

FROM ITALIANS TO AMERICA.

THE GREAT STATUE OF COLUMBUS TO ADORN NEW-YORK.

Down in the lower part of the city, probably in Bowling Green, there will stand in the course of two years a magnificent monument to Christopher Columbus. Not only will it be a tribute to the memory of the great discoverer, but it will be a tribute from the Italians who have found homes in this country to their adopted land. The plans and designs were chosen at a meeting of prominent Italians of this city held at the Germania Assembly Rooms Monday evening.

The scheme of erecting and presenting this monument originated with the Italian merchants of New-York, and its details have been carried out in a manner that insures an artistic success. "We are not going to give you an eyegore," said Banker Carlo Barsotti yesterday, "such as those that now too frequently disfigure your streets and parks. About a year ago we began to raise the money, and then we asked the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs to appoint a commission of Italian artists and art authorities to select a design and a sculptor for us, and to oversee his work. The Italian home Government entered heartily into our plan, and a commission was appointed that embodied the highest artistic sense of Italy.

"That commission has done its work and it was on its report that our meeting last night acted. Of course, we accepted what the commission recommended without question. By the order of King Humbert there was a public competition. The design submitted by Gaetano Russo, an eminent sculptor of Rome, was accepted. The statue will cost \$20,000. Its height will be 75 feet. The base will be 15 feet square and of Italian granite, and from this will rise a column which will support the statue of Columbus. An Italian genius hovering about a globe, in bronze, is at the foot of the base and on the opposite side will be a bronze group representing America looking upward to the great navigator. Oct. 12, 1892, will be the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America. The monument will be brought here before that on an Italian man-of-war, and will be unveiled with proper pomp and ceremony.

"This monument will be truly a gift of the Italian Americans to America. It is not given by a few men. The biggest subscription has been \$200. Subscriptions have come and are coming in from all the cities in the country. Many of the amounts are ridiculously small, but just as welcome. It is our desire to have every Italian business man in the country contribute. We have raised to date \$5,000 in cash; \$2,000 of this has been sent to our commission in Italy. We also have on hand gifts valued at fully \$7,000, so we have raised \$12,000. The gifts are as good as money, for we have a plan to hold a big fair next Fall. There will be no difficulty in raising the sum wanted. We could raise twice as much did our Commissioners in Italy deem it necessary; but they assure us that the design selected will enable us to make a gift of which we and Americans as well may be proud."

AWAITING THE ARCHBISHOP.

NOTHING LIKELY TO BE DONE IMMEDIATELY IN DR. BURTSSELL'S CASE.

The Rev. Dr. Burtzell still declines to speak for publication on the subject of the Pope's decision holding that he must obey the order of Archbishop Corrigan removing him from the pastorate of the Church of the Epiphany if his superior decides to enforce it. Mgr. Preston, the Vicar General, has said all he has to say on the subject, and is now engaged in preparation for the reception of the Archbishop, who is expected to sail for home next week. The festival of St. Ann, the patroness of Mgr. Preston's church, in East Twelfth Street, will occur on Saturday, July 26, and it will be celebrated with fitting ceremony on the following Sunday. The Archbishop will celebrate a pontifical mass on that day, and the music will be of a very high order.

What the Archbishop may decide to do touching Dr. Burtzell's removal to St. Mary's, Rondout, and the transfer of Dean Prendergast from that rural parish to the big metropolitan Church of the Epiphany, may not be made known until his return, but, whatever he may do, Dr. Burtzell's fellow-priests are generally of the opinion that the latter will make no further opposition or appeal.

"Nobody doubts either Dr. Burtzell's learning or his piety," said one of his clerical friends yesterday to a TIMES reporter, "and this whole trouble is the more to be regretted when it is known that for years the Archbishop, Dr. Burtzell, and Dr. McGlynn were the closest and warmest friends. They were fellow-students at the Propaganda in Rome, and at that time the man who would have predicted that this trouble would ever come between these friends would have been called a lunatic. It may be that the Archbishop acted a little hastily when his authority was defied by Dr. McGlynn and questioned by Dr. Burtzell, but then it must be remembered that obedience is one of the vows a priest takes at his ordination, and it is as binding on him as his other vow of celibacy."

Some of Dr. Burtzell's parishioners were for having some kind of a demonstration when the news of the decision was verified. They thought, as he was known to be a very determined man, that the doctor would refuse to submit, and they wanted to do something to make him feel that they were with him. To this project he himself put an end by calling in a few of his influential parishioners and peremptorily ordering that nothing of the kind be attempted.