

U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

Bureau of Labor Statistics Information Guide

Frequently Requested BLS Contacts

All phone numbers begin with area code 202

Торіс	Program	Phone	Page	Email address
Compensation data				
Compensation	National Compensation Survey	691-6199	34	ncsinfo@bls.gov
Employee benefits	National Compensation Survey	691-6199	37	ncsinfo@bls.gov
Employment Cost Index	National Compensation Survey	691-6199	35	ncsinfo@bls.gov
Consumer spending	Consumer Expenditure Survey	691-6900	32	cexinfo@bls.gov
Employment, unemployment, and other labor force data				
United States	Labor force statistics	691-6378	16	cpsinfo@bls.gov
States and metropolitan areas	Local area unemployment	691-6392	18	lausinfo@bls.gov
Job gains/losses	Business Employment Dynamics	691-6553	22	bdminfo@bls.gov
Labor turnover	Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey	691-5870	25	joltsinfo@bls.gov
Employment and other industry employment data (nonfarm)				
United States	Current Employment Statistics	691-6555	14	cesinfo@bls.gov
States and metropolitan areas	Current Employment Statistics	691-6559	14	sminfo@bls.gov
State and county employment and wages	Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages	691-6567	21	qcewinfo@bls.go
Inflation				
Retail prices	Consumer Price Indexes	691-7000	28	cpi_info@bls.gov
Producer prices*	Producer Price Indexes	691-7705	30	ppi-info@bls.gov
Occupational data				
Median weekly earnings	Labor force statistics	691-6378	16	cpsinfo@bls.gov
Employment	Labor force statistics	691-6378	16	cpsinfo@bls.gov
Employment by industry	Occupational Employment Statistics	691-6569	23	oesinfo@bls.gov
Projected employment	Employment Projections	691-5700	27	ep-info@bls.gov
Other data				
Longitudinal data	National Longitudinal Surveys	691-7410	20	nls_info@bls.gov
Productivity data				
Labor productivity	Major sector productivity	691-5606	42	dprweb@bls.gov
	Industry productivity	691-5618	43	dipsweb@bls.gov
Multifactor productivity	Major sector productivity	691-5606	44	mfpweb@bls.gov
	Industry productivity	691-5618	46	dipsweb@bls.gov
Safety and health data				
Injuries and Illnesses	Occupational injuries and illnesses	691-6170	40	iifstaff@bls.gov
Fatalities	Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries	691-6170	41	iifstaff@bls.gov

^{*}At one time referred to as wholesale prices, this measure will include producer price indexes for four additional components, effective with the January data release in 2014



Bureau of Labor Statistics Information Guide

U.S. Department of Labor Thomas E. Perez, Secretary

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Erica L. Groshen, Commissioner



Mission	1
About the BLS Information Guide	2
How to Obtain BLS Information	3
Obtaining BLS data through the Internet	4
Obtaining BLS data through recorded message systems	5
Obtaining information through BLS products	6
How to Contact BLS Information Providers	8
BLS Division of Information and Marketing Services	8
BLS Regional Economic Analysis and Information Offices	9
State offices providing labor market information and occupational safety and health data sources	12
BLS program offices	14
Employment and Unemployment Statistics	
Employment, hours, and earnings, by industry	14
National labor force statistics	16
Local area labor force statistics	18
National Longitudinal Surveys	20
Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages	21
Business Employment Dynamics	22
Occupational Employment Statistics	23
Mass Layoff Statistics	24
Job Openings and Labor Turnover	25
American Time Use Survey	26
Employment Projections	27

Prices and Living Conditions	
Consumer price indexes	28
Producer price indexes	30
U.S. import and export price indexes	31
Consumer Expenditure Survey	32
Compensation and Working Conditions	
National Compensation Survey	34
Wages	35
Benefits	36
Employment Cost Index	37
Employer costs for employee compensation	38
Work stoppages	39
Occupational injuries, illnesses, and fatalities	40
Productivity and Technology	
Major sector labor productivity and costs	42
Industry labor productivity and costs	43
Major sector multifactor productivity	44
Industry multifactor productivity	46
International Data and Technical Cooperation	
International Labor Comparisons	48
International Technical Cooperation	49
Contact Information for Other Federal Data Sources	50
Other Agencies, Offices, and Organizations	
BLS Internet Addresses	53
Index	54





The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) is the principal fact-finding agency for the federal government in the broad field of labor economics and statistics. BLS is an independent national statistical agency that collects, processes, analyzes, and disseminates essential statistical data for the public, Congress, other federal agencies, state and local governments, business, and labor. BLS also serves as a statistical resource for the U.S. Department of Labor.

BLS data must satisfy a number of criteria, including relevance to current social and economic issues, timeliness in reflecting today's rapidly changing economic conditions, accuracy, consistently high statistical quality, and impartiality in both subject matter and presentation.

To make it easier for you to request information or data, we have provided

- Descriptions of the information and data that we produce, as well as descriptions of the publications in which they appear
- Instructions needed to use various electronic means (Internet, email, and so forth) for access to information or data
- Names and telephone numbers of people to contact for additional information

If you have any comments about the *BLS Information Guide* or want additional copies, call (202) 691-5200 or write to

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Division of Information and Marketing Services

2 Massachusetts Avenue NE., Room 2850 Washington, DC 20212

Email: blsdata_staff@bls.gov

Where you can obtain information from BLS

THE INTERNET



PRERECORDED MESSAGES



PRODUCTS



Obtaining BLS data through the Internet

The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics staff constantly updates the BLS website to provide access to timely, relevant, and accurate economic data for the general public. The home page, **http://www.bls.gov**, is the gateway to all BLS data, enabling jobseekers, analysts, economists, business professionals, government officials, policymakers, and others to make informed decisions

You can join our subscription service to receive free email updates of selected news releases, new publications, or specific data summaries via the email subscription service. You can also follow us on Twitter @BLS_gov to receive up-to-date information on the U.S. economy.

From our website, we provide help and tutorials to guide you through the use of various data tools and other features. And if you need more assistance while navigating the webpages, we provide contact information at the bottom of each page. You can also use this booklet to find telephone numbers, fax numbers, and email addresses of each BLS program and regional office.



Internet

Obtaining BLS data through recorded message systems

Recorded summaries of current BLS data are available on telephone hot lines 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Mid-Atlantic Region, (215) 597-3282

• CPI: U.S., Washington-Baltimore, Pittsburgh, and Philadelphia

Midwest Region, (312) 353-1880

• CPI: U.S., Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, Cincinnati-Hamilton, Cleveland-Akron, Detroit-Ann Arbor-Flint, Milwaukee-Racine, Minneapolis-St. Paul, and Midwest

Mountain-Plains Region, (816) 285-7000

• CPI: U.S., Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Midwest, West

New England Region, (617) 565-2327

- · CPI: U.S., Boston, and Northeast
- Selected unemployment, ECI, and PPI data available

New York-New Jersey Region, (646) 264-3600

- CPI: U.S. and New York
- · Unemployment rates for U.S., New Jersey, New York, and **New York City**

Southwest Region, (972) 850-4800

- CPI: U.S., Dallas-Fort Worth, and Houston
- Selected PPI and ECI data available



Southeast Region, (404) 893-4222

- CPI: U.S., South, Atlanta, Miami-Fort Lauderdale, Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, and northern New Jersey-Long Island
- Selected PPI data available

Western Region, (415) 625-2270

• CPI: U.S., West, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Seattle, Anchorage, Honolulu, Phoenix, Portland, and San Diego

NOTE:

CPI = Consumer Price Index

PPI = Producer Price Index

ECI = Employment Cost Index

All systems have the capacity to fax CPI data and to provide additional data to you.

Obtaining information through BLS products

Current data and analyses are available online and come in the form of news releases, periodicals, reports, summaries, and bulletins. Archived print issues of BLS publications may be available while supplies last. Printed copies of older BLS publications usually can be found at federal depository libraries, some 1,400 of which are located throughout the United States and its territories. Check with your local librarian, or find the library nearest you through the GPO website: http://www.gpoaccess.gov/libraries.html.

News releases

These communiqués announce that new data are available from BLS. News releases typically consist of a short narrative with at least one chart. For information on specific news releases, see individual BLS program areas, pages 14–49.

Periodicals, summaries, reports, bulletins, and other materials

BLS produces several analytical summaries, articles, reports, and chart presentations that are posted online on a varied schedule. New material is added daily.

Monthly Labor Review (MLR)

Established in 1915, the *Monthly Labor Review (MLR)* is the principal journal of fact, analysis, and research published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Each month, economists, statisticians, and experts from the Bureau join with private-sector professionals and state and local government specialists to provide a wealth of research in a wide variety of fields: the labor force, the economy, employment, inflation, productivity, occupational injuries and illnesses, wages and benefits, working conditions, prices, and many more. (Note: *Compensation and Working Conditions (CWC) Online* was

discontinued, but articles from that publication are published in the *Monthly Labor Review*.)

BLS does consider papers written by non-BLS authors for publication in the *MLR*. Please access the following URL for submission guidelines: http://www.bls.gov/mlr/for-authors.htm.

Authors may submit papers for consideration via email to the Executive Editor, at **OPUBSS_Submit@bls.gov**.

To send your paper via regular mail, address it to

Executive Editor

Monthly Labor Review Bureau of Labor Statistics 2 Massachusetts Avenue NE. Room 2850 Washington, DC 20212

Beyond the Numbers (BTN)

This publication features current, brief analyses that allow BLS economists to highlight interesting topics on employment and unemployment, prices and spending, global economy, pay and benefits, workplace injuries, productivity, and special studies and research. Established in 2012, BTN compiled five former BLS summaries into one publication with the seven topics or themes. The former publications, Focus on Prices and Spending, Issues in Labor Statistics, Regional Reports, Program Perspectives, and Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) Highlights are archived and available on the BTN webpage: http://www.bls.gov/opub/btn/archive. Articles in BTN are published anytime throughout each month.

Occupational Outlook Handbook (OOH)

This publication offers a detailed look at the projected growth for occupations, as well as pay and education and training. It is a nationally recognized source of career information, designed to provide valuable assistance to individuals making decisions about their future work lives. The *Handbook* is updated every 2 years.

Career Outlook

This publication contains articles and brief summaries on employment, earnings, education and training needs, and careers. Each issue is designed to help guidance counselors, career planners, employment analysts, and young people keep up with occupational employment developments in a fast-changing economy.

BLS Reports

Typically containing a few pages of analysis and numerous tables, these annual reports provide data on women in the labor force, labor force characteristics by race and ethnicity, the working poor, and consumer expenditures.

NLS News

This quarterly newsletter highlights research from the National Longitudinal Survey. It provides information about changes in labor market activities and other significant events that occur in the lives of several groups of men and women over time. Also, it includes information about new data releases, completed NLS research, and other information of interest to researchers.

The Economics Daily (**TED**)

TED is a daily synopsis, highlighting new or interesting data produced by BLS.

Spotlight on Statistics

This presentation uses charts, maps and other imagery to describe economic analysis. It contains brief bulleted observations to guide the reader through the illustrations.

Handbook of Methods

The *Handbook* offers explanations of BLS methodology. Each BLS program has a chapter devoted to an in-depth look at the methods that underlie the program's data.

Publications of record

BLS compiles monthly updates on statistics that were originally featured in printed periodicals. BLS continues to provide these publications of record on employment and earnings, consumer prices, and producer prices.

Employment and Earnings (E&E) Online
Provides current data on employment,
unemployment, work hours, and earnings for the
United States, individual states, and selected
metropolitan areas.

CPI Detailed Report

Features current consumer price indexes, which measure price movements of consumer goods and services in the United States and selected metropolitan areas.

PPI Detailed Report

Presents a comprehensive report of price movements at the producer or wholesale level, arranged by stage of processing and by industry.

Bulletins

These are compendiums of tables, with no analytic supporting text. For example, bulletins are the Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment and the National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in the United States.

Information specialists in the following offices are available to assist you:

- BLS Division of Information and Marketing Services, Washington, DC (this page)
- BLS Regional Economic Analysis and Information offices (pages 9–11)
- State offices providing labor market information and occupational safety and health statistics (pages 12–13)
- BLS program offices, Washington, DC (pages 14–49)



BLS Division of Information and Marketing Services

http://www.bls.gov/opub/opbinfo.htm

The BLS Division of Information and Marketing Services disseminates BLS information to local businesses, government agencies, and the public. The division receives copies of all BLS publications, and staff are available from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., ET, to answer a full range of questions regarding BLS data and information.

The Division of Information and Marketing Services offers the following services to the public:

- · Personal assistance by staff
- Online subscriptions to selected publications
- Speakers available to conduct workshops and seminars on BLS programs

- · Access to archived BLS publications
- Certification of BLS documents

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Division of Information and Marketing Services 2 Massachusetts Avenue NE, Room 2850 Washington, DC 20212

Phone:

Data and information	(202) 691-5200
Federal Relay Service	(800) 877-8339
Media information	(202) 691-5902

Email:

Data questions, comments	blsdata_staff@bls.gov	
Website questions	webmaster@bls.gov	



BLS Regional Economic Analysis and Information Offices

http://www.bls.gov/bls/regnhome.htm

BLS has eight regional information offices, shown on the map:

Regional information offices analyze and disseminate BLS data and assist customers with questions about the application and use of those data. Although these offices specialize in the regional economy, they provide the full range of BLS national, regional, and local statistics and publications to all customers, including businesses, government agencies, and the general public.

Regional information offices offer the following to the public:

- Recorded message systems (See page 5.)
- Consultations with, and assistance from, BLS economists
- Regional economic analysis
- Free copies of available printed publications
- Speakers available to conduct workshops and seminars on BLS programs and information services

HOW TO CONTACT INFORMATION PROVIDERS

Southeast (Atlanta)

Alabama – Florida – Georgia – Kentucky – Mississippi – North Carolina – South Carolina – Tennessee

Internet: http://www.bls.gov/ro4

Bureau of Labor Statistics Economic Analysis and Information Sam Nunn Atlanta Federal Center 61 Forsyth Street, SW, Room 7T50 Atlanta, GA 30303

Phone: (404) 893-4222, Fax: (404) 893-4221

9:00 a.m.-12 noon and 1:00 p.m.-4:00 p.m., ET

Email: blsinfoAtlanta@bls.gov

New England (Boston)

Connecticut – Maine – Massachusetts – New Hampshire – Rhode Island – Vermont

Internet: http://www.bls.gov/ro1

Bureau of Labor Statistics Economic Analysis and Information JFK Federal Building, E-310 15 New Sudbury Street Boston, MA 02203

Phone: (617) 565-2327 Fax: (617) 565-4182

8:30 a.m.-12 noon and 1:30 p.m.-4 p.m., ET

Email: blsinfoBoston@bls.gov

Midwest (Chicago)

Illinois – Indiana – Iowa – Michigan – Minnesota – Nebraska – North Dakota – Ohio – South Dakota – Wisconsin

Internet: http://www.bls.gov/ro5

Bureau of Labor Statistics Economic Analysis and Information J. C. Kluczynski Federal Building 230 South Dearborn Street, Room 960 Chicago, IL 60604

Phone: (312) 353-1880 Fax: (312) 353-1886 8 a.m.-4 p.m., CT

Email: blsinfoChicago@bls.gov

Southwest (Dallas)

Arkansas – Louisiana – New Mexico – Oklahoma – Texas

Internet: http://www.bls.gov/ro6

Bureau of Labor Statistics Economic Analysis and Information A. Maceo Smith Federal Building 525 South Griffin Street, Room 221 Dallas, TX 75202

Phone: (972) 850-4800 Fax: (972) 850-4804

8 a.m.-11 a.m. and 1 p.m.-4 p.m., CT

Email: blsinfoDallas@bls.gov

Mountain-Plains (Kansas City)

Colorado - Kansas - Missouri - Montana - Utah - Wyoming

Internet: http://www.bls.gov/ro7

Bureau of Labor Statistics Economic Analysis and Information Two Pershing Square Building 2300 Main Street, Suite 1190 Kansas City, MO 64108-2426

Phone: (816) 285-7000 Fax: (816) 285-7000

9 a.m.-12 noon and 1:00 p.m.-4:00 p.m., CT

Email: blsinfoKansasCity@bls.gov

New York-New Jersey (New York City)

New Jersey - New York - Puerto Rico - U.S. Virgin Islands

Internet: http://www.bls.gov/ro2

Bureau of Labor Statistics **Economic Analysis and Information** 201 Varick Street, Room 808 New York, NY 10014-4811

Phone: (646) 264-3600 Fax: (212) 337-2532

9:00 a.m.-12:00 p.m. and 1:30 p.m.-4:00 p.m., ET

Email: blsinfoNY@bls.gov

Mid-Atlantic (Philadelphia)

Delaware - District of Columbia - Maryland - Pennsylvania -Virginia – West Virginia

Internet:http://www.bls.gov/ro3

Bureau of Labor Statistics Economic Analysis and Information Suite 610 East, The Curtis Center 170 South Independence Mall West Philadelphia, PA 19106-3305

Phone: (215) 597-3282 Fax: (215) 861-5720

8:30 a.m.-12 noon and 1 p.m.-3:30 p.m., ET

Email: blsinfoPhiladelphia@bls.gov

West (San Francisco)

Alaska – Arizona – California – Hawaii – Idaho – Nevada – Oregon – Washington

Internet: http://www.bls.gov/ro9

Bureau of Labor Statistics Economic Analysis and Information 90 7th Street, Suite 14-100 San Francisco, CA 94103

Phone: (415) 625-2270 Fax: (415) 625-2351

9 a.m.-11:30 a.m. and 1:30 p.m.-4:00 p.m., PT

Email: blsinfoSF@bls.gov



State offices providing labor market information and occupational safety and health data sources

States collect, analyze, and publish a variety of market information, much of it developed in cooperation with BLS. State labor market information may be obtained at the telephone numbers listed here. States also publish data from the occupational safety and health programs developed in cooperation with BLS. These phone numbers are listed here as well.

State	Labor market Information	Occupational safety and health data
Alabama	(334) 242-8859	(334) 242-3461
Alaska	(907) 465-6040	(907) 465-4539
Arizona	(602) 542-1510	(602) 542-3739
Arkansas	(501) 371-1027	(501) 682-4542
California	(916) 262-2602	(415) 703-4757
Colorado	(303) 318-8850	(816) 285-7146
Connecticut	(860) 263-6255	(860) 263-6933
Delaware	(302) 761-8060	(302) 761-8217
District of Columbia	(202) 698-5069	(202) 442-9010
Florida	(850) 245-7257	(215) 861-5637
Georgia	(404) 232-3875	(404) 463-0737
Guam	(671) 475-7062	(671) 475-7056
Hawaii	(808) 586-8999	(808) 586-9166
Idaho	(208) 332-3579	(415) 625-2261
Illinois	(312) 793-2316	(217) 557-5663
Indiana	(317) 232-7460	(317) 233-0036
lowa	(515) 281-5193	(515) 281-5151
Kansas	(785) 296-5000	(785) 296-5000
Kentucky	(502) 564-7976	(502) 564-3535
Louisiana	(225) 342-3144	(225) 342-7568
Maine	(207) 621-5182	(207) 623-7900
Maryland	(410) 767-2250	(410) 527-4499
Massachusetts	(617) 626-6556	(617) 626-6945
Michigan	(313) 456-3090	(517) 322-5412

State	Labor market Information	Occupational safety and health data
Minnesota	(651) 259-7384	(651) 284-5568
Mississippi	(601) 321-6568	(601) 576-7186
Missouri	(573) 751 9637	(573) 751-9677
Montana	(406) 444-5474	(406) 444-3297
Nebraska	(402) 471-9000	(402) 471-3547
Nevada	(775) 684-0387	(702) 486-9197
New Hampshire	(603) 228-4123	(617) 565-2302
New Jersey	(609) 984-6925	(609) 633-0755
New Mexico	(505) 383-2731	(505) 476-8740
New York	(518) 485-7990	(212) 775-3338
North Carolina	(919) 707-1574	(919) 733-2758
North Dakota	(701) 328-2868	(312) 353-7253
Ohio	(614) 752-9494	(312) 353-7253
Oklahoma	(405) 857-7221	(405) 521-6100
Oregon	(503) 947-1212	(503) 947-7838
Pennsylvania	(717) 787-3266	(717) 772-1330
Puerto Rico	(787) 754-5300	(787) 755-5300, x3058
Rhode Island	(401) 462-8740	(617)565-2302
South Carolina	(803) 737-2660	(803) 896-7673
South Dakota	(605) 626-2314	(312) 353-7253
Tennessee	(615) 741-1729	(615) 741-1748
Texas	(512) 936-3200	(512) 804-4651
Utah	(801) 526-9721	(801) 530-6823
Vermont	(802) 828-4153	(802) 828-5985

State	Labor market Information	Occupational safety and health data
U.S. Virgin Islands	(340) 773-1994	(340) 776-3700
Virginia	(804) 786-7496	(804) 786-1035
Washington	(360) 407-4503	(360) 902-5512
West Virginia	(304) 558-2660	(304) 558-2660
Wisconsin	(608) 266-2930	(608) 221-6293
Wyoming	(307) 473-3807	(307) 473-3838



Employment, hours, and earnings, by industry http://www.bls.gov/ces (national data)

http://www.bls.gov/sae (state and area data)

The Current Employment Statistics program surveys the payroll records of more than 577,000 worksites on a monthly basis and provides detailed industry data on employment, hours, and earnings of workers on nonfarm payrolls for the nation, all states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and more than 400 metropolitan areas.

For more information

National data requests	(202) 691-6555	cesinfo@bls.gov
State and area data requests	(202) 691-6559	sminfo@bls.gov

National data available

- All employees and production and nonsupervisory employees, by major industry sector and by two-, three-, four-, and selected five- and six-digit North American Industry
- Classification System (NAICS) codes
- Female employees, by NAICS sector and detailed industry
- Average hours and earnings for all employees and for production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls, by NAICS sector and detailed industry
- Average weekly overtime hours in manufacturing industries, for all employees and for production and nonsupervisory employees
- Indexes of aggregate weekly hours of all employees and of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls, by NAICS sector and detailed industries

- Indexes of aggregate weekly payrolls of all employees and of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls, by NAICS sector and detailed industries
- Real (adjusted for price changes) average hourly and weekly earnings of all employees and of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls, by NAICS sector and detailed industries
- Aggregate weekly hours of all employees and of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls, by NAICS sector and detailed industries
- Aggregate weekly payrolls of all employees and of production and nonsupervisory employees on private nonfarm payrolls, by NAICS sector and detailed industries
- Diffusion indexes of employment change for private nonfarm industries and for manufacturing industries

State and area data available

- All employees on nonfarm payrolls, by sector and by selected two- and three-digit NAICS codes, for each state, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and more than 400 metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions
- Average hours and earnings of production employees on manufacturing payrolls in each state, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and many metropolitan areas
- Average hours and earnings of all employees, by NAICS supersector, in each state and the District of Columbia and at the total private level for metropolitan areas

Publications

News releases:

The Employment Situation	Monthly
Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment	Monthly
Real Earnings	Monthly
Regional and State Employment and Unemployment	Monthly

Publication of record:

Employment and Earnings Online Monthly (available at http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm)

Summaries:

Beyond the Numbers: Employment and Unemployment



National labor force statistics

http://www.bls.gov/cps

The Current Population Survey (CPS), a monthly survey of about 60.000 households that the Census Bureau conducts for BLS, provides a comprehensive body of information on the employment and unemployment experience of the nation's population, classified by age, gender, race, Hispanic origin, education, and a variety of other characteristics. The CPS is the source of data on the national unemployment rate; employment by occupation; the labor force participation of mothers; weekly earnings; and many other demographic, social, and economic estimates. Studies based on the CPS cover a broad range of topics, including the nation's overall labor market situation as well as the labor market situation of a number of groups, such as minorities, women, foreign-born workers, part-time workers, discouraged workers, school-age youths, older workers, union members, persons with a disability, veterans, volunteers, contingent workers, and displaced workers.

For general information

National labor force data	(202) 691-6378	cpsinfo@bls.gov
Special topics		
(see publications)	(202) 691-6378	cpsinfo@bls.gov

For technical information

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Concepts and definitions	(202) 691-6378	
Employment and unemployment trends	(202) 691-6378	
Microdata—Peter Horner	(202) 691-6103	dddp-sup@bls.gov
Seasonal adjustment— Richard Tiller or Thomas Evans	(202) 691-6370 (202) 691-6354	

Data available

- Employment status of the population 16 years and older, by age, gender, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, family relationship, educational attainment, disability status, veteran status, and foreign-born status
- Employed persons, by occupation, industry, class of worker, hours of work, full- and part-time status and reason for working part time (e.g., economic or voluntary), and absences from work
- Unemployed persons, by occupation, industry, and class of worker; duration of unemployment; reasons for unemployment; and methods used to find employment
- Characteristics and jobseeking intentions of people not in the labor force, including discouraged workers
- Subgroups of the population, such as displaced workers, women maintaining families, and working women with children, or particular topics such as work experience, tenure with current employer, and activities of recent high school graduates and dropouts
- Weekly and hourly earnings, by demographic group, fulland part-time employment status, occupation and industry, and minimum-wage status
- · Union membership and volunteers

Publications

News releases:

College Enrollment and Work Activity	
of High School Graduates	Annual
Employee Tenure	Biennial
Employment Characteristics of Families	Annual
The Employment Situation	Monthly
Employment Situation of Veterans	Annual
Employment and Unemployment among Youth—Summer	Annual
Foreign-Born Workers: Labor Force Characteristics	Annual
Persons with a Disability: Labor Force Characteristics	Annual
Union Members	Annual
Usual Weekly Earnings of Wage and Salary Workers	Quarterly
Volunteering in the United States	Annual
Work Experience of the Population	Annual
Worker Displacement	Biennial

Publications of record:

Employment and Earnings Online Monthly (available at http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm)

BLS Reports:

Characteristics of Minimum Wage Workers	Annual
Highlights of Women's Earnings	Annual
Labor Force Characteristics by Race and Ethnicity	Annual
A Profile of the Working Poor	Annual
Women in the Labor Force: A Databook	Annual

Summaries:

Beyond the Numbers: Employment and Unemployment



Local area labor force statistics

http://www.bls.gov/lau

The Local Area Unemployment Statistics Program is a federalstate cooperative endeavor that develops monthly and annual average labor force, employment, and unemployment data for more than 7,300 areas, including census regions and divisions; all States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico; metropolitan areas, other Office of Management and Budgetdesignated federal statistical areas (New England city and town area (NECTA) equivalents in the New England States), and small-labor-market areas; counties and county equivalents; cities of 25,000 population or more; and all cities and towns in New England, regardless of population. In addition, the Current Population Survey (CPS) provides annual averages of labor force status for census regions and divisions, all states, and some large metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities, by demographic group, occupation, industry, full- or part-time status, and other characteristics.

For general information

Regional, state, and		
area labor force data	(202) 691-6392	lausinfo@bls.gov
Geographic Profile of		
Employment and		
Unemployment (CPS)	(202) 691-6392	gpinfo@bls.gov

For technical information

Data subscriptions—	
Laurel Hammond	(202) 691-6413

Data available

Monthly and annual averages:

- Labor force, employment, and unemployment levels and unemployment rates for census regions and divisions; states (including the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico); metropolitan areas; metropolitan divisions; micropolitan areas; combined areas; small-labor-market areas; counties and county equivalents; cities of 25,000 population or more; and all New England cities and towns, regardless of population
- People 16 years and older in the civilian noninstitutional population, labor force participation rates, and employment-population ratios for states (including the District of Columbia)
- Rankings of states, metropolitan areas, and other selected areas, by unemployment rate and change in unemployment rate
- Maps of states, metropolitan areas, counties, and New England cities and towns, by unemployment rate

Four-quarter averages for states:

 Alternative measures of labor underutilization (U-1 through U-6)

Annual averages for census regions and divisions and for states, from the CPS:

• Employment status (labor force, employment and unemployment levels, and unemployment rate) of the civilian noninstitutional population, by gender, age, race, ethnicity, marital status, and educational attainment

- Employed and unemployed persons, by full- and part-time status, gender, age, race, and ethnicity
- Employment status of the experienced civilian labor force (persons with previous work experience), by occupation and by industry
- Percent distribution of employed persons, by occupation, industry, gender, race, and ethnicity
- Employed persons, by hours of work, gender, age, race, and ethnicity
- Persons at work from 1 to 34 hours per week, reason for working less than 35 hours, and usual full- or part-time status, by gender, race, and ethnicity
- Employed persons not at work, by reason, gender, race, and ethnicity
- Employed persons, by class of worker (including selfemployed), gender, race, and ethnicity
- Unemployed persons, by gender, race, ethnicity, reason for unemployment (job losers, including persons who completed temporary jobs; job leavers; reentrants; and new entrants), and duration of unemployment

Annual averages for selected large metropolitan areas, metropolitan divisions, and cities, from the CPS:

- · Civilian labor force participation rates, employmentpopulation ratios, and unemployment rates, by gender, age, race, ethnicity, marital status, and educational attainment
- Unemployment rates, by occupation and industry
- Percent distribution of employed persons, by gender, race, ethnicity, occupation, and industry

Annual averages for states, from the CPS:

- Multiple jobholding
- Union membership
- Minimum-wage workers

Publications

News releases:

Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment	Monthly
Regional and State Employment and Unemployment	Monthly
Regional and State Unemployment	Annual

Periodical:

Employment and Earnings Online	Monthly
(available at http://www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm)	

Bulletin:

Geographic Profile of Employment and Unemployment	Annual
deagrapmen rame or Employment and onemployment	,

Summaries:

Beyond the Numbers: Employment and Unemployment

National Longitudinal Surveys

http://www.bls.gov/nls

BLS sponsors the collection and production of data from the National Longitudinal Surveys (NLS). Three of the surveys are ongoing, and four have been discontinued. Each survey gathers information at multiple points in time on the labor market experiences of groups of American men and women. The individuals in the survey samples represent Americans born during a given period and living in the United States when the samples were selected. Each of the NLS cohorts consists of several thousand members, some of whom have been surveyed for decades. These data offer researchers the opportunity to study large panels of American men and women over long periods of their lives. NLS public-use data are available for free from the NLS website.

For more information

NLS press releases	(202) 691-7410	nls_info@bls.gov
NLS geocode files	(202) 691-7410	nlsygeocode@bls.gov
Director—Jeffrey Groen	(202) 691-7392	
Assistant Director— Holly Olson	(202) 691-6572	

Data available

- Mature women ages 30 to 44 as of March 31, 1967 (discontinued in 2003)
- Young women ages 14 to 24 as of December 31, 1967 (discontinued in 2003)
- Young men ages 14 to 24 as of March 31, 1966 (discontinued in 1981)

- Older men ages 45 to 59 as of March 31, 1966 (discontinued in 1990)
- National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1979 (NLSY79): most recent interview in 2010; young men and women ages 14 to 21 as of December 31, 1978
- Children of the NLSY79: most recent interview in 2010, birth onward; biological children of the female respondents of the NLSY79
- National Longitudinal Survey of Youth 1997 (NLSY97): most recent interview in 2010; young men and women ages 12 to 16 as of December 31, 1996

Publications

News releases	Periodic
Periodical:	
NLS News (newsletter)	Quarterly
Other:	
NLS discussion papers	Periodic
NLS users' guides for each cohort (available at http://www.nlsinfo.org/)	Biennial
Summaries:	

Beyond the Numbers: Employment and Unemployment

Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages http://www.bls.gov/cew

Also known as the QCEW or ES–202, this program produces a comprehensive series of local and national employment and wage data by industry for workers covered by state unemployment insurance laws. The QCEW program provides a virtual census of payroll employment and wages. The program produces data on the number of establishments, on monthly employment, and on quarterly wages by industry, county, and ownership.

For general information

Public-access datasets	(202) 691-6567	qcewinfo@bls.gov
Contacts for technical	information	
Current and historical da	ta analysis staff	(202) 691-6567
Multiple Worksite Report— Jake Kane		(202) 691-5161
North American Industry Classification System—	,	(202) (01 (441
Emily Thomas		(202) 691-6441

Data available

- Monthly employment for the nation, all states, all counties, and all metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs), by six-digit North American Industry Classification
- Quarterly wages and number of establishments for the nation, all states, all counties, and all metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs), by six-digit North American Industry Classification
- First-quarter establishment counts, employment, and wages, by size of establishment, for the nation and all states

Publications

News releases:

County Employment and Wages	Quarterly
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Summaries:

Beyond the Numbers: Regional Economies

Articles using QCEW data:

Employment and wage changes in oil-producing counties in the Bakken Formation, 2007–2011

Hurricane Sandy: A Pre-storm Look at Affected Areas

Wages and bonuses in investment banking

Local Employment Trends in Residential Framing Contractors: Five Counties

Atlanta's thriving air transportation industry: employment and wages, 1990–2010

High-tech Industries in Massachusetts: Employment and Wage Trends during the 2001–2009 Period

Business Employment Dynamics

http://www.bls.gov/bdm

Records from the QCEW (see previous page) are linked longitudinally to produce statistics on the dynamics that underlie net changes in employment. Gross job gains are composed of gains in employment from opening establishments and expanding establishments; gross job losses are composed of decreases in employment from closing establishments and contracting establishments.

For more information

General information and analysis (202) 691-6553 bdminfo@bls.gov

Data available

- National quarterly gross job gains from opening and expanding establishments and quarterly gross job losses from closing and contracting establishments for the total private sector, industry sectors, and three-digit NAICS industry sectors
- National establishment births and deaths for the total private sector and major industry sectors and state establishment births and deaths for the total private sector
- Number of job-gaining establishments and number of joblosing establishments for the total private sector and major industry sectors and for those establishments by age
- Quarterly gross job gains and losses from opening, expanding, closing, and contracting firms, by size of firm

- Annual gross job gains and gross job losses, by establishment age, for the total private sector and major industry sectors
- State quarterly gross job gains from opening and expanding establishments and quarterly gross job losses from closing and contracting establishments for the total private sector
- Annual state gross job gains and gross job losses, by establishment age, for the total private sector
- Number of state private sector establishments, by age of the establishment, and by employment
- · Survival of establishments, by opening year

Publication

News release:

Quarterly Data on Business Employment Dynamics

Quarterly

Occupational Employment Statistics http://www.bls.gov/oes

The Occupational Employment Statistics program provides employment and wage estimates for workers in nonfarm establishments, by occupation and industry nationally and by occupation and area for about 640 geographical areas. Estimates by occupation cover all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and 588 metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas. Workers are classified into more than 800 occupations according to the Standard Occupational Classification system. Industry-specific estimates are available for more than 430 industry classifications at the national level.

For more information

Current and historical data	(202) 691-6569	oesinfo@bls.gov
Standard Occupational		
Classification system	(202) 691-6500	soc@bls.gov

Data available

- Employment and wage levels, by occupation, for all industries combined and for the nation, states, metropolitan statistical areas, metropolitan divisions, and nonmetropolitan areas
- Employment and wage levels, by occupation, for more than 430 industry classifications at the national level



Publication

News release:

Occupational Employment and Wages Annual

Summaries:

Beyond the Numbers:

Mass Layoff Statistics

http://www.bls.gov/mls

The Mass Layoff Statistics (MLS) program reported on mass layoff actions that result in workers being separated from their jobs.

The quarterly extended mass layoff data covered layoffs of at least 31 days' duration that involve 50 or more individuals from a single establishment filing initial claims for unemployment insurance (UI) during a consecutive 5-week period. Data collected by this program included the reason for the layoffs, the number of workers separated, the number of initial claimants for unemployment insurance, the geographic distribution (by state, census region, and division) of layoffs and initial claimants, industry classification, the employer's expectations of recalling separated workers back to the job, the open or closed status of the worksites, job loss associated with the movement of work, and the business functions affected by the layoffs. The monthly series covered layoffs of 50 or more workers, regardless of duration, and were based solely on state UI data.

For more information

Historical data		
(retrievable assistance)	(202) 691-6392	lausinfo@bls.gov

Data available

- Extended mass layoff events, separations, and associated initial UI claimants, by industry, reason for separation, geographic distribution, expectations of recall, worksite status, and movement of work (data available on a quarterly basis)
- Job loss associated with the movement of work covering both out-of-country relocations (offshoring) and domestic relocations, occurring within the same company or between companies (outsourcing) (data available on a quarterly basis)

Due to reductions in funding, the Mass Layoff Statistics program was eliminated as of June 30, 2013. The final news release of MLS data occurred on June 21, 2013, with publication of May 2013 data. Historical data will remain available on the BLS website until further notice.

- Selected demographic characteristics (age, race, ethnicity, and sex) of initial UI claimants affected by extended mass layoff events (data available on a quarterly basis) (Note: These MLS data were the most frequently requested by the general public. As part of the program closure, a large public use dataset was created with a time series for these data. Inquiries can be directed to the MLS website http:// www.bls.gov/mls/cntyicmain.htm
- Information on the frequency with which UI claimants involved in extended mass layoffs exhausted their entitlement to regular UI benefits (data available on a quarterly basis)
- Monthly mass layoff events and initial UI claimants, by geographic distribution and industry
- Number and type of business functions affected by extended mass layoffs

Publications

News releases:

Extended Mass Layoffs	Quarterly (final release, first quarter, 2013)
Mass Layoffs	Monthly (final release, May 2013)

BLS Reports:

Extended Mass Layoffs Annual (final report on 2012 data, published August 2013)

Job Openings and Labor Turnover

http://www.bls.gov/jlt

Each month, the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS) collects information on labor demand and labor turnover from approximately 16,000 U.S. business and government establishments. Estimated rates and levels of job openings, hires, and separations are published for the nation as a whole, by region, by ownership (public vs. private), and by industry supersector and select sectors based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Measures of separations are released as a total and are broken out by type as quits (voluntary separations), layoffs and discharges (involuntary separations), and other separations (retirements, deaths, etc.). The JOLTS series includes data from December 2000 to the present. Data were first released on a developmental basis in July 2002. Since April 2004, the series has been an official monthly release.

For more information

National data	(202) 691-5870	joltsinfo@bls.gov
Regional data	(202) 691-5870	joltsinfo@bls.gov

Data available

Levels and rates for the following measures are available nationally at the total nonfarm level, by total public and private sectors combined, 16 private industry supersectors, federal government, and state and local government:

- · Job openings
- Hires
- Total separations, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations



Monthly data are available for job openings, hires, total separations, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations.

Annual data are available for hires, total separations, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations.

Selected data elements and industry supersectors are available on a seasonally adjusted basis.

Publication

News release:

Job Openings and Labor Turnover Monthly

American Time Use Survey

http://www.bls.gov/tus

The American Time Use Survey (ATUS) is a nationally representative survey that measures how people in the United States divide their time on an average day among various activities, including work, education, sleep, childcare, leisure, and other activities. The survey is conducted continuously by the U.S. Census Bureau for BLS. News releases, microdata files, and supporting documentation are published annually. Data on topics such as eating and health, well-being, time spent in eldercare activities, and workers' access to leave have been collected as supplements to the ATUS.

Measures include the average number of hours people spend in various activities, the percentage of people who engage in these activities on an average day, and the time of day that specific activities are done.

For more information

National time-use data (202) 691-6339 atusinfo@bls.gov

Data available

- Quarterly and annual average data on the number of hours per day spent by the population in various activities
- Annual average data on the percentage of the population that engaged in various activities on an average day
- Data for demographic groups (age, gender, race, ethnicity, and educational attainment)
- Data by employment status, occupation, class of worker, earnings, marital status, presence and age of household children, school enrollment status, weekdays, and weekend days



Publication

News release:

American Time Use Survey

Annual

Employment Projections

http://www.bls.gov/emp

The Employment Projections program develops and publishes estimates on the economy and labor market 10 years into the future. Included are projections of the labor force by gender, race, and age; gross domestic product; industrial output; and employment by industry and occupation. Projections are based on extensive analysis of current and past economic and employment relationships. This program also develops estimates of projected job replacement needs and analyzes the implications of the projections on the typical education and training required for entry into occupations. Projections and analytical information are developed for use in career exploration, education, training, policymaking, and planning in both government and private industry.

For general information

Employment projections	ep-info@bls.gov	
Occupational projections	(202) 691-5700	ep-info@bls.gov
Occupational Outlook Handsoohinfo@bls.gov	book	(202) 691-5700
Career Outlook career.outlook@bls.gov		(202) 691-5700

Data available

- Labor force, by age, gender, race, and ethnicity, for current and projected years
- Projections of gross domestic product (GDP) and aggregate projections of the employment required to produce each level of GDP
- Historical and projected output, value added, employment, and labor productivity, by industry, as well as commodity

- output and final demand (demand by consumers, government, businesses, and foreign economies)
- Input-output data, including interindustry employment requirements, current and projected
- Wage and salary employment for occupations and industries, current year and projected year
- Occupational employment, by class of worker (wage and salary, self-employed, and unpaid family workers), current year and projected years
- Job openings due to growth and replacement needs, by occupation, for projected period
- Replacement needs for detailed occupations
- Occupational Outlook Handbook: data on hundreds of occupations regarding the nature of the work; education, training, and other qualifications; employment in the occupation; the job outlook; pay; and related occupations, as well as sources of additional information

Publications

News releases:

Employment Projections	Biennia
Occupational Outlook Handbook	Biennial
Career information:	
Occupational Outlook Handbook http://www.bls.gov/ooh	Biennial
Career Outlook http://www.bls.gov/careeroutlook	Quarterly

Consumer Price Indexes

http://www.bls.gov/cpi

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a representative market basket of consumer goods and services.

The CPI reflects the spending patterns of two population groups: all urban consumers (CPI-U) and urban wage earners and clerical workers (CPI-W). The CPI-U encompasses expenditures by wage earners and clerical workers; professional, managerial, and technical workers; the selfemployed; short-term workers; the unemployed; and retirees and others not in the labor force. The CPI-W comprises only expenditures by those in hourly wage-earning or clerical jobs.

The Chained CPI for All Urban Consumers (C-CPI-U) also represents the urban population. Prices used in the C-CPI-U are the same as those used to produce the CPI-U and the CPI-W, but the C-CPI-U uses a different formula and different weights to combine basic indexes.

For general information

Recorded CPI summary	1	
(24-hour quickline)	(202) 691-6994	
Index questions	(202) 691-7000	cpi_info@bls.gov
Historical data	(202) 691-7000	cpi_info@bls.gov
Methodology	(202) 691-7000	cpi_info@bls.gov

For technical information

Food	(202) 691-6988
Shelter	(202) 691-6991
Transportation and household	
commodities	(202) 691-6982
Apparel commodities	(202) 691-6979
Services	(202) 691-6985
Seasonal adjustment	(202) 691-6968
Average retail food prices—	
William Cook	(202) 691-6989
Average retail prices	
and indexes Gasoline	
and other motor fuels—	
Brendan Williams	(202) 691-5414
Fuels and utilities—Kerri Chicarella	(202) 691-6946

Data available

- · Monthly indexes for selected commodities and services— U.S. city average
- Measures of price change for two population groups: all urban consumers (CPI-U and C-CPI-U) and urban wage earners and clerical workers (CPI-W)
- Monthly indexes for the U.S. city average and the 3 largest metropolitan areas, 4 geographic regions, 3 population size classes, and 10 region-by-size class groupings
- Bimonthly indexes for 11 metropolitan areas and semiannual average indexes for 13 metropolitan areas

- Monthly average retail prices of food—U.S. city average and four regions
- Monthly average retail prices of piped gas, electricity, gasoline, and diesel and fuel oil—U.S. city average and selected areas

Publications

News release	Nev	vs i	rele	eas	e:
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Consumer Price Index	Monthly

Publications of record:

Monthly

Summaries:

Beyond the Numbers: Prices and Spending	Quarterly
beyond the Nambers: Thees and Spending	Quarterry



Producer Price Indexes

www.bls.gov/ppi

The Producer Price Index (PPI) is a family of indexes that measure the average change over time in the selling prices received by domestic producers of goods and services. The output of nearly all industries in the goods-producing sectors of the American economy—agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining, and manufacturing—is included in the PPI. Imports are not part of the PPI universe. PPI coverage of the nonmanufacturing sectors of the economy continues to expand; recently, price indexes were added for offices of dentists and for new healthcare building construction.

For general information

•		
Information and analysis	(202) 691-7705	ppi-info@bls.gov
Contacts for technical in	formation	
Energy and chemicals—Jay	rson Pollock	(202) 691-5085
Agriculture and foods—Ala	aric Brown	(202) 691-7716
Textiles and apparel—Nich	olas Johnson	(202) 691-7870
Nonresidential building co Joseph Kelley	nstruction—	(202) 691-7722
Transportation equipment	—Christopher Anfan	g (202) 691-7696
Electrical machinery—Fred	l Merkel	(202) 691-7872
Metals and metal products	—Thomas Betsock	(202) 691-7737
Retail and wholesale trade-	—Michael Conforti	(202) 691-7728
Healthcare services—John	Lucier	(202) 691-7741
Finance and insurance—De	eanna Bathgate	(202) 691-7693
Real estate and professiona John Marshall	al services—	(202) 691-7838

Data available

- About 3,500 PPIs for specific products, industries, and industry groupings for the new output of approximately 400 industries in the mining and manufacturing sectors
- Nearly 1,100 PPIs for specific outputs of roughly 125 industries in the services sector that do not produce physical products
- Approximately 4,500 commodity-based PPIs, organized by level of fabrication and material composition
- Aggregate measures of price change, organized by stage of processing
- Annual average indexes for all groupings and items

Publications

N	ews	re	lea	se:

Producer Price Indexes	Monthly
Publication of record:	
PPI Detailed Report	Monthly
(available at www.bls.gov/ppi/ppi_dr.htm)	
Summaries:	
Beyond the Numbers: Prices and Spending	Quarterly

U.S. Import and Export Price Indexes www.bls.gov/mxp

The International Price Program measures the average change in prices over time for most imported and exported goods, as well as for selected categories of services. Military goods, works of art, used items, charitable donations, railroad equipment, rebuilt and repaired items, items leased for less than a year, and selected exports (custom-made capital equipment) are excluded.

For general information

Phone and email requests	(202) 691-7101	mxpinfo@bls.gov
Fax requests	(202) 691-7109	

Contacts for technical information

Consumer goods and services—	
Jennifer Coleman	(202) 691-7128
Food and raw materials—	
Kelley Khatchadourian	(202) 691-7186
Machinery—	
Brian Costello	(202) 691-7107

Data available

Price indexes for nearly all categories of merchandise and for selected categories of international services



Publication

News release:

U.S. Import and Export Price Indexes Monthl

Summaries:

Beyond the Numbers: Global Economy	Quarterly
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Consumer Expenditure Survey www.bls.gov/cex

The Consumer Expenditure Survey provides data on the buying habits of U.S. consumers by socioeconomic characteristics. The data are used to update the Consumer Price Index (CPI) market baskets and for research by government, business, labor, and academic analysts. The Consumer Expenditure Survey is the only federal survey that allows users to associate the complete range of consumer expenditures with the income and characteristics of those consumers. The program includes two surveys—the quarterly Interview Survey and the weekly Diary Survey—each with its own questionnaire and sample. Interview data provide information on relatively large or recurring expenditures; diary data offer detailed expenditure information on small, frequently purchased items.

For more information

Information and analysis	(202) 691-6900	cexinfo@bls.gov
Internet—Mark Vendemia	(202) 691-5134	
Microdata—Scott Curtin	(202) 691-6233	

Data available

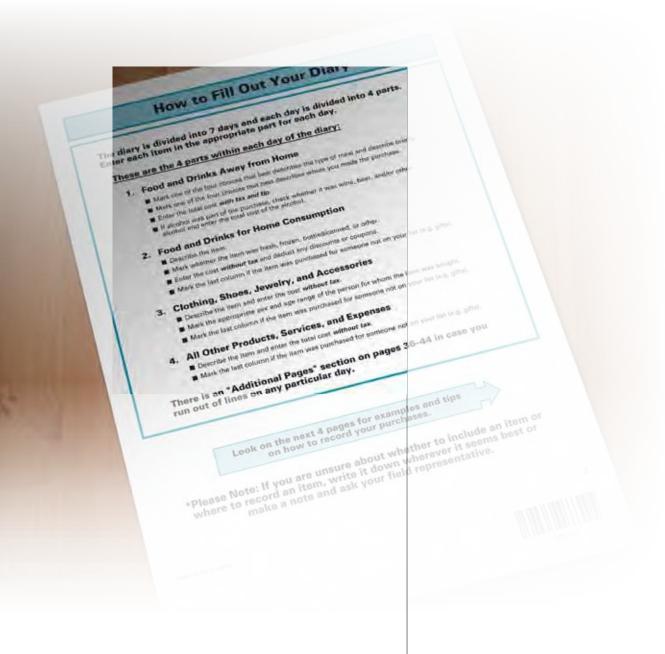
- Annual income and expenditure data integrated from the Interview and Diary Surveys and classified by the income, age, size, and other demographic characteristics of consumer units, starting with 1984
- Midyear integrated expenditure data tables by demographic characteristics and covering 12 months, starting with July 2011 through June 2012

- Annual income and expenditure data from the separate Interview and Diary Surveys, by selected consumer unit characteristics, since 1980
- Public-use microdata on the expenditures, income, and demographic characteristics of consumer units, starting with 1980
- Standard error tables that include annual expenditure means, standard errors, and coefficients of variation (in percent), by various demographic characteristics, starting with 2000

Publications

News release:

Consumer Expenditures	Semiannual
BLS Reports:	
Consumer Expenditures	Annual
Summaries:	
Beyond the Numbers: Prices and Spending	Quarterly
Comparisons of Consumer Expenditure Survey data with selected other sources	Periodically



National Compensation Survey

http://www.bls.gov/ncs

The National Compensation Survey (NCS) is a comprehensive program that provides data on compensation costs and employee benefits.

For more information

Phone and email requests	(202) 691-6199	ncsinfo@bls.gov
Fax requests	(202) 691-6647	

Data available

- Worker characteristics, such as occupational group, full- or part-time status, time or incentive status, and union or nonunion status
- Establishment characteristics, such as industry group and establishment employment size, by broad geographic region (census divisions) and for the nation as a whole



Employment Cost Index

http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect

The Employment Cost Index (ECI) measures change over time in the cost of labor, including the costs of wages and salaries and employee benefits. You can create customized tables of data on employment costs from the NCS Employment Cost Trends webpage.

For more information

Phone and email requests	(202) 691-6199	ncsinfo@bls.gov
Fax requests	(202) 691-6647	

Data available

- Quarterly and annual percent changes in employers' costs for compensation, wages and salaries, and benefits
- Annual percent changes in employers' costs for compensation, and in wages and salaries, for private industry workers in 15 large metropolitan areas

Publications

News release (current data):

Employment Cost Index	Quarterly
Time series data:	
In current dollars	Quarterly
In constant dollars	Quarterly
For continuous occupational and industry series	Quarterly



Others:

Employment Cost Trends

http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm#publications

Employer Costs for Employee Compensation http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect

The Employer Costs for Employee Compensation (ECEC) series provides data on the average costs per hour worked for wages and salaries and for individual benefits. You can create customized tables of data on employment costs from the NCS Employment Cost Trends webpage.

For more information

Phone and email requests	(202) 691-6199	ncsinfo@bls.gov
Fax requests	(202) 691-6647	

Data available

- Employer costs (in dollar amounts) per hour worked for wages and salaries and for individual benefits
- Relative importance (in percentage terms) of individual components of compensation to the total costs of compensation per hour worked

Publications

News release (current data):

Employer Costs for Employee Compensation	Quarterly

Historical series:

Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, 1986–2001	Annual
Employer Costs for Employee Compensation,	
March 2002–present	Quarterly

Others:

http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/home.htm#publications



Benefits

http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs

The benefits section of the NCS provides data on the incidence and detailed provisions of selected employee benefit plans. The data are presented as the percentage of employees who have access to or participate in certain benefits or as average benefit provisions—for example, the average number of paid holidays provided to employees each year. Customized tables can be created by using benefits data from the NCS/Employee Benefits Survey web page.

For more information

Phone and email requests	(202) 691-6199	ncsinfo@bls.gov
Fax requests	(202) 691-6647	

Data available

- Rates of access to, and participation in, life insurance, health insurance, short- and long-term disability insurance, and retirement plans (defined benefit and defined contribution), along with detailed characteristics of each plan
- Rates of access to, and detailed characteristics of, paid holidays and vacations
- Rates of access to jury duty, military leave, employer assistance for childcare, long-term care insurance, flexible worksites, subsidized commuting, stock options, and types of nonproduction bonuses
- · Details of employer-provided health and retirement plans



Publications

Various publications are available from the homepage link http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/home.htm. Also available are summaries with wage and benefit analyses, http://www.bls.gov/opub/btn/.

Employee Benefits in the United States

News releases:

Employee beliefits in the officed states	Amidai
Bulletins:	
National Compensation Survey:	
Employee Benefits in the United States	Annual
National Compensation Survey:	
Employee Benefit Plan Provisions in the United States	Annual
Summaries:	
Beyond the Numbers Pay and Benefits	Periodic

Annual

Wages

http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs

With the enactment of the 2011 federal budget, the Locality Pay Survey portion of the NCS was eliminated. Occupational data by locality will be still available through the Occupational Employment (OES) program.

For more information

Phone and email requests	(202) 691-6199	ncsinfo@bls.gov
Fax requests	(202) 691-6647	



Work stoppages

http://www.bls.gov/wsp

The Work Stoppages program provides data on strikes or lockouts that idle 1,000 or more workers.

For more information

Phone and email	(202) 691-6275	workstoppagesinfo@bls.gov
requests		
	(000) 404 444	

Fax requests (202) 691-6647

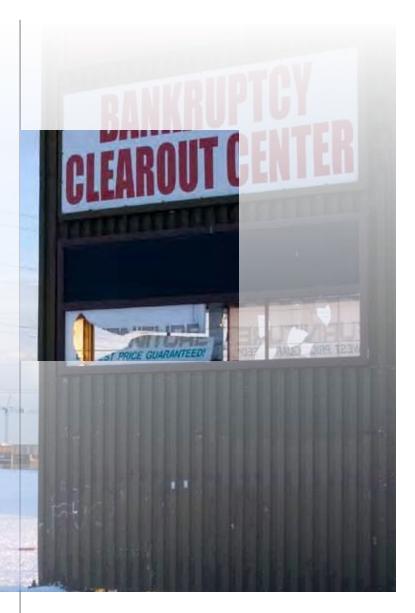
Publications

News releases:

Major Work Stoppages	Annual
Major Work Stoppages: Detailed Monthly Data	Monthly

Other:

http://www.bls.gov/wsp



Occupational injuries, illnesses, and fatalities http://www.bls.gov/iif

The BLS occupational safety and health statistics program has two components: the Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses (SOII) and the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI). Both are federal–state cooperative programs, and data for states that participate in these programs are available directly from those states.

The SOII presents summary data on the numbers and rates of injuries and illnesses, by industry and type of cases. Also within the scope of the SOII are data on the characteristics of more seriously injured and ill workers and the circumstances of their injuries and illnesses, such as the nature of the disabling condition, the part of the body affected, the event or exposure leading to the condition, and the source producing the condition.

The CFOI provides information about workers who have been fatally injured on the job and about the circumstances of the fatal injury. More than 30 separate data elements, including information on the worker, the fatal incident, and the machinery or equipment involved, are reported.

For more information

General information and analysis	
iifstaff@bls.gov	

(202) 691-6170

Data available

SOII Annual Summary

 Incidence rates and numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses in private industry and in state and local government, by establishment size, for the following types of cases: total recordable injury and illness cases, cases with days away from work, cases with job transfer or restriction, other recordable cases, total injury cases, total illness cases, cases of skin diseases or disorders, cases of respiratory conditions, cases of poisoning, cases of hearing loss, and all other cases of illness

SOII Cases and Demographics

- Number and percent distribution of workers who have missed days of work because of occupational injuries and illnesses; these workers are classified by industry, occupation, age, gender, race, length of service, day of event, time of event, hours on the job prior to the event, nature of the injury or illness, part of the body affected, source of the injury or illness, and event or exposure leading to the injury or illness
- Incidence of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work, classified by industry, occupation, age group, gender, nature of the injury or illness, part of the body affected, source of the injury or illness, and event or exposure leading to the injury or illness
- Median number of days away from work due to occupational injuries and illnesses, classified by industry, occupation, age, gender, race, length of service, day of event, time of event, number of hours on the job prior to the event, nature of injury or illness, part of the body affected, source of injury or illness, and event or exposure leading to the injury or illness

- For selected industry subsectors, number and incidence rates for occupational injuries and illnesses with cases of job transfer or restriction for the same categories as the cases with days away from work.
- For selected industry subsectors, median number of days of
 job transfer or restriction due to occupational injuries and
 illnesses, classified by industry, occupation, age, gender,
 race, length of service, day of event, time of event, number
 of hours on the job prior to the event, nature of injury or
 illness, part of the body affected, source of injury or illness,
 and event or exposure leading to the injury or illness

CFOI

- Number and percent distribution of fatal occupational injuries, by industry, occupation, age, gender, race, ethnicity, event or exposure, primary source of the injury, secondary source of the injury, Nature of the injury, part of the body affected, location, worker activity at the time of fatal injury, employee status, birthplace, contractor status, Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA), and state
- Rates of fatal occupational injury, by industry, occupation, age, gender, race, ethnicity, employee status, and state

Publications

News releases:

Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries	Annual
Occupational Injuries and Illnesses	Annual
Occupational Injuries and Illnesses	
by Selected Characteristics	Annual



Other:

Occupational Injuries and Illnesses Classification Manual Issued 1992 Revised for 2007 New version (2.01) 2012

http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshoiics.htm

Major sector labor productivity and costs http://www.bls.gov/lpc

Labor productivity relates output to the labor hours used in the production of that output. Two BLS programs produce labor productivity and cost measures for major sectors and industries of the U.S. economy.

The Major Sector Productivity program publishes quarterly and annual measures of output per hour and unit labor costs, as well as related measures for the U.S. business and nonfarm business sectors; the durable, nondurable, and total manufacturing sectors; and the nonfinancial corporate sector.

For general information

News releases	(202) 691-5606	dprweb@bls.gov
For technical info	ormation	
Labor productivity	and costs	
Analysis and met	hodology—John Glaser	(202) 691-5607
Data—Shawn Sprague		(202) 691-5612
Employment and h	ours	
Nonfarm employ	ees—Shawn Sprague	(202) 691-5612
Other nonfarm and farm employees— John Glaser		(202) 691-5607
Hours-at-work ra	tios—Shawn Sprague	(202) 691-5612

Data available

- Quarterly and annual indexes and percent changes, by sector, for the following measures:
 - Output per hour (labor productivity)
 - Output per job
 - Output
 - Implicit price deflator
 - Hours worked
 - **Employment**
 - Average weekly hours
 - Compensation per hour
 - Real compensation per hour
 - Labor share
 - Unit labor costs
 - Unit nonlabor payments
- Quarterly and annual indexes and percent changes in total unit costs, unit nonlabor costs, and unit profits for the nonfinancial corporate sector
- Levels and percent changes for hours at work, employment, and average weekly hours of all persons, by sector—and related measures of hours-at-work ratios and average weekly hours ratios
- Levels and percent changes for output, compensation, and nonlabor payments, in current dollars
- Levels and percent changes for nonlabor costs and profits for nonfinancial corporations

Publication

News release:

Productivity and Costs	Quarterly (preliminary and revised
	releases each quarter)

Industry labor productivity and costs

http://www.bls.gov/lpc

The Industry Productivity program publishes annual measures of output per hour, unit labor costs, and related series for U.S. industries.

For general information

Phone and email requests	(202) 691-5618	dipsweb@bls.gov
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For technical information

Analysis and methodology—Lisa Usher	(202) 691-5641
Data—	
Mark Dumas	(202) 691-5635
Chris Kask	(202) 691-5647
Victor Torres	(202) 691-5626

Data available

 Annual indexes and percent changes, by industry, for the following measures:

Output per hour (labor productivity)

Output per person

Output

Implicit price deflator for output

Hours

Employment

Labor compensation

Unit labor costs



• Annual levels, by industry, for the following measures:

Employment

Hours

Labor compensation

Value of production

Publications

News releases:

Productivity and Costs by Industry:	
Manufacturing Industries	Annual
Selected Service-Providing and Mining Industries	Annual
Wholesale Trade, Retail Trade, and Food Services and Drinking Places Industries	Annual

Other:

Employment and hours of all persons, by industry	Annual

Major sector multifactor productivity http://www.bls.gov/mfp

Multifactor productivity relates output to a combined set of inputs. Two BLS programs develop multifactor productivity measures for sectors and industries of the U.S. economy.

The Major Sector Productivity program publishes annual measures of output per unit of combined inputs for the private business, private nonfarm business, and manufacturing sectors and for 18 three-digit NAICS manufacturing industries. As part of this work, effects on major sector productivity of research and development and changes in the skill composition of the workforce are estimated annually.

For general information

Phone and email requests	(202) 691–5606	mfpweb@bls.gov
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For technical information

Multifactor productivity for major sectors (annual measures):

Analysis and methodology—Steve Rosenthal	(202) 691-5609
Data—Randy Kinoshita	(202) 691-5610
Multifactor productivity for manufacturing and three-digit NAICS manufacturing industries (KLEMS annual measures):	

Analysis and methodology—Steve Rosenthal	(202) 691-5609
Data—Randy Kinoshita	(202) 691-5610

Capital measurement for major sectors and three–digit NAICS industries:	
Analysis and methodology— Steve Rosenthal	(202) 691-5609
Data—Randy Kinoshita	(202) 691-5610
Labor composition:	
Analysis and methodology— Cindy Zoghi	(202) 691-5680
Data—Ryan Forshay	(202) 691-5617
Hours-at-work ratios:	
Shawn Sprague	(202) 691-5612
Research and development (R&D) stocks:	
Analysis and methodology— Leo Sveikauskas	(202) 691-5677
Data—Bhavani Khandrika	(202) 691-5620

Data available

- Annual indexes of multifactor productivity and output per unit of capital services for the private business, private nonfarm business, and manufacturing sectors
- Annual measures of capital services, composition-adjusted labor services, and combined labor and capital inputs for the private business and private nonfarm business sectors
- Annual multifactor productivity measures for 18 three-digit NAICS manufacturing industries, including measures of labor, capital, energy, materials, and purchased business services inputs

- Annual multifactor productivity measures for nonmanufacturing sectors and nonmanufacturing industries, including measures of labor, capital, energy, materials, and purchased business services inputs
- Annual indexes of output per combined units of labor input and capital services and annual indexes of output per unit of capital services for the total economy

Publications

News releases:

Multifactor Productivity Trends: Private Business		
and Private Nonfarm Business	Annual	
Multifactor Productivity Trends in Manufacturing	Annual	



Industry multifactor productivity

http://www.bls.gov/mfp

The Industry Productivity program publishes annual measures of multifactor productivity for 86 four-digit NAICS manufacturing industries, the air transportation industry, and the line-haul railroad industry.

Phono and amail requests

Phone and email requests	(202) 091-3018	aipsweb@bis.gov
For technical information		
Analysis and methodology—	Lisa Usher	(202) 691-5641
Capital data—Victor Torres		(202) 691-5626
Intermediate purchases data-	—Chris Kask	(202) 691-5647
Multifactor productivity for air transportation and line-haul railroads—Victor	or Torres	(202) 691-5626

(202) 601-5619 dingwoh@blc.gov

Data available

 Annual multifactor productivity measures for 86 four-digit NAICS manufacturing industries, the air transportation industry, and the line-haul railroad industry, including indexes, rates of change, and cost levels and shares for labor, capital, and intermediate purchases

Publication

News release:

Multifactor Productivity Trends for Detailed Industries An	nual
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International Labor Comparisons http://www.bls.gov/ilc

Data available

- Indexes of output per hour, hourly compensation, and unit labor costs in manufacturing, including relative trade-weighted measures
- Relative trends and levels of real gross domestic product per capita, per employed person, and per hour
- Hourly compensation costs for all employees and production workers in manufacturing and submanufacturing industries, including trade-weighted measures for all manufacturing and information on the structure of compensation
- Data on the labor forces, employment, and unemployment in foreign countries, by selected characteristics approximating U.S. concepts
- Indexes and percent changes in consumer prices, unadjusted to U.S. concepts; harmonized indexes of consumer prices

Publications

News releases:

International Comparisons of Manufacturing	
Productivity and Unit Labor Cost Trends	Semiannual
International Comparisons of Hourly	
Compensation Costs in Manufacturing	Annual

Due to reductions in funding, the International Labor Comparisons (ILC) program was eliminated as of June 30, 2013. The final news release of ILC data occurred in May 2013, with publication of 2011 data. Historical data will remain available on the BLS website until further notice. To learn more about the methodology and underlying data used for the program, contact BLS:

Data and information (202) 691-5200 Federal Relay Service (800) 877-8339

Other:

Spotlight on Statistics, "International Labor	
Comparisons"	May 2013
Charting International Labor Comparisons	Annual
Comparative Real Gross Domestic Product	
per Capita and per Employed Person: 17 Countries	Annual
Hourly Compensation Costs in	
22 Submanufacturing Industries	Biannual
Consumer Price Indexes, 16 Countries,	
Unadjusted by BLS	Annual
Comparative Civilian Labor Force Statistics, 10 Countries	Annual
International Unemployment Rates	
and Employment Indexes	Monthly
Consumer Price Indexes, Nine Countries,	
Unadjusted by BLS	Monthly
Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices,	
Eight Countries or Areas	Monthly

International Technical Cooperation www.bls.gov/itc

The BLS Division of International Technical Cooperation (ITC) strengthens international statistical development through technical cooperation activities. For over 65 years, BLS has assisted statistical organizations throughout the world in improving the collection, processing, analysis, dissemination, and use of economic and labor statistics. Fees are charged for seminars, customized training programs, and consultants. Short-term international visitors are welcome.

Customized seminars at BLS

BLS may conduct customized seminars for individuals or groups upon request on topics related to labor statistics. Such seminars may range in duration from a few days to one week. The content of each program is uniquely designed to meet the needs of the participants.

Overseas seminars

BLS may hold overseas seminars on selected topics in labor statistics on request. The cost of overseas seminars depends upon the number of BLS instructors required and the duration of the seminar. Most overseas seminars are 1 week in duration. An overseas seminar may be cost-effective where a number of participants from one country or region needs training in the same subject. Due to the lead-time that is required to plan an overseas seminar, requests for such programs should be submitted to BLS at least 6 months in advance of the desired starting date.

Consultations

BLS also makes available technical experts to serve as consultants overseas, at the request of individual governments or international organizations. The cost of these services includes the expert's salary and benefits for the duration of the consultation, airfare, lodging, meals, and other expenses, as well as an administrative fee. Requests for technical experts should include a clear statement of the purpose of the consultation.

International visitors

Meetings for visitors to BLS are arranged for individuals, as well as for groups of all sizes. The length of a typical visit ranges from one hour to one day. If you are interested in a longer visit, please see the information on customized seminars. Meetings are conducted in English. Non-English speaking visitors must bring their own interpreter. Every visit is unique and is arranged to meet the needs and interests of the visitors.

Please submit an online inquiry to request a customized seminar, an overseas seminar, a consultation, or a visit to BLS.

For more information

Phone and email requests	(202) 691-5666	itcinfo@bls.gov
Fax requests	(202) 691-7900	

Mailing address U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Division of International Technical Cooperation Postal Square Building, Room 2190 2 Massachusetts Avenue NE Washington, DC 20212

Contact information for other Federal data sources

U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, www.uscis.gov(800) 375-5283
U.S. Department of Agriculture, www.usda.gov(202) 720-2791
National Agriculture Statistics Service, www.nass.usda.gov(800) 727-9540
Prices paid by farmers (202) 690-3229
Prices received by farmers (202) 720-8844
Economic Research Service, www.ers.usda.gov(202) 694-5050
Farm sector income
U.S. Department of Commerce, www.commerce.gov(202) 482-2000
U.S. Census Bureau, www.census.gov (301) 763-4636
Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Tabulation, www.census.gov/people/eeotabulation (301) 763-3239
Statistics of U.S. businesses, www.census.gov/csd/susb(301) 763-9112
Disability
Fertility and Family Statistics(301) 763-2416
Foreign trade(301) 763-3041
Housing(301) 763-3237
Foreign Born(301) 763-2411
Income(301) 763-3243
Poverty(301) 763-3213

North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) www.census.gov/eos/www/naics
Retail trade (annual sales and inventories) (301) 763-2747
Retail trade (monthly sales and inventories) (301) 763-2713
Retailers, retail sales(301) 763-2713
Manufacturers' new orders (including durable goods)(301) 763-4832
Manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders(301) 763-4832
Population (301) 763-4636
Bureau of Economic Analysis,
www.bea.gov(202) 606-9900
Corporate profits(202) 606-5564
Federal government, national defense (202) 606-9296
Foreign direct investment(202) 606-9879
Gross domestic product (202) 606-5304
Implicit price deflator(202) 606-5304
National income(202) 606-5304
Personal consumption expenditures(202) 606-9688
Personal income(202) 606-9746
Disposable personal income(202) 606-5301
Savings(202) 606-9748
Merchandise trade(202) 606-9585
National Technical Information Service,
www.ntis.gov/(703) 605-6000
North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) www.ntis.gov/products/naics.aspx
U.S. Department of Defense,
www.defense.gov(703) 571-3343

U.S. Department of Energy, www.energy.gov Energy Information Administration, www.eia.doe.gov					
U.S. Department of Energy, www.energy.gov Energy Information Administration, www.eia.doe.gov					
Energy Information Administration, www.eia.doe.gov	ww.nces.ed.gov(202) 502-7300	Office of Education, Outreach and Assistance (202) 693-8664			
Employment and Training Administration, Www.doleta.gov		Office of Public Disclosure (IRS Form 5500, company financial statement) (202) 693-8673			
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, www.hhs.gov Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Center for Health Statistics, www.cdc.gov/nchs Life expectancy statistics (301) 458-4500 U.S. Department of Justice, www.justice.gov Bureau of Justice Statistics, www.cdol.gov/bjs (202) 307-0765 U.S. Department of Labor, www.dol.gov Public affairs (202) 693-4650 Wage and Hour Division (WHD) (202) 693-0066 Prevailing wages, construction (202) 693-0073 Office of Federal Contract Workforce investment (202) 693-3 U-S. Nepartment of Health and Human Services, Workforce investment (202) 693-3 Workforce investment (202) 693-3 U-S. Nepartment of Prevailing Information Network http://online.onetcenter.org Weekly unemployment insurance claims (202) 693-3 Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, www.dol.gov/oasam/programs/osdbu (202) 693-7 Occupational Information Network http://online.onetcenter.org Weekly unemployment insurance claims (202) 693-3 Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, www.obl.gov/oasam/programs/osdbu (202) 693-7 Occupational Information Network http://online.onetcenter.org Weekly unemployment insurance claims (202) 693-7 Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, www.obl.gov/oasam/programs/osdbu (202) 693-7 Occupational Safety and Health Administration, www.osha.gov Public affairs (202) 693-7 U.S. Department of the Treasury, www.ustreas.gov Internal Revenue Service, www.va.gov (202) 461-7 U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, www.va.gov (202) 461-7	ww.eia.doe.gov(202) 586-8800	Employment and Training Administration, www.doleta.gov(202) 693-2700			
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Center for Health Statistics, www.cdc.gov/nchs Life expectancy statistics		Workforce investment			
Www.hhs.gov Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Center for Health Statistics, www.cdc.gov/nchs Life expectancy statistics (301) 458-4500 U.S. Department of Justice, www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs (202) 307-0765 U.S. Department of Labor, www.dol.gov Public affairs (202) 693-4650 Wage and Hour Division (WHD) (202) 693-0066 Prevailing wages, construction (202) 693-0066 Prevailing wages, services (202) 693-0073 O*Net, the Occupational Information Network http://online.onetcenter.org Weekly unemployment insurance claims (202) 693-3 Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, www.dol.gov/oasam/programs/osdbu (202) 693-7 Occupational Safety and Health Administration, www.osha.gov Public affairs (202) 693-19 U.S. Department of the Treasury, www.ustreas.gov U.S. Department of the Treasury, www.ustreas.gov Internal Revenue Service, www.irs.gov/taxstats (800) 829-19 U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, www.va.gov (202) 461-7 U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, www.us.gov (202) 461-7 U.S. Department of Prevailing wages, services (202) 693-0073 Office of Federal Contract	Department of Health and Human Services	H-1B visas (nonimmigrants) (202) 693-3010			
National Center for Health Statistics, www.cdc.gov/nchs Life expectancy statistics (301) 458-4500 U.S. Department of Justice, www.justice.gov Bureau of Justice Statistics, www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs (202) 307-0765 U.S. Department of Labor, www.dol.gov Public affairs (202) 693-4650 Wage and Hour Division (WHD) (202) 693-0066 Prevailing wages, construction (202) 693-0086 Prevailing wages, services (202) 693-0073 Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, www.dol.gov/oasam/programs/osdbu (202) 693-70 Occupational Safety and Health Administration, www.osha.gov Public affairs (202) 693-10 U.S. Department of Labor, www.ustreas.gov Internal Revenue Service, www.irs.gov/taxstats (800) 829-10 U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, www.va.gov (202) 461-70 U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission,					
Life expectancy statistics (301) 458-4500 U.S. Department of Justice, www.justice.gov Bureau of Justice Statistics, www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs (202) 307-0765 U.S. Department of Labor, www.dol.gov Public affairs (202) 693-4650 Wage and Hour Division (WHD) (202) 693-0067 Family Medical Leave Act (202) 693-0066 Prevailing wages, construction (202) 693-0086 Prevailing wages, services (202) 693-0073 Office of Federal Contract Business Utilization, www.dol.gov/oasam/programs/osdbu (202) 693-7. Occupational Safety and Health Administration, www.osha.gov Public affairs (202) 693-19 Public affairs (202) 693-19 Publications (including OSHA 300 logs) (202) 693-19 U.S. Department of the Treasury, www.ustreas.gov Internal Revenue Service, www.vs.gov/taxstats (800) 829-19 U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, www.vs.gov (202) 461-79 U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission,	ational Center for Health Statistics,	http://online.onetcenter.org Weekly unemployment insurance claims (202) 693-3029			
U.S. Department of Justice, www.justice.gov Bureau of Justice Statistics, www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs (202) 307-0765 U.S. Department of Labor, www.dol.gov Public affairs. (202) 693-4650 Wage and Hour Division (WHD) (202) 693-0067 Family Medical Leave Act (202) 693-0066 Prevailing wages, construction (202) 693-0086 Prevailing wages, services (202) 693-0073 Office of Federal Contract Occupational Safety and Health Administration, www.osha.gov Public affairs. (202) 693-19 Public affairs. (202) 693-19 Public affairs. (202) 693-19 U.S. Department of the Treasury, www.ustreas.gov Internal Revenue Service, www.irs.gov/taxstats (800) 829-19 U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, www.va.gov (202) 461-79 U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission,		Business Utilization,			
Www.justice.gov Bureau of Justice Statistics, www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs (202) 307-0765 U.S. Department of Labor, www.dol.gov Public affairs (202) 693-4650 Wage and Hour Division (WHD) (202) 693-0067 Family Medical Leave Act (202) 693-0066 Prevailing wages, construction (202) 693-0086 Prevailing wages, services (202) 693-0073 Office of Federal Contract Occupational Safety and Health Administration, www.osha.gov Public affairs (202) 693-19 Publications (including OSHA 300 logs) (202) 693-19 U.S. Department of the Treasury, www.ustreas.gov Internal Revenue Service, www.irs.gov/taxstats (800) 829-19 U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, www.va.gov (202) 461-79 U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission,	. Department of Justice,				
Bureau of Justice Statistics, www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs	w.justice.gov				
U.S. Department of Labor, www.dol.gov Public affairs		Public affairs (202) 693-1999			
Www.dol.gov Public affairs	. Department of Labor.	Publications (including OSHA 300 logs) (202) 693-1888			
Wage and Hour Division (WHD). (202) 693-0067 Family Medical Leave Act. (202) 693-0066 Prevailing wages, construction (202) 693-0086 Prevailing wages, services (202) 693-0073 Office of Federal Contract Internal Revenue Service, www.irs.gov/taxstats (800) 829-10 U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, www.va.gov (202) 461-70 U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission,		U.S. Department of the Treasury,			
Family Medical Leave Act	ublic affairs (202) 693-4650	www.ustreas.gov			
Prevailing wages, construction	lage and Hour Division (WHD)(202) 693-0067	•			
Prevailing wages, construction	Family Medical Leave Act (202) 693-0066	-			
Prevailing wages, services	Prevailing wages, construction(202) 693-0086				
Office of Federal Contract (900) 660 A	Prevailing wages, services (202) 693-0073				
Compliance Programs (OFCCP)(800) 397-6251	ompliance Programs (OFCCP)(800) 397-6251	U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, www.eeoc.gov(800) 669-4000			
Office of Labor–Management Standards (OLMS)	ffice of Labor–Management tandards (OLMS) (202) 693-0123				
Office of Workers' Compensation Public affairs (202) 502-20 Programs (OWCP) (202) 693-0031 (202) 693-0031		Public affairs(202) 502-2600			

OTHER AGENCIES, OFFICES, AND ORGANIZATIONS

U.S. Government Printing Office, http://bookstore.gpo.gov(202) 512-1800
Congressional Budget Office, www.cbo.gov(202) 226-2600
Federal Reserve Board, www.federalreserve.gov (202) 452-3206
International Monetary Fund, http://www.imf.org
National Labor Relations Board, www.nlrb.gov(202) 273-1000
Office of Management and Budget, www.whitehouse.gov/OMB Federal Budget Statistics/Economic Report of the President(202) 395-3080
Office of Personnel Management, www.opm.gov(202) 606-1800
Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, www.pbgc.gov(202) 326-4000
Social Security Administration, www.ssa.gov

BLS Internet Addresses Bureau of Labor Statisticswww.bls.gov Division of Information and Marketing Services www.bls.gov/opub/opbinfo.htm BLS regional officeswww.bls.gov/bls/regnhome.htm **Employment and Unemployment** Employment, hours, and earnings by industry: Nationalwww.bls.gov/ces State and areawww.bls.gov/sae National labor force statistics.....www.bls.gov/cps Local area labor force statistics www.bls.gov/lau Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages... www.bls.gov/cew Business Employment Dynamics www.bls.gov/bdm Occupational Employment Statisticswww.bls.gov/oes Mass Layoffswww.bls.gov/mls Longitudinal research www.bls.gov/nls Job Openings and Labor Turnover www.bls.gov/jlt American Time-Use Survey.....www.bls.gov/tus Employment Projections www.bls.gov/emp **Prices and Living Conditions** Consumer Price Indexes.....www.bls.gov/cpi

U.S. Import and Export Price Indexes www.bls.gov/mxp
Consumer Expenditure Survey
Componentian and Working Conditions
Compensation and Working Conditions
National Compensation Surveywww.bls.gov/ncs
Employee benefitswww.bls.gov/ebs
Employment cost trends www.bls.gov/ect
Occupational compensation
Occupational injuries, illnesses, and fatalities \dots www.bls.gov/iif
Work Stoppageswww.bls.gov/wsp
Productivity
Productivity Major sector labor productivitywww.bls.gov/lpc
·
Major sector labor productivitywww.bls.gov/lpc
Major sector labor productivitywww.bls.gov/lpc Industry productivitywww.bls.gov/lpc Multifactor productivitywww.bls.gov/mfp
Major sector labor productivitywww.bls.gov/lpc Industry productivitywww.bls.gov/lpc
Major sector labor productivitywww.bls.gov/lpc Industry productivitywww.bls.gov/lpc Multifactor productivitywww.bls.gov/mfp
Major sector labor productivity

Index

A
Absences from work
Area Wage Survey (see Occupational data, Compensation) 34–3:
Average annual wage
B
Benefits
Business Employment Dynamics
C
Career information for students
Career Outlook
Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI)
Census of Employment and Wages, Quarterly
College graduate job outlook
Compensation, National Survey of
Compensation and Working Conditions
Consumer expenditures
Consumer Price Indexes
CPI Detailed Report
Contingent workers
Covered employment and wages
Current Population Survey10
D
Discouraged workers
Displaced workers
E
Email
Earnings
Economic outlook
Educational attainment
Employee benefits

Employer costs for employee compensation	36
Employment:	
National	14–15
Region, State, and area	14–15, 18–19, 21
Industry	14–15, 21
Occupational	23
Demographic	16–17
Employment and Wages, Quarterly Census of	21
Employment and Earnings	7, 15
Employment Cost Index	35
Employment projections	27
ES-202	21
Establishment data	14–15
Export price indexes	31
F	
Federal agencies	50–52
Flextime and shift work	16–17
Foreign labor statistics	48
Fuels and utilities	28
G	
Gasoline and other motor fuels	28
Н	
Home-based work	
Hours-at-work ratios	
Household data	16–17
1	
Import and export price indexes (IPP)	31
Industry payroll employment:	
National	
State and metropolitan area	14–15

Inflation:
Retail prices
Wholesale prices30
Information and marketing services
Injuries and illnesses
International data:
Compensation costs48
Employment48
Family
GDP
Prices
Productivity42–47
International Technical Cooperation49
J
Job gains/losses22
Job openings25
Job tenure
Job turnover25
L
Labor force:
National
State and metropolitan area
Labor turnover
Layoffs
Library access6
Local area unemployment (LAUS)
Longitudinal research20
M
Multiple jobholders
Marital and family characteristics

Mass layoffs	24
Metropolitan area data:	
Consumer expenditures (select areas)	32
Consumer Price Index	28
Employment	14–15, 18–19
Labor force	18–19
Occupational compensation	23, 34–35
Unemployment	18–19
Minimum wage status, characteristics	16–17
Minority workers	16–17
Monthly Labor Review	6
Multifactor productivity:	
Major industry sectors	44–45
Outputs and inputs	44–45
Multiple jobholders	16–17
N	
National Compensation Survey	34
National Employment Matrix	27
National Longitudinal Surveys	20
North American Industry Classification System	4, 21–22, 25, 46, 50
0	
Obtaining BLS data	3–7
Occupational data:	
Compensation	34–35
Employment	16–19, 23
Employment projections	27
Fatalities	40-41
Illnesses	40-41
Injuries	40–41

Replacement and separation rates	25
Tenure1	6–17
Occupational Outlook Handbook	7, 27
${\it Occupational Outlook Quarterly} \ ({\it now called Career Outlook})$	7, 27
Occupational safety and health, State data on	2–13
Older workers	6–17
P	
Part-time workers	6–17
Producer Price Indexes (PPI)	30
PPI Detailed Report	7, 30
Productivity:	
Industry	43
Multifactor44	-45
Projections	27
Publications	7
R	
Recorded messages	5
Regional offices	9–11
Replacement rates	27
Retail food prices	28
S	
Safety and health statistics40)–41
Separation rates	25
Standard Occupational Classification	23
State data:	
Employment14–15, 18–19, 21	I–23
Labor force	3–19
Unemployment18	3–19
State offices	2–13
Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses40)-41

T	
Tenure	
Time use	26
Turnover	25
U	
Unemployment:	
National	
State	
Metropolitan area	
County	
Demographic	
Union membership	
Unit labor costs	43
V	
Veterans' employment	
W	
Wages	16–17, 19, 21, 23, 38
Weekly and annual earnings	
Women in the labor force	
Work experience	
Work stoppages	39
Working poor	
Υ	
Youths, students, and dropouts	

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