

~~GOVERNMENT STATISTICS~~
D. P. W.

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VILLAGE STATISTICS

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EXPLANATORY NOTE.

This is a revision of the "Village Statistics" prepared in 1943 and shows the position on April 1st, 1945.

2. The difference between this book and that of 1943 is that whereas the latter gives particulars of areas owned by Jews and Non-Jews, the present book divides holdings according to :—Arabs

- Jews
- Public (Government, Municipalities and Local Authorities)
- Others (Other than Arabs and Jews)

3. The village names are in accordance with the Administrative Divisions (Amendment) Proclamation, 1945, as published in Palestine Gazette No. 1415 dated June 7th, 1945. Where more than one name appears under the same serial number the following examples explain the system adopted :—

- (a) Where a territorial unit includes two or more administrative units which are not territorially separated from one another and they are of equal importance Sur Bahir and Umm Tuba.
- (b) A unit which includes a Khirbat or previously declared village which is no longer recognised as a separate village entity Beit Kahl (includes Khirbat Jamrura).
- (c) Change of name 'Ein hash Shofet (previously Ji'ara).
- (d) An entity known by two names Khirbat Samah (Eilon).

"A" POPULATION.

The population estimates given in "Village Statistics" show for each inhabited place in Palestine the number of persons, classified by religion at the end of 1944. A summary of the data by sub-districts is given on page 3. In this table the population is further classified in three categories — viz., urban, rural and nomad.

2. The classification of the population according to religion viz., Moslems, Jews, Christians and Others is that used in the censuses and in vital statistics and is socially necessary by reason of the complete jurisdiction enjoyed by religious communities in matters of the personal status of their members. In the current life of Palestine the further distinction between "Arabs", "Jews", and "Others" which may be described as "racial" or "national" has also been found to be necessary. In the absence of basic data, however, statistics of the distribution of the population of each locality according to "race" cannot be compiled, and only a rough estimate of the total population according to the "racial" classification may be given as at the end of 1944 :—

	<i>Settled Population</i>	<i>Total Population</i>
	(Excluding Nomads)	
Arabs	1,112,000	1,179,000
Jews	554,000	554,000
Others	32,000	32,000
TOTAL	1,698,000	1,765,000

3. The classification of the population into "urban", "rural" and "nomadic" is that used in current population statistics. The population considered as "urban" is (a) that of the four large towns (Jerusalem, Tel Aviv, Haifa, Jaffa); (b) that of the *cheflieu* of each sub-district, after which the sub-district is named (Gaza, Beersheba, Ramle, Hebron, Ramallah, Tulkarm, Nablus, Jenin, Nazareth, Beisan, Tiberias and Safad); (c) that of certain Municipalities and local councils, both Arab and Jewish (Petah Tiqva, Lydda, Khan Yunis, Rehovot, Majdal, Bethlehem, Rishon-le-Zion, Hadera, Natanya, Beit Jala, Shafa 'Amr, Affula). The population considered as "rural" is the settled population of all other localities.

The "Nomadic" population is that considered as such by the Census of 1931, which enumerated, by special methods, all the Beduins of the tribes normally resident in the Beersheba Sub-District.

4. The population estimates are prepared as far as possible by taking into consideration municipal, local council and other administrative boundaries. Nevertheless in certain places there is an incomplete correspondence between the areas to which the population figures refer and those to which the land figures refer.

5. The last population census taken in Palestine was that of 1931. Since that year, the population has grown considerably both as a consequence of Jewish immigration and of the high rate of natural increase among all sections of the population. The rapidity of the change in the size of the population and the length of the period elapsed since the census rendered difficult the task of estimating the population. The population estimates published here are the result of a very detailed work conducted by the Department of Statistics, by using all the statistical material available on the subject. They cannot, however, be considered as other than rough estimates which in some instances may ultimately be found to differ even considerably, from the actual figures. The estimates for the whole of Palestine are to be considered as more reliable than those for sub-districts, while the sub-district estimates can, in turn, be considered as more reliable than those of the individual localities.

6. The method of estimating the population figures has been somewhat different from that used in the previous issues of "Village Statistics" and may be briefly described as follows :—

The data have been prepared in three stages : (a) first of all, an estimate of the total number of inhabitants of each religion for the whole of Palestine has been compiled; (b) this total has then been distributed by sub-districts, distinguishing between population of each town and rural population of the sub-district "en bloc"; (c) in the third stage the rural population of each religion in each sub-district has been allocated to each locality.

(a) The estimated *settled* population in the whole of Palestine has been obtained by adding to the *settled* population enumerated *de facto* by the 1931 Census the natural increase and the net *recorded* migratory increase in the period between the census data and the end of 1944. Whilst natural increase records are presumably on the whole fairly complete data on net migratory increase are less reliable. These data are calculated too, as far as possible on a *de facto* basis, by subtracting the recorded departures from Palestine from the recorded arrivals. However, (i) net immigration is the residuum of a vast movement of arrivals and departures. In 1932-44 out of 2,119,732 arrivals and 1,861,510 departures, net recorded immigration was 258,222. In so large a movement account must be taken of the possibility of cumulative errors. (ii) Not all the migratory movements are recorded. It is well known that a considerable movement of illegal immigration occurs across the borders of Palestine. Since 1939 records are kept of illegal immigrants enumerated in ships, arrested, or inferred from reliable evidence, and are included in population estimates. These records are, however, incomplete for 1939-44 and no such records exist for 1932-38.

For the Jewish population it has been possible to correct, to a certain extent, the estimate of population, by taking into consideration detailed estimates by locality prepared by the Jewish Agency and the Food Controller. By compiling all available data a revised conservative *de facto* estimate has been obtained which amounts to 553,600 at the end of 1944 as compared with the unrevised estimate of 528,700 which excluded persons whose arrival in the country had gone unrecorded.

For the Moslem and Christian population it has not been possible to take account of unrecorded movements; but these movements are not considered to be such as to involve very substantial errors in the estimate.

(b) A first and provisional estimate of the population of each religion by sub-district, was obtained by adding to the population enumerated in 1931 the natural increase in the sub-district up to the end of 1944 and by allotting to the sub-district a part of the migratory increase of the whole country. Afterwards, a detailed correction of the provisional estimate data was made in order to allow for the consequences of internal migratory movements between sub-districts (which are not recorded in Palestine). This correction was made as follows :—

i. Birth and death rates for each sub-district (separately for the urban and rural population of each religion) were compiled for the period 1938-44 on the basis of the figures of births and deaths in those years, and of the current estimates of population in the same year. Calculations were made of the ratios existing

between the natality and mortality of the sub-district populations of each religion and the natality and mortality of the corresponding population in the whole of Palestine.

ii. Indices of fertility and of child mortality for each religion and sub-district were calculated, by a method wholly independent of the population estimates and based only on vital statistics.

iii. The indices obtained from (i) above and from (ii) revealed systematic differences. In many instances it was possible to find reliable evidence that these differences were due to under-estimates or over-estimates of the population figures used in the calculation of the indices obtained as in sub-para(i). These figures were therefore corrected. Data compiled by the Food Controller were also used for comparison, account being taken of the fact that in certain sub-districts, and in particular, in non-pointed areas, the figures were considerably exaggerated.

For the Jewish population, data compiled by the Statistical Department of the Jewish Agency have also been employed for further correction of the estimates of the population by sub-district.

(c) The general framework of the population estimates according to religion, sub-district, rural and urban areas being completed, the allocation of population to individual localities was obtained as follows. For each locality a sheet was prepared showing the population figures as at the Census of 1931, the estimates for "Village Statistics" at the end of 1942, the estimates of the Food Controller for the end of 1942 and 1944, and the estimates of Jewish Agency at various dates. On the basis of a detailed comparison of all the figures available, a provisional estimate was reached for each locality. This estimate was finally corrected to adjust the total of the estimates for each locality of the sub-district to the estimate already reached for the whole sub-district. The final estimates were then rounded off to the nearest digit of tens.

7. Estimates of population have been prepared only for the settled population. No reliable data are available for the nomadic population at the end of 1944 as no records of their vital occurrences or migrations are kept. To indicate the order of magnitude of this population, the data of the Census of 1931 have been inserted in the tables. It should, however, be pointed out that these figures may be very far from being representative of the nomadic population in 1944, since the size of this population as a whole has probably been changed by natural increase, migrations and settlement. In addition, the distribution of this population by locality is a very transient one.

"B" AREAS AND OWNERSHIP.

1. The areas and ownership have been extracted from the Tax Distribution Lists, prepared under the provisions of the Rural Property Tax Ordinance, 1942, the Valuation Lists prepared under the Urban Property Tax Ordinance, 1940, and the Commuted Tithe records for Beersheba Sub-District, in the Gaza District.

2. The areas shown as planted with citrus or other fruits do not necessarily represent the total area so planted as they omit certain plantations within urban areas or classified within Category 4 (built-on area or land reserved therefor) of the Schedule to the Rural Property Tax Ordinance.

3. The tax figures are based on the basic rates in force on April 1st 1945, which were as follows :—

I. URBAN PROPERTY TAX :

- (a) House property, including the site, except house property constructed and used solely for an industrial undertaking in which mechanically-driven machinery is used 10% of the net annual value.
- (b) House property constructed and used for the purpose of an industrial undertaking in which mechanically-driven machinery is used 15% -do-
- (c) Land which is not the site of house property 10% -do-

II. RURAL PROPERTY TAX :—

<i>Category</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Basic Tax Mils</i>
1	Citrus (excluding Acre Sub-District)	400 per dunum or part thereof.
2	Citrus (Acre Sub-District)	40 -do-
3	Bananas	560 -do-
4	Village built-on area or land reserved therefor and any area which in the opinion of the Official Valuer is reserved for the erection of buildings	160 per dunum
5	1st Grade Irrigated Land & *1st Grade Fruit Plantation	40 per dunum or part thereof.
6	2nd Grade Irrigated Land & *2nd Grade Fruit Plantation	35 -do-
7	3rd Grade Irrigated Land & *3rd Grade Fruit Plantation	30 -do-
8	1st Grade Ground Crop Land 4th Grade Irrigated Land & *4th Grade Fruit Plantation	25 -do-
9	2nd Grade Ground Crop Land 5th Grade Irrigated Land & *5th Grade Fruit Plantation	20 -do-
10	3rd Grade Ground Crop Land 6th Grade Irrigated Land & *6th Grade Fruit Plantation	18 -do-
11	4th Grade Ground Crop Land 7th Grade Irrigated Land & *7th Grade Fruit Plantation	15 -do-
12	5th Grade Ground Crop Land 8th Grade Irrigated Land & *8th Grade Fruit Plantation	12 -do-
13	6th Grade Ground Crop Land 9th Grade Irrigated Land & *9th Grade Fruit Plantation	8 -do-
14	7th Grade Ground Crop Land & 10th Grade Irrigated Land	4 -do-
15	8th Grade Ground Crop Land	2 -do-
16	Forests planted and indigenous and uncultivable land	NIL
17	Fish Ponds	560 -do-

In addition, house property, used for the purpose of an industrial undertaking in which mechanically-driven machinery is used, is taxed at the rate of 15% of the net annual value.

4. The rates actually payable for the financial year 1945-46 are four times the rates shown above except in the case of land in categories 1 and 2 (citrus).

Land in categories 1 and 2 (citrus) was not taxable for the financial year 1945-46 and therefore the column of "Tax Payable" in the Schedules does not include any tax on citrus. If any tax had been payable on citrus the total tax for 1945-46 would have been £P.964,926.—

5. Under the column "Public" in the statistics has been shown Government-owned properties as well as Municipal-owned properties in the mixed towns of Jerusalem, Haifa, Jaffa, Tiberias and Safad. Municipal and Local Council properties in the towns occupied wholly by Arabs or Jews have been shown under their respective denomination.

*Other than Citrus and Bananas.

VILLAGE STATISTICS - 1945

as at 1.4.45

BEISAN Sub-District (continued)

Serial No.	VILLAGE (Territorial Unit)	POPULATION (in numbers)					URBAN AREAS (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 1-2 CITRUS (in dunums)					CATEGORY 3 BANANAS (in dunums)					CATEGORY 4 BUILT-ON AREA (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 5-8 PLANTATIONS (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 9-13 TAXABLE CEREAL (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 14-15 TAXABLE CEREAL (in dunums)					CATEGORY 16 UNCULTIVABLE (in dunums)					CATEGORY 17 FISH PONDS (in dunums)					GRAND TOTAL (in dunums)						TOTAL TAX PAYABLE (in LP.)							
		Moslems	Jews	Christians	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Roads, Railways etc.	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Roads, Railways, Rivers & Lakes	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total																	
30	Qūmiya	440	=	=	=	440	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	15	=	=	=	=	=	33	=	=	=	=	81	=	=	=	=	4,205	81	=	=	=	4,286	=	=	=	=	=	463	=	8	=	=	=	93	564	=	=	=	=	4,716	81	8	=	93	4,898	52	1	=	=	53
31	Safā, Es	650	=	=	=	650	=	=	=	=	=	=	49	=	=	49	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	7,362	2,445	922	=	=	10,729	87	15	=	=	=	102	100	=	1,381	=	143	1,624	=	14	=	=	14	7,549	2,523	2,303	=	143	12,518	122	46	16	=	184
32	Sākhina, Es and Nir David (Tel 'Amal)	530	=	=	=	530	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	825	3,062	3	=	3,890	260	1,164	47	=	1,471	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	108	=	172	280	=	699	=	699	1,085	4,985	158	=	172	6,400	30	524	2	=	556							
33	Sāmīriya, Es	240	=	10	=	250	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	21	=	=	=	=	=	11	=	=	=	11	2,801	=	824	=	3,625	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	18	=	121	=	77	216	=	=	=	=	2,851	=	945	=	77	3,873	52	=	13	=	65			
34	Sīrīn	620	=	190	=	810	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	113	=	18	=	131	=	413	=	=	=	413	12,426	471	381	=	13,278	2,428	=	107	=	2,535	1,209	6	10,486	=	887	12,088	=	=	=	=	16,589	477	10,992	=	887	28,445	161	5	7	=	173								
35	Taiyiba, Et and Benei Berit (Benei Berit was previously Moledet)	280	=	=	=	280	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	22	25	=	47	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	7,013	8,467	=	15,480	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	92	=	54	=	201	347	=	=	=	=	7,127	8,492	54	=	201	15,874	60	89	=	149					
36	Tell esh Shauk	120	=	=	=	120	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	24	=	=	24	=	=	=	14	40	=	=	54	83	3,052	=	3,085	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	18	=	214	=	290	522	=	=	=	=	65	3,116	214	=	290	3,685	1	10	=	11						
37	Tel Yosef	=	690	=	=	690	=	=	=	=	=	=	282	=	=	282	=	=	=	=	=	=	194	=	=	194	=	12,559	13	=	12,572	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	987	=	=	405	1,392	=	84	=	84	=	15,312	13	=	405	15,730	=	310	1	=	311					
38	Tira, Et and Irgun Borokhov	150	=	=	=	150	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	29	1	=	30	=	56	=	=	=	56	4,326	2,603	298	=	7,227	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	52	=	2,694	=	148	2,894	=	=	=	=	4,463	2,604	2,992	=	148	10,207	44	25	2	=	71				
39	Tirat Tsevi (Ez Zarrā'a)	=	50	=	=	50	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	40	=	40	=	40	=	=	67	=	=	67	=	689	=	689	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	41	=	21	62	=	=	=	=	=	836	41	=	21	898	=	45	=	45				
40	Umm 'Ajra	260	=	=	=	260	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	2,688	1,218	2,334	=	6,240	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	2,708	1,218	2,476	=	41	6,443	44	21	41	=	106	
41	Wādī el Bīra	70	=	=	=	70	=	=	=	=	=	=	25	=	25	=	=	=	=	=	=	514	=	=	514	2,551	=	=	=	2,551	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	5,195	=	=	=	5,195	51	=	=	=	51			
42	Yublā	210	=	=	=	210	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	12	10	=	22	=	37	=	=	37	1,971	1,748	344	=	4,063	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	2,051	1,758	1,174	=	182	5,165	21	17	2	=	40	
43	Zab'a	170	=	=	=	170	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	156	3,256	=	3,412	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	156	3,424	216	=	172	3,968	2	51	=	53	
TOTAL		15,920	7,000	650	20	28,590	561	1	26	=	75	663	396	1,221	=	1,617	307	155	19	=	481	449	1,609	20	=	2,078	8,296	7,679	4,933	=	20,908	135,307	103,200	14,405	179	253,091	7,500	4,498	1,950	5	13,953	6,996	3,934	51,717	=	9,191	71,838	=	2,458	=	2,458	159,812	124,755	73,070	184	9,266	367,087	3,649	3,405	351	5	7,410			

VILLAGE STATISTICS - 1945

as at 1.4.45

JENIN Sub-District (continued)

Serial No.	VILLAGE (Territorial Unit)	POPULATION (in numbers)					URBAN AREAS (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 1-2 CITRUS (in dunums)					CATEGORY 3 BANANAS (in dunums)					CATEGORY 4 BUILT-ON AREA (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 5-8 PLANTATIONS (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 9-13 TAXABLE CEREAL (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 14-15 TAXABLE CEREAL (in dunums)					CATEGORY 16 UNCULTIVABLE (in dunums)						CATEGORY 17 FISH PONDS (in dunums)						GRAND TOTAL (in dunums)						TOTAL TAX PAYABLE (in LP.)				
		Moslems	Jews	Christians	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Roads, Railways, etc.	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Roads, Railways, Rivers & Lakes	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total																
45	Silat edh Dhahr	2,850				2,850											64				64	1,978				1,978	4,577				4,577						174	3,353						9,798				174	9,972	149				149										
46	Silat el Hârithiya	1,860				1,860											80				80	2,534				2,534	1,136				1,136	4	1,434			3,689	54	5,177					5,188		3,689		54	8,931	107				107											
47	Sîr	290				290											10				10	1,908				1,908	3,010				3,010	3,035					3	4,536					12,496				3	12,499	96				96											
48	Sîris	880				880											19				19	1,881				1,881	2,661				2,661	223				5	7,809					8,911		3,677		5	12,593	89				89												
49	Ti'innik	100				100											4				4	452				452	28,761	2,540		31,301					115	506					29,608	2,540			115	32,263	523	46			569													
50	Tilfit	170				170																194				194	2,726				2,726						1,871	1,886					4,791		1,886			6,627	30				30											
51	Umm el Fahm (includes 'Aqqâda and 'Ein Ibrâhim and Khirbat el Buweishât and El Murtafi'a and Lajjûn and Mu'awiya and Musheirifa and Musmus	5,480		60		5,490											128				128	4,332				4,332	44,586				44,586						93	28,196						68,311		8,838		93	77,242	710				710										
52	Umm et Tût	170				170											6				6	132				132	1,705				1,705					2	3,033						1,843		3,031		2	4,876	19				19											
53	Ya'bad (includes Khirbat el Khuljân and Khirbat et Tarim and Khirbat Tûra esh Sharqiya and Nazlat Sheikh Zeid and Khirbat Umm Rihân)	3,480				3,480											92				92	6,035			6	6,035	9,949			9,955										22	21,723					21,622		16,161		22	37,805	324				324								
54	Yâmûn, El	2,520				2,520											58				58	6,636				6,636	11,191				11,191												265	63	2,476				20,033		265		63	20,361	393				393					
55	Zabâbida, Ez	90		780		870											18		5	23	2,506			4	2,510	3,067			3,067															9	6	5,719	127				127													
56	Zalafa	340				340											8			8	65				65	195		2,482	2,677																			22	1,039				22	3,789	26		20		46					
57	Zâwiya	120				120											4			4							26			26																		1	1,066	2				2										
58	Zibda	190				190																1,136				1,136	1,022			1,022																						47			47									
59	Zir'in	1,420				1,420											81				81					20,964	1,633		22,597																								378											
60	Zubûba	560				560											16				16	209				209	13,054			13,054																						218				218								
TOTAL		55,720	=	1,160	=	56,880	*	915	=	98	=	92	1,105	43	=	43	=	=	=	=	1,686	=	=	6	1,692	86,004	=	55	67	86,126	346,672	4,173	11,705	=	362,550	38,299	=	124	=	38,423	228,346	78	114,197	=	2,654	345,275	=	=	=	=	=	701,965	4,251	126,179	73	2,746	835,214	8,451	72	590	4	9,117		

* Includes 50 Moslems in Manshiya.

VILLAGE STATISTICS - 1945

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as at 1.4.45

NABLUS Sub-District

Serial No.	VILLAGE (Territorial Unit)	POPULATION (in numbers)					URBAN AREAS (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 1-2 CITRUS (in dunums)					CATEGORY 3 BANANAS (in dunums)					CATEGORY 4 BUILT-ON AREA (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 5-8 PLANTATIONS (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 9-13 TAXABLE CEREAL (in dunums)					CATEGORIES 14-15 TAXABLE CEREAL (in dunums)					CATEGORY 16 UNCULTIVABLE (in dunums)					CATEGORY 17 FISH PONDS (in dunums)					GRAND TOTAL (in dunums)						TOTAL TAX PAYABLE (in LP.)				
		Moslems	Jews	Christians	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Roads Railways etc.	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Roads, railways, Rivers & Lakes	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total									
		1	'Ammūriya	120			120										6					6					951				951	802				802	1,352				1	1,353					3,111				1	3,112	15				15					
2	'Aqqāba	580		20	600										54					54	1,259				1,259	1,942				1,942	2,342				2,342	2,464				7	2,471					8,061				7	8,068	78				78						
3	'Aqraba (includes Khirbat Fasāyil)	2,060			2,060										161		2			163	3,888				3,888	8,779				8,779	10,953				10,953	116,593		2,500		159	119,252					139,869		2,502		159	142,530	228		1		229						
4	'Asira el Qibliya	410			410										57					57	345				345	1,159				1,159	1,804				1,804	3,069				3	3,072					6,434				3	6,437	46				46						
5	'Asira esh Shamā- liya	2,060			2,060										101					101	4,850				4,850	10,165				10,165	1,600				1,600	13,771				9	13,780					30,487				9	30,496	263				263						
6	'Askar	340			340										47					47	99				99	2,598		100		2,693	132				132	733				3	736				100	3	3,715	41		2		43										
7	'Awtā and Udala	1,470			1,470										180		2			182	30				30	9,037				9,037	369				369	6,505				33	6,538				2	33	16,071				33	16,106	184		1		185					
8	'Azmut	410			410										23					23	343				343	3,259				3,259					7,120				3	7,123					10,745				3	10,748	41				41							
9	Balāta	770			770										25			1	18	95	81				81	1,091				1,091	741				741	1,032				16	1,048			1	13	16	3,000	48		1	1	48										
10	Bāqa	390			390										36					36	645				645	1,680				1,680	58				58	6,578				3	6,581					8,947				3	8,950	80			1	80						
11	Bazzariya	320			320										52					52	357				357	1,393				1,393					2,396				80	2,476					4,198				80	4,278	84				84							
12	Beitā	1,580			1,580										76					76	5,666				5,666	5,840				5,840	1,076				1,076	4,872				12	4,884					17,530				12	17,542	239				239						
13	Beit Dajan (in- cludes Beit Dajan Jiftlik and Khir- bat Furūsh)	750			750										48			6	6	48	918		1,871		2,789	9,513		408		9,921			7,704		7,704	19,170		4,432		6	23,608					29,649		14,421		6	44,076	117		106		223						
14	Beit Furik (includes Khirbat Kafr Beitā)	1,240			1,240										52		1			53	2,645				2,645	7,011				7,011	5,442				5,442	21,506				6	21,512			1		6	36,663				1	6	36,663	198		1		199				
15	Beit Ihā	630			630										40		1			41	762				762	2,072				2,072	1,296				1,296	796				96	892				1	96	5,063				96	5,063	58		1		59					
16	Beit Umrin	860			860										53		1			54	1,442				1,442	5,329				5,329	1,490				1,490	3,772				7	3,779				1	7	12,094				1	7	12,094	104		1		105				
17	Beit Wazan	310			310										22					22	730				730	1,409				1,409	455				455	1,046				49	1,095				49	3,711				49	3,711	42				42						
18	Biddiyā	1,360			1,360										46		1			47	5,088				5,088	2,319				2,319					6,002				10	6,012					13,455		1		10	13,466	186		1		187							
19	Būrin and 'Irāq Būrin	1,200			1,200										102		4			106	1,797				1,797	8,429				8,429	312				312	8,293				159	8,452				4	159	19,096				4	159	19,096	160		1		161				
20	Burqā	2,410		180	2,590										171		2			173	2,446		5		2,451	8,283				8,283					7,285				294	7,579				7	294	18,486				7	18,486	186		1		187						
21	Burūqin (Ibrūqin)	690			690										28					28	3,175				3,175					2,301				2,301	7,119				5	7,124					12,623				5	12,628	111				111							
22	Deir Ballūt	720			720										63					63	508				508	8,488				8,488					10,717				13	10,730					14,776				13	14,789	55				55							
23	Deir el Hatab	370			370										32		1			33	679				679	2,283				2,283	2,889				2,889	5,639				5	5,644				1	5	11,532				1	5	11,532	67		1		68				
24	Deir Istiyā	1,190			1,190										64		1			65	6,373				6,373	2,207		339		2,546				2,546	22,824				6	22,830				340	6	34,164				340	33,818				6	34,164	207		3		210	
25	Deir Sharaf	800			800										70		1			71	391				391	4,334		1		4,335					2,263				130	2,393				2	7,058				2	7,060	69		1		70							
26	Dāmā	310			310										33					33	580				580	831				831	3,245				3,245	12,657				5	12,662					17,346				5	17,351	41				41						
27	'Einābūs	340			340										29					29	539				539	1,878				1,878	229				229	1,333				8	1,341					4,008				3	4,011	50				50						
28	Far'ata	70			70										10					10	56				56					961				961	636				1	637					1,663				1	1,664	7				7							
29	Farkha	380			380										14					14	1,753				1,753	552				552	749				749	2,605				2	2,607					5,673				2	5,675	64				64						
30	Funduq, El	100			100										14					14	43				43	746				746	280				280	509				27	536					1,592				27	1,619	14				14						
31	Ghōr el Fāri'a (Qarāwa el Fauqā and Qarāwa et Tahta and Umm Hureira)	1,670			1,670																104		3		107	11,253		13,409		24,662	3,564		22,536		26,100	186		28,778		638	29,602					15,111		64,726		638	80,475	168		198			866					
32	Hajja	960			960										36					36	1,226				1,226	2,175				2,175	2,870				2,870	6,798				14	6,812					13,105				14	13,119	75				75						
33	Hāris	540			540										21					21	1,545				1,545	1,341				1,341					5,480				4	5,484					8,387				4	8,391	61				61							
34	Huwwāra	1,300			1,300										129					129	607				607	3,153				3,153	1,705				1,705	2,277				111	2,388					7,871				111	7,982	89				89						
35	Ijnisinyā	200			200										30					30	907																																									

VILLAGE STATISTICS - 1945

as at 1.4.45

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BEERSHEBA Sub-District

TOWN and TRIBE	POPULATION (in numbers)					URBAN AREAS (in dunums)										CULTIVABLE LAND (in dunums)					UNCULTIVABLE LAND (in dunums)	HOUSE & LAND TAX (Werko) (in L.P.)					COMMUTED TITHES (in dunums)					GRAND TOTAL																	
	Muslims	Jews	Christians	Others	Total	Arabs		Jews		Public		Others		Roads, etc. Duns	Total		Arabs	Jews	Public	Others		Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	AREA (in dunums)						TAX (in L.P.)															
						Area Duns	Tax L.P.	Area Duns	Tax L.P.	Area Duns	Tax L.P.	Area Duns	Tax L.P.		Area Duns	Tax L.P.												Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Uncultivable	Roads, etc.	Total	Arabs	Jews	Public	Others	Total
'Aujá, El	—	—	—	—	—																																												
Beersheba	5,860	—	200	10	5,570	1,526	1,048	80	29	1,815	490	5	4	464	3,890	1,566																																	
Beit Eshel	—	40	—	—	40																																												
Gevulot	—	20	—	—	20																																												
Jammáma	—	—	—	—	—																																												
Ruhama	—	70	—	—	70																																												
Tel Tsofim	—	20	—	—	20																																												
<i>Tribal Units</i>																																																	
Ahyawát Tribes																																																	
'Azázima Tribes																																																	
Hanájjira Tribes																																																	
Jubárát Tribes	47,980	—	—	—	47,980																																												
Sa'ídiyín Tribes																																																	
Tarábin Tribes																																																	
Tayáhá Tribes																																																	
	53,340	150	200	10	53,700	1,526	1,048	80	29	1,815	490	5	4	464	3,890	1,566	1,984,849	65,151	—	—	2,000,000	10,573,110	606	677	—	—	1,283	8,711	190	—	—	8,901	1,936,375	65,231	1,815	5	10,573,110	464	12,577,000	10,360	896	490	4	11,750					