EphMRA/PBIRG system.
A12	MINERAL SUPPLEMENTS	A12	MINERAL SUPPLEMENTS
A12A	CALCIUM	A12A	CALCIUM PRODUCTS
A12B	POTASSIUM	A12B	POTASSIUM PRODUCTS
A12C	OTHER MINERAL SUPPLEMENTS	A12C	OTHER MINERAL SUPPLEMENTS
A13	TONICS	A13	TONICS
A13 A13A	TONICS TONICS	A13 A13A	TONICS TONICS
			TONICS The large number of products in this class make it impossible to fully
A13A	TONICS	A13A	TONICS The large number of products in this class make it impossible to fully state that they are equal.
A13A A14	ANABOLIC AGENTS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	A13A A14	TONICS The large number of products in this class make it impossible to fully state that they are equal. ANABOLICS, SYSTEMIC

			Pizotifen is classified here; when indicated for migraine, is classified in N2C.
A16	OTHER ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM PRODUCTS	A16	OTHER ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM PRODUCTS
A16A	OTHER ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM PRODUCTS Includes levocarnitine, ademetionine, thioctic acid. Zinc acetate is classified here.	A16A	 OTHER ALIMENTARY TRACT AND METABOLISM PRODUCTS Levocarnitine is classified here but when indicated for ischaemic disorders, it is classified in C1X. Ademetionine is classified in N6A. Thioctic acid is classified here or in A10X. Combinations of diabetes and cardiovascular products are classified in A10X1. Zinc acetate is classified in V3E when indicated for Wilson's disease.

В	BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS	В	BLOOD AND BLOOD FORMING ORGANS
B01	ANTITHROMBOTIC AGENTS	B1	ANTITHROMBOTIC AGENTS
B01A	ANTITHROMBOTIC AGENTS	\Rightarrow	
B01A A	Vitamin K antagonists	B1A	VITAMIN K ANTAGONISTS
B01A B	Heparin group	B1B	HEPARINS
	Antithrombin III is classified here.		Antithrombin III is classified in B2C.
	Danaparoid is classified here.		Danaparoid is classified in B1X.
B01A C	Platelet aggregation inhibitors excl. heparin	B1C	PLATETLET AGGREGATION INHIBITORS
	Dipyramidole is classified here.		Dipyramidole is classified here; when indicated for coronary
	Defibrotide is classified in B01A X.		therapy it is classified in C1D.
			Defibrotide is classified here.
B01A D	Enzymes	B1D	FIBRINOLYTICS
	➤ Protein C and activated Protein C are classified here.		➤ Protein C and activated Protein C are classified in B1X.
B01A E	Direct thrombin inhibitors	B1E	DIRECT THROMBIN INHIBITORS
B01A F	Direct factor Xa inhibitors	B1F	DIRECT FACTOR XA INHIBITORS
B01A X	Other antithrombotic agents	B1X	OTHER ANTITHROMBOTIC AGENTS
	Defibrotide is classified here.		Defibrotide is classified in B1C.

B02	ANTIHEMORRHAGICS	B2	BLOOD COAGULATION SYSTEM, OTHER PRODUCTS
B02A	ANTIFIBRINOLYTICS	B2A	ANTIFIBRINOLYTICS
B02A A	Amino acids		
B02A B	Proteinase inhibitors	B2C	PROTEINASE INHIBITORS
	C-1 inhibitor, ecallantide and conestat alfa are classified in B06AC.		> C-1 inhibitor, ecallantide and conestat alfa are classified here.
	 Alfa 1 antitrypsin (alpha-1-proteinase inhibitor) is classified here. 		Alpha-1-proteinase inhibitor (alfa 1 antitrypsin) is classified in R3X.
B02B	VITAMIN K AND OTHER HEMOSTATICS	B2B	ANTAGONISTS (ANTIDOTES TO ANTICOAGULANTS)
B02B A	Vitamin K	B2B1	Vitamin K
	Protamin is classified in V03A.	B2B2	Protamin sulphate
B02B B	Fibrinogen	B2F	TISSUE SEALING PREPARATIONS
B02B C	Local hemostatics		➤ Local hemostatics are classified in D3A
B02B D	Blood coagulation factors	B2D	BLOOD COAGULATION
*		B2E	THROMBOPOIETIN AGONISTS
	Eltrombopag and romiplostim are classified in B02B X.		Eltrombopag and romiplostim are classified here.
B02B X	Other systemic hemostatics	B2G	SYSTEMIC HAEMOSTATICS
	Eltrombopag and romiplostim are classified here.		➤ Eltrombopag and romiplostim are classified in B2E.
B03	ANTIANEMIC PREPARATIONS	В3	ANTI-ANAEMIC PREPARATIONS
B03A	IRON PREPARATIONS	B3A	HAEMATINICS, IRON & ALL COMBINATIONS
	➤ All plain iron preparations and all combination products containing more than 30 mg Fe per defined daily dose (DDD), are		➤ Combinations of iron with multivitamins are classified in A11A.

	classified here, even if they contain multivitamins.		
B03B	VITAMIN B12 AND FOLIC ACID	ВЗВ	LIVER EXTRACTS AND COMBINATIONS WITH B12
B03B A	Vitamin B12 (cyanocobalamin and analogues)	A11F	PLAIN VIT B12
B03B B	Folic acid and derivatives ➤ Folinic acid is classified in V03A.	взх	OTHER ANTI-ANAEMIC PRODUCTS, INCLUDING FOLIC ACID, FOLINIC ACID
			Folinic acid with more than one indication classified in V3D.
B03X	OTHER ANTIANEMIC PREPARATIONS		
B03X A	Other antianemic preparations	В3С	ERYTHROPOIETIN PRODUCTS
*		K	HOSPITAL SOLUTIONS
B05	BLOOD SUBSTITUTES AND PERFUSION SOLUTIONS	*	
B05A			
DOJA	BLOOD AND RELATED PRODUCTS	K3B +	PROTEIN SOLUTIONS
B05A A			PROTEIN SOLUTIONS PLASMA EXPANDERS
		+	
B05A A	Blood substitutes and plasma protein fractions	+	
B05A A B05B	Blood substitutes and plasma protein fractions I.V. SOLUTIONS	+ K2	PLASMA EXPANDERS
B05A A B05B B05B A	Blood substitutes and plasma protein fractions I.V. SOLUTIONS	+ K2	PLASMA EXPANDERS
B05A A B05B B05B A +	Blood substitutes and plasma protein fractions I.V. SOLUTIONS Solutions for parenteral nutrition	+ K2	PLASMA EXPANDERS

B05C	IRRIGATING SOLUTIONS	K5	IRRIGATING SOLUTIONS
B05D	PERITONEAL DIALYTICS	K6B	PERITONEAL DIALYSIS SOLUTIONS
B05X	I.V. SOLUTION ADDITIVES	K4	INJECTION SOLUTIONS/INFUSION ADDITIVES
B05Z	HEMODIALYTICS AND HEMOFILTRATES		
B05Z A	Hemodialytics, concentrates	K6A	HAEMODIALYSIS SOLUTIONS
B05Z B	Hemofiltrates	K6C	HAEMOFILTRATION
B06	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS	B6	ALL OTHER HAEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS
B06A	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS	*	
B06A A	Enzymes	B6B	HYALURONIDASE
	Bromelains is classified here.	+	
	> Chymotrypsin and trypsin are classified here when used as	B6C	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS
	haematological enzymes.		Bromelains is classified in A9A, D3A or V3H depending on indications.
			Chymotrypsin is classified in A9A, C5B, D3A, M2A or V3H depending on indications.
			Trypsin is classified in A9A, V3H or V3X depending on indications.
B06A B	Other hem products	B6C	OTHER HEMATOLOGICAL AGENTS
	Ruxolitinib is classified in L01XE.		Ruxolitinib is classified here.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
C	CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM	C	CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM
C01	CARDIAC THERAPY	C1	CARDIAC THERAPY
C01A	CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES	C1A	CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES AND COMBINATIONS
C01B	ANTIARRHYTHMICS, CLASS I AND III	C1B	ANTI-ARRHYTHMICS
	➤ Adenosine is classified in C01E		➤ Adenosine is classified here
C01C	CARDIAC STIMULANTS EXCL. CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES		
C01C A	Adrenergic and dopaminergic agents	C1C	CARDIAC STIMULANTS EXCL. CARDIAC GLYCOSIDES
	Caffeine, plain is classified in N06B.		Caffeine, plain is classified here.
	Heptaminol is classified in C01D.	+	Heptaminol is classified here.
	➤ Dihydroergotamine is classified in N02C.		➤ Dihydroergotamine is classified here and in N2C.
C01C E	Phosphodiesterase Inhibitors	C1F	POSITIVE INOTROPIC AGENTS
\triangleright			
+			
C01C X	Other cardiac stimulants		Includes substances such as amrinone, milrinone, fenoximone, piroximone, xamoterol.
C01D	VASODILATORS USED IN CARDIAC DISEASES		
C01D A	Organic nitrates	C1E	NITRITES AND NITRATES
	Amyl nitrite is classified in V03A.		➤ Amyl nitrite is classified here and V3A.
C01D B	Quinolone vasodilators	*	

> Flosequinan is classified in C1D.

> Flosequinan is classified here.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
C01D X	Other Vasodilators used in cardiac diseases Prenylamine is classified here. Heptaminol is classified here. Dipyramidol is classified in B01A C. Trimetazidine is classified in C01E B. Ivabradine is classified in C01E B. Flosequinan is classified in C01D B.	C1D	CORONARY THERAPY EXCL. CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS AND NITRITES Prenylamine is classified in C8A. Heptaminol is classified in C1C. Dipyramidol is classified here and in B1C. Trimetazidine is classified here. Ivabradine is classified here. Flosequinan is classified here.
C01E	OTHER CARDIAC PREPARATIONS Adenosine is classified here. Levocarnitine is classified in A016. Trimetazidine is classified here. Ivabradine is classified here.	C1X	 ALL OTHER CARDIAC PREPARATIONS Adenosine is classified in C1B. Levocarnitine is classified in this group when indicated for ischaemic disorders (in A16 if for nutrition problems). Ivabradine is classified in C1D.
C02	ANTIHYPERTENSIVES > Mebutamate is classified in N05B. > Terazosin is classified in G04C. > Bosentan is classified here.	C2	ANTIHYPERTENSIVES ➤ Mebutamate is classified in C2A. ➤ Terazosin is classified here and in G4C. ➤ Bosentan is classified in C6A.
C03	DIURETICSCicletanine is classified here.	С3	DIURETICS ➤ Cicletanine is classified in C2A.
C04	PERIPHERAL VASODILATORS	C4	CEREBRAL AND PERIPHERAL VASOTHERAPEUTICS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
C04A	 PERIPHERAL VASODILATORS Cinnarizine and flunarizine are classified in N07C. Nimodipine is classified in C08. Citicoline is classified in N06B. Visnadine is classified here. 	C4A	 CEREBRAL AND PERIPHERAL VASOTHERAPEUTICS Cinnarizine and flunarizine can be classified here and also in N2C and N7C depending on indications. Nimodipine is classified here. Citicoline is classified here. Visnadine is classified in C1D.
C05	VASOPROTECTIVES	C5	ANTIVARICOSIS/ANTIHAEMORRHOIDAL PREPARATIONS
C05A	AGENTS FOR TREATMENT OF HEMORRHOIDS AND ANAL FISSURES FOR TOPICAL USE	C5A	TOPICAL ANTI-HAEMORRHOIDALS
C05B	ANTIVARICOSE THERAPY Chymotrypsin is classified in B06A A when used as haematological enzymes.	C5B	 VARICOSE THERAPY, <u>TOPICAL</u> ➤ Chymotrypsin is classified here or in A9A, D3A, M2A and V3H depending on indications.
C05C	CAPILLARY STABILIZING AGENTS	C5C	VARICOSE THERAPY, <u>SYSTEMIC</u>
*	 Bosentan is classified in C02K. Iloprost is classified here or in B01A. Sildenafil is classified in G04B. Icatibant is classified in B06A C. 	C6	OTHER CARDIOVASCULAR PRODUCTS > Bosentan is classified here. > Iloprost is classified here or in B1C depending on indication. > Sildenafil is classified here or in G4E depending on indication. > Icatibant is classified here.
C07	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS	C7	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS
C07A	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS	C7A	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS, PLAIN

$\underline{EphMRA} \ (Product \ based)$

C07B	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS AND THIAZIDES	C7B	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS, COMBINATIONS
+			
C07C	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS AND OTHER DIURETICS		
+			
C07D	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS, THIAZIDES AND OTHER		
+	DIURETICS		
C07E	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS AND VASODILATORS		
C07F	BETA BLOCKING AGENTS AND OTHER		*
	ANTIHYPERTENSIVES		> Combinations with calcium channel blockers are classified in
	Combinations with calcium channel blockers are classified here.		C8B.
			Combinations with ACE inhibitors are classified in C9B.
			Combinations with angiotensin-II inhibitors are classified in C9D.
C08	CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS	C8	CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS
	Nimodipine is classified here.		Nimodipine is classified in C4A.
	Prenylamine is classified in C01D X.		Prenylamine is classified here.
	➤ Combinations with beta blockers are classified in C07F.		➤ Combinations with beta blockers are classified in C8B2.
C08C	SELECTIVE CCB WITH MAINLY VASCULAR EFFECT	C8A	CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS, PLAIN
+			
C08D	SELECTIVE CCB WITH DIRECT CARDIAC EFFECTS		
+ C08E	NON-SELECTIVE CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS		

C8G	CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS AND DIURETICS	C8B1	CALCIUM ANTAGONISTS COMBINATIONS WITH
			ANTIHYPERTENSIVES (C2) AND/OR DIURETICS
*		C8B2	CCB/BETABLOCKER COMBINATIONS
		C8B3	CCB COMB. WITH OTHER DRUGS OF GROUP C, except C7-C10
		C8B4	CCB COMBINATIONS WITH ALL OTHER DRUGS
C09	AGENTS ACTING ON THE RENIN-ANGIOTENSIN SYSTEM	С9	AGENTS ACTING ON THE RENIN-ANGIOTENSIN SYSTEM
C09A	ACE INHIBITORS, PLAIN	C9A	ACE INHIBITORS, PLAIN
C09B	ACE INHIBITORS, COMBINATIONS	С9В	ACE INHIBITORS, COMBINATIONS S
	➤ Combinations with beta-blockers are classified in C07F.		➤ Combinations with beta-blockers are classified here.
C09C	ANGIOTENSIN II ANTAGONISTS, PLAIN	C9C	ANGIOTENSIN II ANTAGONISTS, PLAIN
C09D	ANGIOTENSIN II ANTAGONISTS, COMBINATIONS	C9D	ANGIOTENSIN II ANTAGONISTS, COMBINATIONS
	➤ Combinations with beta-blockers are classified in C07F.		➤ Combinations with beta-blockers are classified here.
C09X	OTHER AGENTS ACTING ON THE RENIN-ANGIOTENSIN SYSTEM	C9X	OTHER AGENTS ACTING ON THE RENIN-ANGIOTENSIN SYSTEM
C10	LIPID MODIFYING AGENTS	C10	LIPID-REGULATING/ANTI-ATHEROMA PREPARATIONS
C10A	LIPID MODIFYING AGENTS, PLAIN	C10A	CHOLESTEROL AND TRIGLYCERIDE REGULATING PREPARATIONS
C10A A	HMG CoA reductase inhibitors	C10A 1	Statins (HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors)
C10A B	Fibrates	C10A 2	Fibrates

C10A C	Bile acid sequestrants	C10A 3	Ion-exchange resins
C10A D	Nicotinic acid and derivatives	C10A 9	All other cholesterol/triglyceride regulators
+ C10A X	Other lipid modifying agents		
*		C10 B	ANTI-ATHEROMA PREPARATIONS OF NATURAL ORIGIN
C10B	LIPID MODIFYING AGENTS, COMBINATIONS	C10C	LIPID REGULATORS IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER LIPID REGULATORS
	Lipid-regulating cardiovascular multitherapy combination products are classified here.		Lipid-regulating cardiovascular multitherapy combination products are classified in C11A.
*		C11	CARDIOVASCULAR MULTI-THERAPY COMBINATION PRODUCTS
*	 Lipid-regulating cardiovascular multitherapy combination products are classified in C10B 	C11A	LIPID-REGULATING CARDIOVASCULAR MULTI-THERAPY COMBINATION PRODUCTS

D	DERMATOLOGICALS	D	DERMATOLOGICALS
D01	ANTIFUNGALS FOR DERMATOLOGICAL USE	D 1	ANTIFUNGALS, DERMATOLOGICAL
D01A	ANTIFUNGALS FOR TOPICAL USE	D1A1	Topical dermatological antifungals
	Topical metronidazole is mainly used for rosacea and is classified in D06B X.		Products indicated for the treatment of rosacea are classified in D10A.
	> Combinations with corticosteroids are classified here.		➤ Combinations with corticosteroids are in D7B2.
D01B	ANTIFUNGALS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	D1A2	Systemic dermatological Antifungals
	Terbinafine is classified here.		➤ Terbinafine is classified in J2A.
D02	EMOLLIENTS AND PROTECTIVES	D2	EMOLLIENTS, PROTECTIVES
D02A	EMOLLIENTS AND PROTECTIVES	D2A	EMOLLIENTS, PROTECTIVES
+	➤ Aminobenzoic acid is classified in D02B.		> Aminobenzoic acid is classified here.
D02B	PROTECTIVES AGAINST UV-RADIATION		
D02B	PROTECTIVES AGAINST UV-RADIATION ➤ Betacarotene is classified here.		Betacarotene is classified in D11A.
D02B			➤ Betacarotene is classified in D11A.

D03	PREPARATIONS FOR TREATMENT OF WOUNDS AND ULCERS	D3	WOUND HEALING AGENTS
	Local haemostatics are classified in B02B.		Local haemostatics are classified here.
	Bromelains is classified in B06A A.		➤ Bromelains is classified here or in A9A and V3H depending on
	Chymotrypsin is classified in B06A A when used as haematological enzymes.		indications.
D03A	CICATRIZANTS	*	
D03B	ENZYMES	*	
D04	ANTIPRURITICS, INCL. ANTIHISTAMINES, ANESTHETICS, ETC.	D4	ANTIPRURITICS, INCL. TOPICAL ANTIHISTAMINES, ANAESTETHICS, ETC.
D04A	ANTIPRURITICS, INCL. ANTIHISTAMINES, ANESTHETICS, ETC	D4A	ANTIPRURITICS, INCL. ANTIHISTAMINES, ANAESTETHICS, ETC.
	➤ Nalfurafine is classified in V03A.		Nalfurafine is classified here.
D05	ANTIPSORIATICS	D5	NONSTEROIDAL PRODUCTS FOR INFLAMMATORY SKIN DISORDERS
D05A	ANTIPSORIATICS FOR TOPICAL USE	D5A	TOPICAL ANTIPSORIASIS PRODUCTS
D05B	ANTIPSORIATICS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	D5B	SYSTEMIC ANTIPSORIASIS PRODUCTS
	➤ Alefacept is classified in L04A.		➤ Alefacept is classified here.
	➤ Methotrexate is classified in L01B and L04A.		➤ Methotrexate is classified in D5B, M1C and L1B.
	➤ Ustekinumab is classified in L04A.		➤ Ustekinumab is classified here.

WHO (Substance based) **EphMRA** (Product based) ** D5X OTHER NONSTEROIDAL PRODUCTS FOR INFLAMMATORY SKIN DISORDERS > Topical tacrolimus is classified in D11A. > Topical tacrolimus is classified here. ➤ Alitretinoin is classified in D11A. > Alitretinoin is classified in here when indicated for the treatment Aminolevulinic acid is classified in L01X. of eczema, and in L1X1 when indicated to treat cutaneous lesions in Kaposi's sarcoma. Aminolevulinic acid is classified here and in L1X. ANTIBIOTICS AND CHEMOTHERAPEUTICS FOR TOPICAL ANTIBACTERIALS AND ANTIVIRALS **D**06 **D6** DERMATOLOGICAL USE Metronidazole for treatment of rosacea is classified in D10A. > Metronidazole for the treatment of rosacea is classified here. Dressings with anti-infectives are classified here. > Dressings with anti-infectives are classified in D09A A. ANTIBIOTICS FOR TOPICAL USE TOPICAL ANTIBACTERIALS D06A D₆A D06B CHEMOTHERAPEUTICS FOR TOPICAL USE TOPICAL ANTIBACTERIALS D6A (- D6B B) D₆D TOPICAL ANTIVIRALS INFECTION PRODUCTS D06B B Antivirals

D6C

ANTIBIOTICS AND CHEMOTHERAPEUTICS,

COMBINATIONS

**

Included in D6A

D07	CORTICOSTEROIDS, DERMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	D7	TOPICAL CORTICOSTEROIDS
D07A	CORTICOSTEROIDS, PLAIN	D7A	PLAIN TOPICAL CORTICOSTEROIDS
D07B	CORTICOSTEROIDS, COMBINATIONS WITH ANTISEPTICS	D7B	TOPICAL CORTICOSTEROID COMBINATIONS
+			
D07C	CORTICOSTEROIDS, COMBINATIONS WITH ANTIBIOTICS	*	
+			
D07X	CORTICOSTEROIDS, OTHER COMBINATIONS	*	
D08	ANTISEPTICS AND DISINFECTANTS	D8	ANTISEPTICS AND DISINFECTANTS
D08A	ANTISEPTICS AND DISINFECTANTS	D8A	ANTISEPTICS AND DISINFECTANTS
D09	MEDICATED DRESSINGS	*	THE PRODUCTS OF THIS CLASS HAVE BEEN ALLOCATED TO THE DIFFERENT GROUPS
D09A	MEDICATED DRESSINGS		
	This group comprises medicated dressings, ointment dressings etc. Liquid wound protectives are classified in D02A D – Liquid plasters. Local hemostatics, eg. Gauze, tampons etc. are classified in B02B C – Local hemostatics.		
D09A A	Ointment dressings with antiinfectives	Included in D6A	TOPICAL ANTIBIOTICS AND/OR SULPHONAMIDES
		20	

D09A B	Zinc bandages Soft paraffin dressings	Included in D5A Included in D2A	TOPICAL ANTIPSORIASIS AND SIMILAR PRODUCTS EMOLLIENTS, PROTECTIVES
D10	ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS	D10	ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS
D10A	ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS FOR TOPICAL USE	D10A	TOPICAL ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS
	Metronidazole for the treatment of rosacea is classified in D06B.		➤ Metronidazole for the treatment of rosacea is classified here
D10B	ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	D10B	ORAL ANTI-ACNE PREPARATIONS
	Antibiotics, such as tetracyclines and erythromycin, which are also used for the treatment of acne are classified in group J.		Antibiotic products, specifically indicated for the treatment of acne are classified here.
	Combinations of estrogen and antiandrogen, used for the treatment of acne, are classified in group G03H.		Combinations of estrogen and cyproterone, specifically indicated for the treatment of acne, are classified here.

D11	OTHER DERMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	D11	OTHER DERMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS
D11A	OTHER DERMATOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	D11A	OTHER DERMATOLOGICIAL PREPARATIONS
	Androgens for topical use are classified here.		Androgens for topical use are in D3A.
	Tacrolimus and pimecrolimus are classified here.		➤ Tacrolimus is classified in D5X and L4A; pimecrolimus in D5X.
	Alitretinoin is classified here.		➤ Alitretinoin is classified in D5X when indicated for the treatment of eczema, and in L1X1 when indicated to treat cutaneous lesions in Kaposi's sarcoma.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
G	GENITO URINARY SYSTEM AND SEX HORMONES	G	GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM AND SEX HORMONES
G01	GYNECOLOGICAL ANTIINFECTIVES AND ANTISEPTICS	G1	GYNAECOLOGICAL ANTI-INFECTIVES
	All oral and rectal dosage forms of imidazole derivatives are classified in P01A.		Dosage forms used for treatment of gynaecological infections are classified here.
G02	OTHER GYNAECOLOGICALS	G2	OTHER GYNAECOLOGICALS
	➤ Analgesics used in dysmenorrhea are classified in N02B.		Analgesics indicated exclusively for dysmenorrhea are classified in G2X1.
G02A	OXYTOCICS	G2A	LABOUR INDUCERS
	> Oxytocin and demoxytocin are classified in H01B.		Oxytocin and demoxytocin are classified here.
G02B	CONTRACEPTIVES FOR <u>TOPICAL</u> USE	G2B	TOPICAL CONTRACEPTIVES
	> IUDs containing progestogens are classified here.		➤ IUDs with progestogens are classified in G3A.
G02C	OTHER GYNECOLOGICALS	*	
	➤ Vaginal forms of estrogens are classified in G03C.		➤ Vaginal forms of estrogens are classified in G2F.
G02C A	Sympathomimetics, labor repressants	G2E	LABOUR INHIBITORS
*		G2F	TOPICAL SEX HORMONES
	> Vaginal forms of estrogens are classified in G03C.		Vaginal forms of estrogens are classified here.

G02C B	 Prolactin inhibitors Lisuride tablets in high strength (0.2mg) are classified in this group, while low dose tablets (25 mcg) are classified in N02C. Bromocriptine low dose is classified here; high strength tablets are classified in N04B. Cabergoline low dose is classified here, high strength tablets are classified in N04B. 	G2D	 PROLACTIN INHIBITORS Lisuride is classified in N4A. Bromocriptine is classified here and N4A. Cabergoline is classified here and N4A.
G02C C + G02C X	Antiinflammatory products for vaginal administration Other gynaecologicals	G2X	OTHER GYNAECOLOGICAL PRODUCTS
G03	SEX HORMONES AND MODULATORS OF THE GENITAL SYSTEM	G3	SEX HORMONES AND PRODUCTS WITH SIMILAR DESIRED EFFECTS, SYSTEMIC ACTION ONLY
G03A	HORMONAL CONTRACEPTIVES FOR SYSTEMIC USE > IUDs with progestogens are classified in G02B.	G3A	HORMONAL CONTRACEPTIVES, SYSTEMIC > IUDs with progestogens are classified here.
G03B	ANDROGENS	G3B	ANDROGENS, EXCLUDING G3E, G3F
G03C	ESTROGENSTibolone is classified here.Vaginal forms are classified here.	G3C	OESTROGENS, EXCLUDING G3A, G3E, G3F Tibolone is classified G3X. Vaginal forms are classified G2F.
	v aginar forms are classified here.		

$\underline{EphMRA} \ (Product \ based)$

G03E	ANDROGENS AND FEMALE SEX HORMONES IN COMBINATION	G3E	ANDROGEN WITH FEMALE HORMONE COMBINATIONS
G03F	PROGESTOGENS AND ESTROGENS IN COMBINATION Estradiol and cyproterone in combination is classified in G03H B.	G3F	OESTROGEN WITH PROGESTOGEN COMBINATIONS, EXCLUDING G3A Estradiol and cyproterone in combination is classified here.
G03G	GONADOTROPHINS AND OTHER OVULATION STIMULANTS	G3G	GONADOTROPHINS, INCL.OTHER OVULATION STIMULANTS
G03H	 ANTIANDROGENS All plain cyproterone preparations (and combinations of cyproterone and estrogen) regardless of indication are classified here. 	*	Plain cyproterone preparations are classified in G3X and L2B depending on indication.
*	Bazedoxifene, lasofoxifene and raloxifene are classified in G03X.	G3J	SERMS (SELECTIVE OESTROGEN RECEPTOR MODULATORS) Bazedoxifene, lasofoxifene and raloxifene are classified here.
G03X	 OTHER SEX HORMONES AND MODULATORS OF THE GENITAL SYSTEM Tibolone is classified in G03D C. Bazedoxifene, lasofoxifen and raloxifene are classified here. All plain cyproterone preparations (and combinations of cyproterone and estrogen) regardless of indication are classified in G03H. 	G03X	 OTHER SEX HORMONES AND SIMILAR PRODUCTS Tibolone is classified here Products containing cyproterone are classified according to indication. Combinations of estrogen and cyproterone are classified in D10B (DIANE 35) and G3F (CLIMEN). Bazedoxifene, lasofoxifen and raloxifene are classified in G3J. Plain cyproterone preparations are classified here and in L2B depending on indication.

G04	UROLOGICALS	G4	UROLOGICALS
*	 Urinary quinolones are in J01M. Other urinary antibacterials are in J01X. 	G4A	 URINARY ANTI-INFECTIVES AND ANTISEPTICS Urinary quinolones are here in G4A2. Halogenated quinolones are in G4E. Other antiseptics and anti-bacterials are here in G4A9.
G04B	OTHER UROLOGICALS, INCL. ANTISPASMODICS > Drugs used in erectile dysfunction are here in G04B E. > Urinary antispasmodics are here in G04B D.	*	 Other urologicals are in G4X with exceptions below. Erectile dysfunction products are in G4E. Urinary incontinence products are in G4D.
G04C	DRUGS USED IN BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERTROPHY	G4C	BPH (BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERTROPHY) PRODUCTS
*		G4D	URINARY INCONTINENCE PRODUCTS
*	Phentolamine used as an antidote is in V03A. It is only in G04B for erectile dysfunction when in combinations.	G4E	ERECTILE DYSFUNCTION PRODUCTS➤ Phentolamine for erectile dysfunction is here. It is in V3X when used as an antidote.
*	Other urologicals are in G04B.	G4X	ALL OTHER UROLOGICAL PRODUCTS

WHO	(Substance	based)
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$\underline{EphMRA} \ (Product \ based)$

Н	SYSTEMIC HORMONAL PREPARATIONS, EXCL. SEX HORMONES	Н	SYSTEMIC HORMONAL PREPARATIONS (EXCL. SEX HORMONES)
	The classification of these hormonal products is based according to the origin of the hormones and not according to their indication.		
H01	PITUITARY AND HYPOTHALAMIC HORMONES AND ANALOGUES	H1	PITUITARY AND HYPOTHALAMIC HORMONES
H01A	ANTERIOR PITUITARY LOBE HORMONES and ANALOGUES		
H01A A	ACTH	H1A	ACTH
H01A B	Thyrotrophin	Included in H3A	THYROID PREPARATIONS
H01A C	Somatropin and somatropin agonists	H4C	GROWTH HORMONES
\Rightarrow		\Rightarrow	
H01A X	Other anterior pituitary lobe hormones and analogues		
	Pegvisomant is classified here.		Pegvisomant is classified in H1C.
H01B	POSTERIOR PITUITARY LOBE HORMONES	*	
H01B A	Vasopressin and analogues	H4D	ANTIDIURETIC HORMONES
	➤ Terlipressin is classified here.		➤ Terlipressin is classified in B2G.
H01B B	Oxytocin and analogues	G2A	LABOUR INDUCERS
H01C	HYPOTHALAMIC HORMONES	H1C	HYPOTHALAMIC HORMONES
H01C A	Gonadotrophin-releasing hormones	H1C1	GONADOTHROPHIN RELEASING HORMONES
H01C B	Somatostatin and analogues	H1C2	ANTIGROWTH HORMONES

			Pegvisomant is classified here.
H01C C	ANTI-GONADOTROPHIN-RELEASING HORMONES	H1C3	ANTIGONADOTROPHIN-RELEASING HORMONES
H02	CORTICOSTEROIDS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	Н2	SYSTEMIC CORTICOSTEROIDS
H02A	CORTICOSTEROIDS FOR SYSTEMIC USE, PLAIN	H2A	SYSTEMIC CORTICOSTEROIDS, PLAIN
H02B	CORTICOSTEROIDS FOR SYSTEMIC USE, COMBINATIONS	H2B	SYSTEMIC CORTICOSTEROID COMBINATIONS
H02C	ANTIADRENAL PREPARATIONS	*	
	> Trilostane is classified here.		> Trilostane is classified in H4X.
H03	THYROID THERAPY	Н3	THYROID THERAPY
H03A	THYROID PREPARATIONS	Н3А	THYROID PREPARATIONS
	➤ Thyrotrophin is classified in H01A.		> Thyrotrophin is classified here.
H03B	ANTITHYROID PREPARATIONS	Н3В	ANTI-THYROID PREPARATIONS
Н03С	IODINE THERAPY	Н3С	IODINE THERAPY
H04 ⊃	PANCREATIC HORMONES	*	
H04A	GLYCOGENOLYTIC HORMONES	H4B	GLUCAGON
H05	CALCIUM HOMEOSTASIS	*	
H05A	PARATHYROID HORMONES AND ANALOGUES	H4E	PARATHYROID HORMONES AND ANALOGUES
H05B	ANTI-PARATHYROID HORMONES	*	

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
H05B A	Calcitonin preparations	H4A	CALCITONINS
H05B X	Other anti-parathyroid agents	H4F	ANTIPARATHYROID PRODUCTS

WHO (S	Substance	based)
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J	ANTIINFECTIVES FOR SYSTEMIC USE	J	GENERAL ANTI-INFECTIVES SYSTEMIC
J01	ANTIBACTERIALS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	J1	SYSTEMIC ANTIBACTERIALS
J01A	TETRACYCLINES	J1A	TETRACYCLINES AND COMBINATIONS
	Tigecycline is classified here.		Tigecycline is classified in J1X.
J01B	AMPHENICOLS	J1B	CHLORAMPHENICOL AND COMBINATIONS
J01C	BETA-LACTAM ANTIBACTERIALS, PENICILLINS	J1C	BROAD SPECTRUM PENICILLINS
		+	
		J1H	MEDIUM AND NARROW SPECTRUM PENICILLINS
		+	
		J1L	CARBENICILLIN AND SIMILAR TYPES
J01D	OTHER BETA LACTAM ANTIBACTERIALS	*	
		J1D	CEPHALOSPORINS
J01D B-E	> First-fourth generation cephalosporins.	J1D1-2	Oral – injectable cephalosporins.
	➤ Loracarbef is classified here in J01D C.		Loracarbef is classified in J1P3.
	Other cephalosporins (including ceftobiprole medocaril and ceftaroline fosamil) are classified in J01D I.		Other cephalosporins (including ceftobiprole medocaril and ceftaroline fosamil) are classified here.
J01D F	Monobactams	J1P1	Monobactams
J01D H	Carbapenems	J1P2	Penems and carbapenems
+			> Other cephalosporins (including ceftobiprole medocaril and
			ceftaroline fosamil) are classified in J1D.
J01D I	Other cephalosporins and penems		certaronne rosamny are classified in 31D.

		+	
		J3A	SYSTEMIC SULFONAMIDES
J01F	MACROLIDES, LINCOSAMIDES and STREPTOGRAMINS	J1F	MACROLIDES AND SIMILAR TYPES
	Pristinamycin is classified here.		Pristinamycin is classified in J1X.
J01G	AMINOGLYCOSIDE ANTIBACTERIALS	J1K	AMINOGLYCOSIDES
	Plain streptomycin is classified here.		> Streptomycin is classified in J1X.
J01M	QUINOLONE ANTIBACTERIALS	J1G	FLUOROQUINOLONES
			Non-halogenated quinolones are in G4A2.
J01R	COMBINATIONS OF ANTIBACTERIALS	*	
	Sulfonamides, combinations with other antibacterials (excl. trimethoprim) are classified here.		Sulfonamides in combinations with other antibacterials (excl. trimethoprim) are classified in J3A.
*	 Monobactams, carbapenems, carbacephems are classified in 	J1P	OTHER BETA-LACTAM ANTIBACTERIALS, EXCLUDING PENICILLINS, CEPHALOSPORINS
	J01D.		Monobactams, carbapenems, carbcephems are classified here.
J01X	OTHER ANTIBACTERIALS	J1X	OTHER ANTIBACTERIALS
	Pristinamycin is classified J01F; Tigecyclin is in J01A.		Pristinamycin and tigecyclin are classified here.
	➤ Parenteral imidazole formulations are classified here in J01X D.		> Parenteral imidazole formulations are classified in J8B.
J02	ANTIMYCOTICS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	J2	SYSTEMIC AGENTS FOR FUNGAL INFECTIONS
	> Terbinafine and griseofulvin are classified in D01B.		> Terbinafine for systemic use is classified here.
			➤ Griseofulvin is classified in D1A2.
*		J 3	SYSTEMIC SULPHONAMIDES
	> All plain sulphonamides are classified in J01E. Sulfonamides,		This group includes plain sulphonamides and

	combinations with other antibacterials (excl. trimethoprim) are classified in $J01R$.		sulphonamide/antibiotic combinations, excl trimethoprim/sulphonamides which are classified J1E.
*		J3	SYSTEMIC SULPHONAMIDES
J04	ANTIMYCOBACTERIALS	J4	ANTIMYCOBACTIERALS
J04A	DRUGS FOR TREATMENT OF TUBERCULOSIS	J4A	ANTITUBERCULAR PRODUCTS
	Rifampicin and rifamycin are classified here.		Rifampicin and rifamycin are classified here and in J1M.
	Plain streptomycin is classified in J01G A.		> Streptomycin is classified here.
J04B	DRUGS FOR TREATMENT OF LEPRA	J4B	DRUGS FOR THE TREATMENT OF LEPRA
	➤ Thalidomide, also when used for lepra, is classified L04A X.		➤ Thalidomide, when used for lepra is classified here, otherwise it is classified in L4.
J05	ANTIVIRALS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	J5	ANTIVIRALS FOR SYSTEMIC USE
J05A	DIRECT ACTIONG ANTIVIRALS	J5B	ANTIVIRALS, EXCLUDING ANTI-HIV PRODUCTS
	The combination of ribavirin and peginterferon is classified L03A.		➤ The combination of ribavirin and peginterferon is classified here.
		+	
		J5C	HIV ANTIVIRALS
	Antivirals acting against HIV are classified here in J05A E– J05A G depending on inhibition mechanism.		➢ HIV antivirals are classified here in J5C1 − J5C9 depending on inhibition mechanism.
J06	IMMUNE SERA AND IMMUNOGLOBULINS	J 6	SERA AND GAMMA-GLOBULIN
J06A	IMMUNE SERA	J6A	ANTITOXIC SERA
J06B	IMMUNOGLOBULINS	J6C	POLYVALENT IMMUNO-GLOBULINS - INTRAVENOUS
		+	

		J6D +	HOMOLOGOUS IMMUNOLOGICALLY ACTIVE GLOBULINS - INTRAVENOUS
		J6E	POLYVALENT IMMUNO-GLOBULINS - INTRAMUSCULAR
		+	
		J6F	POLYVALENT IMMUNO-GLOBULINS – COMBINATION
		+	MODULATION - MAINLY INTRAMUSCULAR
		J6G	SPECIFIC IMMUNOGLOBULINS - ANTIBACTERIAL
		+	
		Ј6Н	SPECIFIC IMMUNOGLOBULINS - ANTIVIRAL
		+	
		J6J	OTHER SPECIFIC IMMUNOGLOBULINS
J07	VACCINES	J7	VACCINES
J07A	BACTERIAL VACCINES	J7A	PURE VACCINES
+	Also includes combinations of bacterial vaccines.		➤ All vaccines that act against a specific group of virus or bacteria are classified here. All combinations acting against more than one group of virus or bacteria are classified in J7B.
J07B	VIRAL VACCINES		
	Also includes combinations of viral vaccines.		Viral vaccines are classified in J7A if acting against a specific group of virus. Combinations are classified in J7B.
J07C	BACTERIAL AND VIRAL VACCINES, COMBINED	J7B	COMBINATIONS OF VACCINES
	Bacterial vaccines combinations and viral vaccines combination		➤ All combinations of bacterial and viral vaccines are classified

WHO	(Substance	based)

J07X	OTHER VACCINES	J7C	ALL OTHER VACCINES

EphMRA (Product based)

❖ OTHER ANTI-INFECTIVES

> Parenteral imidazole formulations are classified in J01X D.

> Parenteral imidazole formulations are classified here in J8B.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
L	ANTINEOPLASTIC AND IMMUNOMODULATING AGENTS	L	ANTINEOPLASTIC AND IMMUNOMODULATING AGENTS
L01	ANTINEOPLASTIC AGENTS	L1	CYTOSTATICS
L01A	ALKYLATING AGENTS	L1A	ALKYLATING AGENTS
	Altretamine is classified in L01X.		> Altretamine is classified here.
L01B	ANTIMETABOLITES	L1B	ANTIMETABOLITES
	➤ Methotrexate is classified in L01B and L04A.		➤ Methotrexate is classified in D5B, M1C and L01B.
L01C	PLANT ALKALOIDS AND OTHER NATURAL PRODUCTS	L1C	VINCA ALKALOIDS AND OTHER PLANT PRODUCTS
	➤ Irinotecan and topotecan are classified in L01X X.		> Irinotecan and topotecan are classified here.
L01D	CYTOTOXIC ANTIBIOTICS AND RELATED SUBSTANCES	L1D	CYTOSTATIC ANTINEOPLASTICS
	➤ Gemtuzumab ozogamicin is classified in L01X.		➤ Gemtuzumab ozogamicin is classified here.
L01X	OTHER ANTINEOPLASTIC AGENTS	L1X	ALL OTHER ANTINEOPLASTICS
	Altretamine is classified here.		Altretamine is classified in L1A.
	Aminolevulinic acid is classified here.		➤ Aminolevulinic acid is classified here and in D5X.
	Alitretinoin is classified in D11A.		Irinotecan and topotecan are classified in L1C.
	➤ Irinotecan and topotecan are classified here in L01X X.		➤ Ibritumomab tiuxetan, tositumomab and iodine (131I)
	➤ Ibritumomab tiuxetan, tositumomab and iodine (131I) tositumomab are classified in V10X.		tositumomab are classified here.
L01X A	Platinum compounds	L1X2	Platinum compounds
L01X B	Methylhydrazines	L1X9	All other antineoplastics
L01X C	Monoclonal Antibodies	L1X3	Antineoplastic Monoclonal Antibodies

	Gemtuzumab ozogamicin is classified here.		➤ Gemtuzumab ozogamicin is classified in L1D.
L01X D	Agents used in photodynamic therapy	L1X9	All other antineoplastics
L01X E	Protein kinase inhibitors	L1X4	Antineoplastic protein kinase inhibitors
	Ruxolitinib is classified here.		Ruxolitinib is classified in B6C.
L01X X	Other antineoplastic agents	L1X1	Adjuvants preparations for cancer therapy
	 Sipuleucel-T is classified in L03X A. Aflibercept is classified in S01L. 	+	Alitretinoin is classified here when indicated to treat cutaneous lesions in Kaposi's sarcoma and in D5X when indicated for the treatment of eczema.
		L1X9	All other antineoplastics
			Sipuleucel-T is classified here.
			➤ Aflibercept is classified here and in S1P.
L02	ENDOCRINE THERAPY	L2	CYTOSTATIC HORMONE THERAPY
L02A	HORMONES AND RELATED AGENTS	L2A	CYTOSTATIC HORMONES
L02A A	E .		
2021111	Estrogens	L2A1	Cytostatic oestrogens
L02A B	Progestogens	L2A1 L2A2	Cytostatic oestrogens Cytostatic progestogens
			·
L02A B	Progestogens	L2A2	Cytostatic progestogens
L02A B L02A E	Progestogens Gonadotrophin releasing hormone analogues	L2A2 L2A3	Cytostatic progestogens Cytostatic gonadotrophin releasing hormone analogues
L02A B L02A E L02A X	Progestogens Gonadotrophin releasing hormone analogues Other Hormones	L2A2 L2A3 L2A9	Cytostatic progestogens Cytostatic gonadotrophin releasing hormone analogues Other cytostatic hormones
L02A B L02A E L02A X L02B	Progestogens Gonadotrophin releasing hormone analogues Other Hormones HORMONE ANTAGONISTS AND RELATED AGENTS	L2A2 L2A3 L2A9 L2B	Cytostatic progestogens Cytostatic gonadotrophin releasing hormone analogues Other cytostatic hormones CYTOSTATIC HORMONE ANTAGONISTS
L02A B L02A E L02A X L02B	Progestogens Gonadotrophin releasing hormone analogues Other Hormones HORMONE ANTAGONISTS AND RELATED AGENTS Anti-estrogens	L2A2 L2A3 L2A9 L2B	Cytostatic progestogens Cytostatic gonadotrophin releasing hormone analogues Other cytostatic hormones CYTOSTATIC HORMONE ANTAGONISTS Cytostatic anti-estrogens

	➤ All plain cyproterone preparations (and combinations of cyproterone and estrogen) regardless of indication are classified here.		Plain cyproterone preparations are classified here and in G3X depending on indication.
	➤ Abiraterone is classified in L02B X.		Abiraterone is classified here.
L02B G	Aromatase inhibitors	L2B3	Cytostatic aromatase inhibitors
L02B X	Other hormone antagonists and related agents	L2B9	Other cytostatic hormone antagonists
	➤ Abiraterone is classified here.		➤ Abiraterone is classified in L2B2.
	Fulvestrant is classified in L02B A.		> Fulvestrant is classified here.
L03	IMMUNOSTIMULANTS	L3	IMMUNOMODULATING AGENTS
L03A	CYTOKINES AND IMMUNOMODULATORS	L3A	IMMUNOSTIMULATING AGENTS, EXCL. INTERFERONS
	➤ Levamisole is classified in P02C E.		Levamizole, when indicated as immunostimulant, is classified here.
L03A A	Colony stimulating factors	L3A1	COLONY STIMULATING FACTORS
L03A C +	Interleukins +	L3A9	All other immunostimulating agents excluding interferons
L03A X	Other cytokines and immunomodulators		 Sipuleucel-T is classified in L1X9.
	Sipuleucel-T is classified here.		
L03A B	INTERFERONS	L3B	INTERFERONS
			> Interferons indicated for viral hepatitis only are classified in J5B.
L04	IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS	L4	IMMUNOSUPPRESSIVE AGENTS
L04A	IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS	+	These are split between L4B for anti-TNFs and L4X for other
	Alefacept is classified here.		immunosuppressants.

- Abatacept, anakinra, leflunomide and tocilizumab are classified here.
- ➤ Methotrexate is classified in L01B and L04A.
- > Ustekinumab is classified here.
- > Thalidomide is classified here.

EphMRA (Product based)

- ➤ Alefacept is classified in D5B.
- \succ Abatacept, anakinra, leflunomide and tocilizumab are classified in M1C .
- Methotrexate is classified in D5B, M1C and L01B.
- Ustekinumab is classified in D5B.
- ➤ Thalidomide, when used for lepra is classified in J4B, otherwise it is classified here.

↓ L4B ANTI-TNF PRODUCTS

↓ L4X OTHER IMMUNOSUPPRESSANTS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
M	MUSCULO-SKELETAL SYSTEM	M	MUSCULO-SKELETAL SYSTEM
M01	ANTIINFLAMMATORY AND ANTIRHEUMATIC PRODUCTS	M1	ANTIINFLAMMATORY AND ANTI-RHEUMATIC PRODUCTS
M01A	ANTIINFLAMMATORY and ANTIRHEUMATIC PRODUCTS,	M1A	ANTI-RHEUMATIC, NON STEROIDAL
	 NON STEROIDS This group comprises antiinflammatory preparations for systemic use, regardless of strength. 		Anti-inflammatory analgesics used for both musculo-skeletal conditions and analgesia are classified in M1A. Those that are indicated mainly for general pains are in N2B.
	Mefenamic acid is classified here.		Mefenamic acid is classified in N2B.
	Ketorolac is classified here.		Ketorolac is classified in N2B.
	Chondroitin, Diacerein and Glucosamine are classified here.		➤ Chondroitin, Diacerein and Glucosamine are classified in M5X.
M01B	ANTIINFLAMMATORY/ANTIRHEUMATIC AGENTS IN COMBINATION		
M01B A	Antiinflammatory/antirheumatic agents in combination with corticosteroids	M1B	ANTI-RHEUMATIC CORTICOSTEROID COMBINATIONS
M01C	SPECIFIC ANTIRHEUMATIC AGENTS	M1C	SPECIFIC ANTI-RHEUMATIC AGENTS
	Chloroquine is classified in P01B.		Chloroquine is classified here and in P1D.
	Anakinra, abatacept, leflunomide and tocilizumab are classified in L04A.		➤ Anakinra, abatacept, leflunomide and tocilizumab are classified here.
	Methotrexate is classified in L01B and L04A.		➤ Methotrexate is classified in D5B, M1C and L01B.
M02	TOPICAL PRODUCTS FOR JOINT AND MUSCULAR PAIN	M2	TOPICAL ANTI-RHEUMATICS AND ANALGESICS
M02A	TOPICAL PRODUCTS FOR JOINT AND MUSCULAR PAIN	M2A	TOPICAL ANTI-RHEUMATICS AND ANALGESICS
	Bendazac is classified here.		Bendazac is classified in D3A.
	Bufexamac is classified here.		Bufexamac is also classified in D4A.

	Chymotrypsin is classified in B06A A when used as haematological enzymes.		 Nimesulide in throat preparations is also classified in R2A. Chymotrypsin is classified here or in A9A, C5B, D3A and V3H depending on indications.
M03	MUSCLE RELAXANTS	M3	MUSCLE RELAXANTS
M03A	MUSCLE RELAXANTS, PERIPHERALLY ACTING AGENTS Dantrolene is classified in M03C.	МЗА	MUSCLE RELAXANTS, PERIPHERALLY ACTING Dantrolene is classified here.
M03B	MUSCLE RELAXANTS, CENTRALLY ACTING AGENTS	МЗВ	MUSCLE RELAXANTS, CENTRALLY ACTING
M03C	MUSCLE RELAXANTS, DIRECTLY ACTING AGENTS Dantrolene is classified here.	*	Dantrolene is classified in M3A.
M04	ANTI-GOUT PREPARATIONS	M4	ANTI-GOUT PREPARATIONS
M04A	ANTI-GOUT PREPARATIONS	M4A	ANTI-GOUT PREPARATIONS
M5	DRUGS FOR TREATMENT OF BONE DISEASES	M5	OTHER DRUGS FOR DISORDERS OF THE MUSCULO-SKELETAL SYSTEM
M05B →	DRUGS AFFECTING BONE STRUCTURE AND MINERALIZATION Eptotermin alfa is classified here. Dibotermin alfa is classified here.	M5B	BONE CALCIUM REGULATORS > Eptotermin alfa is classified in M5X. > Dibotermin alfa is classified in M5X.
M09	OTHER DRUGS FOR DISORDERS OF THE MUSCULO-SKELETAL SYSTEM	*	
M09A A +	Quinine and DERIVATES		
M09A X	Other drugs for disorders of the Musculo-skeletal system	Included in	ALL OTHER MUSCULOSKELETEL PRODUCTS

	 Eptotermin alfa is classified in M05B. Dibotermin alfa is classified in M05B 	M5X	Eptotermin alfa is classified here.Dibotermin alfa is classified here.
M09A B	Enzymes	V3H	ANTI INFLAMMATORY ENZYMES
	 Bromelains is classified in B06A A. Chymotrypsin and trypsin are classified in B06A A when used 		Bromelains is classified here or, in A9A and D3A depending on indications.
	as haematological enzymes.		Chymotrypsin is classified here or in A9A, C5B, D3A and M2A depending on indications.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
N	NERVOUS SYSTEM	N	CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM
N01	ANESTHETICS	N1	ANAESTHETICS
N01A	ANESTHETICS, GENERAL	N1A	ANAESTHETICS, GENERAL
	Droperidol is classified in N5A.		Phenoperidine and anileridine are classified in N2A.
			Droperidol is classified here or in N2A or N5A.
N01B	ANESTHETICS, LOCAL	N1B	ANAESTHETIC LOCAL
	Capsicum for neuropathic pain is classified here, otherwise it is in M02A.		Topical capsicum is classified in M2A or, when used for neuropathic pain, in N7X.
N02	ANALGESICS	N2	ANALGESICS
\(\rightarrow\)	All antiinflammatory products are classified in M01A, regardless of strength.		Anti-inflammatory analgesics used for both musculo-skeletal conditions and analgesia are classified in M01A. Those that are
	Analgesic/cold preparations are classified here intended for use as pain relief.		indicated mainly for general pains are in N2B.Analgesic/cold preparations are classified in R5A.
	➤ Analgesics indicated for dysmenorrhea are classified here.		Products specifically indicated for dysmenorrhea are classified in G2X1.
N02A	OPIOIDS	N2A	NARCOTICS
•	➤ This classification is based solely on substances, not on legal status.		➤ Includes all analgesics classified as narcotics in accordance with the <u>legal definition of narcotic analgesics in each country.</u>
	Dihydrocodeine is classified here.		Dihydrocodeine is classified in N2B.
	Droperidol is classified in N5A.		Droperidol is classified here, or in N1A or N5A.
N02B	OTHER ANALGESICS AND ANTIPYRETICS	N2B	NON-NARCOTICS AND ANTI-PYRETICS
•	Nabiximols (cannabidiol and tetrahydrocannabinol) is classified here.		Nabiximols (cannabidiol and tetrahydrocannabinol), used for refractory spasticity, is classified in N7X.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
N02C	 ANTIMIGRAINE PREPARATIONS Dihydroergotamine which is also used in the treatment of hypotension, is classified in this group. Pizotifen is classified here. Lisuride (low dose) is classified here and in G02C (high dose). Flumedroxone is classified here. 	N2C	ANTI MIGRAINE PREPARATIONS ➤ Dihydroergotamine is classified here and also in C1C1. ➤ Pizotifen is classified here and in A15. ➤ Lisuride is classified in N4A. ➤ Flumedroxone is classified in G3D.
N03	ANTIEPILEPTICS	N3	ANTI-EPILEPTICS
N03A	ANTIEPILEPTICS	N3A	ANTI-EPILEPTICS
N04	ANTI-PARKINSON DRUGS	N4	ANTI-PARKINSON DRUGS
	Lisuride is classified in N02C and in G02C.		Lisuride is classified here.
N05	PSYCHOLEPTICS	N5	PSYCHOLEPTICS
	The group is divided into therapeutic subgroups: N05A – Antipsychotics N05B – Anxiolytics N05C – Hypnotics and sedatives		The group is divided into therapeutic subgroups: N5A – Antipsychotics N5B – Hypnotic/Sedatives N5C – Tranquilizers
N05A	ANTIPSYCHOTICS → Lithium is classified here. → Droperidol is classified here.	N5A	ANTIPSYCHOTICS ➤ Lithium is classified in N6A. ➤ Droperidol is classified here, or in N1A or N2A.

$\underline{EphMRA} \ (Product \ based)$

	Melatonin is classified here.		➤ Melatonin (plain) indicated for sleep rhythm disturbances is classified in H4X. Prolonged-release melatonin indicated for primary insomnia is classified here.
N06	PSYCHOANALEPTICS	N6	PSYCHOANALEPTICS EXCL. ANTI-OBESITY PREPARATIONS
N06A	ANTIDEPRESSANTS	N6A	ANTI-DEPRESSANTS AND MOOD STABILISERS
	Lithium is classified in N05A.		Lithium is classified here.
	Ademetionine is in A16A.		Ademetionine is classified here.
	Bupropion is classified here.		➤ Bupropion is classified here and in N7B.
N06B	PSYCHOSTIMULANTS, AGENTS USED FOR ADHD AND NOOTROPICS	N6B	PSYCHOSTIMULANTS Dexamfetamine and metamfetamine are classified here and in A8
	Dexamfetamine and metamfetamine are classified here.		 Dexamile and inetamine are classified here and in As Plain caffeine is classified in C1C1.
	Caffeine is classified here.	+	Prain carreine is classified in C1C1.Citicoline is classified in C4A.
	Citicoline is classified here.		Atomoxetine is classified in N7X.
	Atomoxetine is classified here.		Atomoretic is classified in 1472.
		N6D +	NOOTROPICS ➤ Citicoline is classified in C4A.
		N6E	NEUROTONICS AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS
	PSYCHOLEPTICS AND PSYCHOANALEPTICS IN	N6C	PSYCHOLEPTIC-PSYCHOANALEPTIC COMBINATIONS
N06C	COMBINATION		

N07	OTHER NERVOUS SYSTEM DRUG	N7	OTHER CNS DRUGS
N07A	PARASYMPATHOMIMETICS	*	OTHER CNS DRUGS
	Nalorphine, naltrexone, naloxone and flumazenil are classified in V03A.	Included in N7X	Nalorphine, naltrexone, naloxone and flumazenil are classified in N7X.
	Cevimeline is classified here.	11/21	Cevimeline is classified in A01A.
N07B	DRUGS USED IN ADDICTIVE DISORDERS		
N07B A	Drugs used in nicotine dependence	N7B	ANTISMOKING PRODUCTS
	Bupropion is classified in N6A.		➤ Bupropion is classified here and in N6A (antidepressant).
N07B B	Drugs used in alcohol dependence	N7E	DRUGS USED IN ALCOHOL DEPENDENCE
N07B C	Drugs used in opioid dependence	N7F	DRUGS USED IN OPIOID DEPENDENCE
N07C	ANTIVERTIGO PREPARATIONS	N7C	ANTIVERTIGO PREPARATIONS
N07X	OTHER NERVOUS SYSTEM DRUGS	N7X	ALL OTHER CNS DRUGS
•	 Sugammadex is classified in V03A B here. Topical capsicum, when used for neuropathic pain, is classified in N01B. Nabiximols (cannabidiol and tetrahydrocannabinol) is classified in N02B. 		 Sugammadex is classified here. Topical capsicum, when used for neuropathic pain, is classified here. Nabiximols (cannabidiol and tetrahydrocannabinol) is classified here.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
P	ANTIPARASITIC PRODUCTS, INSECTICIDES AND REPELLENTS	P	PARASITOLOGY
	This group is subdivided according to types of parasites		
P01	ANTIPROTOZOALS	P1	ANTI-PARASITIC PRODUCTS
\Rightarrow		=	
P01A	AGENTS AGAINST AMOEBIASIS AND OTHER PROTOZOAL	P1A	AMOEBICIDES
	DISEASES		➤ Nitroimidazole derivatives are classified either in G1A or J8B.
	Systemic metronidazole is classified here and in J01X D.		 Clioquinol, chlorquinaldol, tribroquinol and glycobiarsol are
	Clioquinol, chlorquinaldol, tilbroquinol and glycobiarsol are classified here.		classified in A7A.
P01B	ANTI-MALARIALS	P1D	ANTI-MALARIALS
	Chloroquine and hydroxychloroquine are classified here.		Chloroquine and hydroxychloroquine are classified here and in M1C.
P01C	AGENTS AGAINST LEISHMANIASIS AND	P1G	OTHER ANTI-PARASITIC AGENTS
\Rightarrow	TRYPANOSOMIASIS		
P02	ANTHELMINTICS	P1C	SCHISTOSOMICIDES
\Rightarrow		\Rightarrow	
		+	
	The anthelmintics are subdivided according to the main type of worms (i.e. trematodes, nematodes and cestodes) causing the infections.	P1B	ANTHELMINTICS, EXCL. SCHISTOSOMICIDES
	Levamisole is classified here.		Levamisole is classified here in L3A.

<u>WHO</u> (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)	
P03	ECTOPARASITICIDES, INCL. SCABICIDES, INSECTISIDES AND REPELLENTS	Р3	ECTOPARASITICIDES, INCL. SCABICIDES, INSECTISIDES AND REPELLENTS
P03A	ECTOPARASITICIDES, INCL. SCABICIDES	P3A	ECTOPARASITICIDES, incl. SCABICIDES
P03B	INSECTICIDES AND REPELLENTS ➤ Dimethylphthalate is classified here.	P3B	INSECTICIDES AND REPELLENTS ➤ Dimethylphthalate is classified in D4A.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
R	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	R	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM
R01	NASAL PREPARATIONS	R1	NASAL PREPARATIONS
R01A	DECONGESTANTS AND OTHER NASAL PREPARATIONS FOR TOPICAL USE	R01A	TOPICAL NASAL PREPARATIONS
R01B	NASAL DECONGESTANTS FOR SYSTEMIC USE	R1B	SYSTEMIC NASAL PREPARATIONS
R02	THROAT PREPARATIONS	R2	THROAT PREPARATIONS
R02A	THROAT PREPARATIONS	R2A	THROAT PREPARATIONS
	Preparations for the treatment of throat infections (lozenges for common cold condition) are classified here.		Products indicated for both the posterior part of the mouth and throat infections are classified in R2A or A1A depending on the main indication.
			➤ Nimesulide in throat preparations is also here.
R03	DRUGS FOR OBSTRUCTIVE AIRWAY DISEASES This group is harmonized on the second level.	R3	ANTI-ASTHMA AND COPD PRODUCTS
	 Alfa 1 antitrypsin (alpha-1-proteinase inhibitor) is classified in B02A. 		 Alpha-1-proteinase inhibitor (alfa 1 antitrypsin) is classified here. Azelastine is classified here.
	Azelastine is classified in R06A.		Ketotifen is classified here.
	Ketotifen is classified in R06A.		> Terfenadine (Japan only) is classified here, in all other countries
	➤ Terfenadine is classified in R06A.		in R6A.
*		R4	CHEST RUBS AND OTHER INHALANTS

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)
R05	COUGH AND COLD PREPARATIONS	R5	COUGH AND COLD PREPARATIONS
sh sy > Co an	should be classified in ATC group J – Antiinfectives for		➤ COUGH/COLD PREPARATIONS WITH ANTI-INFECTIVES (R5B)
	 Systemic use. Cold preparations with therapeutic levels of analgesics/antiinflammatory agents should be classified in the respective N02/M01 groups. 		COLD PREPARATIONS WITHOUT ANTI-INFECTIVES (R5A)
R05C	EXPECTORANTS, EXCL. COMBINATIONS WITH COUGH SUPPRESSANTS	R5C	EXPECTORANTS
R05D	COUGH SUPPRESSANTS, EXCL. COMBINATIONS WITH	R5D	ANTITUSSIVES
	EXPECTORANTSCough suppressants with expectorants are in R05F.		➤ Cough suppressants combination preparations are here in R5D2.
+	Cough suppressants with expectorants are in Rost.		
R05F	5F COUGH SUPPRESSANTS AND EXPECTORANTS, R5F COMBINATIONS	R5F	OTHER COUGH AND COLD PREPARATIONS
		➤ This group includes combinations without clearly expectorating or antitussive effect, expectorant teas and lozenges / medical sweets for cough.	
R05X	OTHER COLD PREPARATIONS	*	
R06	ANTIHISTAMINES FOR SYSTEMIC USE	R6	SYSTEMIC ANTIHISTAMINES
R06A	ANTIHISTAMINES FOR SYSTEMIC USE	R6A	SYSTEMIC ANTIHISTAMINES
	> Antihistamines for systemic use are classified here.		> Antihistamines used in motion sickness are classified in A4A.
	Cyproheptadine is classified here.		Cyproheptadine is also classified in A15.
	Thiethylperazine is classified here.		Thiethylperazine is classified in A4A.

> Azelastine and ketotifen are classified in R3C.

> Azelastine and ketotifen are classified here.

R07	OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM PRODUCTS	R7	OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM PRODUCTS
R07A	OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM PRODUCTS		
R07A A	LUNG SURFACTANTS	R7C	LUNG SURFACTANTS
R07A B	RESPIRATORY STIMULANTS	R7A	RESPIRATORY STIMULANTS
R07A X	OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM PRODUCTS	R7X	ALL OTHER RESPIRATORY SYSTEM PRODUCTS

S	SENSORY ORGANS	S	SENSORY ORGANS
S01	OPHTHALMOLOGICALS	S1	OPHTHALMOLOGICALS
S01A	ANTIINFECTIVES	S1A	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL ANTI-INFECTIVES
		+	
S01A D	Antivirals	S1D	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL ANTIVIRAL AGENTS
S01B	ANTIINFLAMMATORY AGENTS	S1B	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL CORTICOSTEROIDS
		+	
S01B C	Antiinflammatory agents, non-steroids	S1R	OPHTHALMIC NONSTEROIDAL ANTIINFLAMMATORIES
S01C	ANTIINFLAMMATORY AGENTS AND ANTIINFECTIVES IN COMBINATION	S1C	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL ANTI- INFLAMMATORY/ANTIINFECTIVE COMBINATIONS
S01E	ANTIGLAUCOMA PREPARATIONS AND MIOTICS	S1E	MIOTICS AND ANTIGLAUCOMA PREPARATIONS
S01F	MYDRIATICS AND CYCLOPLEGICS	S1F	MYDRIATICS AND CYCLOPLEGICS
S01G	DECONGESTANTS AND ANTIALLERGICS	S1G	OCULAR ANTI-ALLERGICS, DECONGESTANTS, ANTISEPTICS
S01H	LOCAL ANESTHETICS	S1H	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL LOCAL ANESTHETICS
S01J	DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS	S1T	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS
S01K	SURGICAL AIDS	S1S	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL SURGICAL AIDS
S1L	ANTINEOVASCULARISATION AGENTS	S1P	OCULAR ANTINEOVASCULARISATION PRODUCTS
	Aflibercept is classified here.		➤ Aflibercept is classified here and in L1X.

*		S1K	ARTIFICIAL TEARS AND OCULAR LUBRICANTS
*		S1L	PREPARATIONS FOR USE WITH CONTACT LENSES
*		S1M	EYE TONICS and EYE VITAMINS
*		S1N	PREPARATIONS TO PREVENT CATARACT AND ANTICATARACTOGENICS
S01X	OTHER OPHTHALMOLOGICALS	S1X	OTHER OPHTHALMOLOGICALS
S02	OTOLOGICALS	S2	OTOLOGICALS
S02A	ANTIINFECTIVES	S2A	OTIC ANTI-INFECTIVES
S02B	CORTICOSTEROIDS	S2B	OTIC CORTICOSTEROIDS
S02C	CORTICOSTEROIDS AND ANTIINFECTIVES IN COMBINATION	S2C	OTIC CORTICOSTEROID/ANTIINFECTIVE COMBINATIONS
S02D	OTHER OTOLOGICALS	S2D	OTHER OTOLOGICALS
S03	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL AND OTOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	S3	OPHTHALMOLOGICAL/OTOLOGICAL COMBINATIONS
S03A	ANTIINFECTIVES	S3A	EYE/EAR ANTI-INFECTIVES
S03B	CORTICOSTEROIDS	S3B	EYE/EAR CORTICOSTEROIDS
S03C	CORTICOSTEROIDS AND ANTIINFECTIVES IN COMB.	S3C	EYE/EAR CORTICOSTEROID/ANTI-INFECTIVE COMBI.

	WHO (Substance based)		EphMRA (Product based)	
S03D	OTHER OPHTHALMOLOGICAL AND OTOLOGICAL PREPARATIONS	S3D	OTHER EYE/EAR COMBINATIONS	

V	VARIOUS	V	VARIOUS
V01	ALLERGENS	V1	ALLERGENS
V01A	ALLERGENS	V1A	ALLERGENS
V03	ALL OTHER THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS	V3	ALL OTHER THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS
703A	ALL OTHER THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS	V3A	*
703A B	ANTIDOTES	V3E	ANTIDOTES
	 Zinc acetate is classified in A16A. Sugammadex is classified here. Plain phentolamine as an antidote is classified here. 		 Zinc acetate is classified here when indicated for Wilson's disease. Sugammadex is classified in N7X. Phentolamine for erectile dysfunction is in G4E. Phentolamine when used as an antidote is classified in V3X.
703A C	IRON CHELATING AGENTS	V3F	IRON-CHELATING AGENTS
703A E	DRUGS FOR THE TREATMENT OF HYPERKALEMIA AND HYPERPHOSPHATEMIA	V3G	HYPERKALAEMIA/HYPERPHOSPHATEMIA PRODUCTS
′03A F	DETOXIFYING AGENTS FOR ANTINEOPLASTIC TREATMENT	V3D	DETOXIFYING AGENTS FOR ANTINEOPLASTIC TREATMENT
03A G –		V3X	ALL OTHER THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS
03A Z	Nalfurafine is classified in V03A X.		Nalfurafine is classified in D4A.
	➤ Phentolamine when used as an antidote/reversal agent is classified in V03A B.	Trypsin is classified he	 Phentolamine when used as an antidote is classified here. Trypsin is classified here or in A9A and V3H depending on
	> Ttrypsin is classified in B06A A when used as haematological enzymes.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

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V04	DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS	*	
		T	DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS

$\underline{EphMRA} \ (Product \ based)$

V04B	URINE TESTS	T2C	PREGNANCY AND OVULATION TESTS
		T2D1	Diabetes tests, urine
		T2X1	All other diagnostic tests, urine
V04C	OTHER DIAGNOSTIC AGENTS	T2X2 +	All other diagnostic tests, blood
		T2X9	All other diagnostic tests
V04C A	Tests for diabetes	T2D2 +	Diabetes tests, blood
		T2D9	Diabetes tests, other
*		Т3	DIAGNOSTIC EQUIPMENT AND ACCESSORIES
V06	GENERAL NUTRIENTS	V6	DIETETIC AGENTS
V06A	DIET FORMULATIONS FOR TREATMENT OF OBESITY	V6A	SLIMMING PREPARATIONS
V06B	PROTEIN SUPPLEMENTS	V6B	PROTEIN SUPPLEMENTS
V06C	INFANT FORMULAS	V6C	INFANT FORMULAS
V06D	OTHER NUTRIENTS	V6D	OTHER NUTRIENTS
V07	ALL OTHER NON-THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS	V7	ALL OTHER NON-THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS
V07 V07A	ALL OTHER NON-THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS ALL OTHER NON-THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS	V7 V7A	ALL OTHER NON-THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS ALL OTHER NON-THERAPEUTIC PRODUCTS

V20	SURGICAL DRESSINGS	*	
	tositumomab are classified here.		tositumomab are classified in L1X.
	➤ Ibritumomab tiuxetan, tositumomab and iodine (131I)		➤ Ibritumomab tiuxetan, tositumomab and iodine (131I)
V10	THERAPEUTIC RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS	V3C	RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS
		T1G	RADIODIAGNOSTIC AGENTS
V09	DIAGNOSTIC RADIOPHARMACEUTICALS	*	Classified in group T
		T1X	OTHER IMAGING AGENTS
		T1F	ULTRASOUND AGENTS
V08D	ULRASOUND CONTRAST MEDIA	*	
V08C	MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING CONTRAST MEDIA	T1E	MRI AGENTS
V08B	X.RAY CONTRAST MEDIA, NON-IODINATED	T1C	GASTROENTEROGRAPHY
		T1D	CHOLECYSTOGRAPHY AND CHOLANGIOGRAPHY
		T1B +	IONIC ANGIO-UROGRAPHY