STANFORD ADVANCED MATERIALS

http://www.samaterials.com

Stanford Advanced Materials
We not only sell products, we provide satisfactions.
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Tel: (949) 407-8904 Fax: (949) 812-6690

Current Version: 2.0
Revision Date: Sep 5, 2012

Material Safety Data Sheet

Identity: Antimony Formula: Sb

SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION

Manufacturer: Stanford Advanced Materials (SAM)

The information below is believed to be accurate and represents the best information available to SAM. However, SAM makes no warranty, expressed or implied with respect to such information and assumes no liability resulting from its use.

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION

Molecular weight: 121.75

CAS #	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	%
7440-36-0	0.5mg/m3	0.5mg/m3	0-100

SECTION III – PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Physical States: Solid

Boiling Point: 1750 °C
Melting Point: 630.50 ℃
Rate: N/A
Solubility in water: Insoluble

Vapor Pressure: (vs. air or mmHg): 1mm at: 886 ℃
Specific gravity(water=1): 6.684 at 25 ℃ Evaporation
Flash Point: N/A

Appearance and odor: Silver-white, lustrous, hard, brittle metal, no odor.

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA:

Method Used: None Flammable *Explosive Limits*: LEL: N/A UEL: N/A

Extinguishing Media: Use suitable extinguishing agent for surrounding material and type of fire

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Firefighters must wear full face, self-contained breathing apparatus with full protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Fumes from fire are hazardous. Isolate runoff to prevent environmental pollution.

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Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:
When heated to decomposition or on contact with acids, antimony may emit toxic fumes of SbH_3, reacts with nascent hydrogen to form SbH_3,; May react violently with NH_4NO_2, halogens, BrN_3, BrF_3, $HClO_3$, ClO, HNO_3, KNO_3, $KMnO_4$, K_2O_2, $NaNO_3$, and oxidant.

SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable
Conditions to Avoid (stability): None
Incompatibility: Oxidizers, acids, nascent hydrogen, halogenated acids or reducing agents

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts: SbH_3
Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur
Conditions to avoid (hazardous polymerization): None

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of entry: Inhalation? Yes Skin? Yes Eyes? Yes Ingestion? Yes Other? No

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure:
Inhalation: May cause red dry throat, coughing, dizziness, headaches
Ingestion: May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, cramps, insomnia, and anorexia
Skin: May cause redness, itching, and burning
Eye: May cause redness, itching, inflammation, burning and watering

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic):
Most antimony compounds are poisons by ingestion, inhalation and intraperitoneal routes. (Sax, Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, eight editions)

Inhalation:
Acute: May cause irritation to nose, throat, mouth, and nasal septal ulceration
Chronic: May cause pneumonitis

Ingestion:
Acute: May cause irritation to the lining of the stomach and intestines
Chronic: None recorded

Skin:
Acute: May cause irritation
Chronic: May cause dermatitis and keratitis

Eye:
Acute: May cause severe irritation
Chronic: May cause conjunctivitis

Target Organs: May affect respiratory system, kidneys and nervous system

Carcinogenicity: NTP? No IARC Monographs? No OSHA Regulated? No

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Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air, keep warm and quiet, and give oxygen if breathing is difficult; seek medical attention

Ingestion: Give 1-2 glasses of milk or water and induce vomiting, seek medical attention. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing, brush material off skin, wash affected area with mild soap and water, and seek medical attention if symptoms persist

Eye: Flush eyes with lukewarm water, lifting upper and lower eyelids for at least 15 minutes and seek medical attention

SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled:

Wear appropriate respiratory and protective equipment specified in section VIII. Isolate spill area, provide ventilation and extinguish sources of ignition. Vacuum up spill using a high efficiency particulate absolute (HEPA) air filter and place in a closed container for proper disposal. Take care not to raise dust.

Waste disposal method:

Dispose of in accordance with state, local, and federal regulations.

Hazard Label Information:

Store in cool, dry area and in tightly sealed container. Wash thoroughly after handling.

SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES

Protective Equipment Summary (Hazard Label Information):

NIOSH approved respirator, impervious chlorinated polyethylene gloves, safety glasses, clothes to prevent contact.

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: To maintain concentration at or below PEL, TLV..
Mechanical (General): Recommended.

Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices:

Implement engineering and work practice controls to reduce and maintain concentration of exposure at low levels. Use good housekeeping and sanitation practices. Do not use tobacco or food in work area. Wash thoroughly before eating or smoking. Do not blow dust off clothing or skin with compressed air.

Please be advised that N/A can either mean Not Applicable or No Data Has Been Established